



Course Code: 02AT31

## VIVEKANANDA COLLEGE, TIRUVEDAKAM WEST

Residential & Autonomous – A Gurukula Institute of Life-Training  
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[Affiliated to Madurai Kamaraj University]

**B.A., Degree (Semester) Examinations, November 2020**

Part – III : Allied Subject : Third Semester : Paper – 1

**Course Title: MODERN GOVERNMENTS – 1**

Under CBCS and OBE – Credit 4

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 75

### SECTION – A

**Answer ALL Questions:**

**(10 X 1 = 10 Marks)**

**Choose the correct answer:**

- In which constitution the method of amendment is very difficult?
  - Written Constitution
  - Unwritten Constitution
  - Flexible Constitution
  - Rigid Constitution
- Which form of government is not suitable for big countries?
  - Parliament
  - presidential
  - federal
  - unitary
- Who presides over the meetings of the Cabinet in England?
  - President
  - Prime Minister
  - speaker
  - opposition leader
- On whose advice the House of Commons may be dissolved by the monarch?
  - Home Minister
  - Prime Minister
  - Speaker
  - opposition leader
- Where did the Money bills can be first introduced in England?
  - House of Lords
  - House of Commons
  - Parliament
  - none of these
- How the bills introduced by the cabinet are called?
  - Public bill
  - private bill
  - government bill
  - money bill
- When the U.S. constitution did come in to force?
  - March 14, 1789
  - march 24. 1789
  - march 4, 1789
  - march 4, 1790
- Who safeguards the rights provided by the Bill of Rights in the U.S.A.?
  - Judiciary
  - executive
  - legislature
  - constitution
- Who presides over the Senate when the President of America is impeached?
  - Chief justice
  - vice president
  - prime minister
  - speaker
- How the members of the American cabinet are called?
  - Secretaries
  - ministers
  - M.L.A.s
  - M.P.s

## SECTION – B

### Answer Any Five Questions:

(5 X 2 = 10 Marks)

11. What is Constitution?
12. What are the kinds of Governments?
13. What are the Organs of a government?
14. What do you mean by Rule of Law?
15. What is Separation of powers?
16. What are the two houses of the American Parliament?
17. What is Judicial Review?

## SECTION – C

### Answer ALL Questions:

(5 X 5 = 25 Marks)

18. a) Explain the merits and demerits of Written Constitution. (OR)  
b) Briefly explain the merits and demerits of Parliamentary form of government.
19. a) Explain how conventions constitute one of the chief characteristics of the British constitution.  
(OR)  
b) Explain the statement that “the King can do no wrong”
20. a) “Once a Speaker, ever a Speaker” – Discuss. (OR)  
b) Explain the Committee stage in the process of law making in Britain.
21. a) State how the American president is removed from office. (OR)  
b) Describe the position of the American Vice-President.
22. a) Mention the differences between the British speaker and the American Speaker. (OR)  
b) Explain the importance of Judicial Review in the American Constitution.

## SECTION – D

### Answer Any Three Questions:

(3 X 10 = 30 Marks)

23. Compare the concepts of Rule of Law and Administrative Law.
24. Describe the Salient features of the British Constitution.
25. Explain the position and powers of the British House of Commons.
26. Describe the Salient features of the American constitution.
27. Explain how a Bill becomes a law in America.

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### B.A. History Degree (Semester) Examinations, November 2020

Part - III: Core Subject: First Semester

Course Title: **HISTORY OF INDIA UPTO 900AD**

Under CBCS and OBE - Credit 4

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 75

#### SECTION – A: Multiple Choice Questions

Answer ALL questions

(10 x 1 =10)

1. The art of Agriculture came in to existence during the  
 a) Neolithic age b) Mesolithic age c) Iron age d) Paleolithic age
2. Epigraphy is the study of \_\_\_\_\_  
 a) coins b) sculpture c) inscriptions d) ancient scripts
3. The Aryans came to India as \_\_\_\_\_  
 a) Invaders b) Immigrants c) Refugees d) Merchants
4. A statue of Bronze dancing girl was found in \_\_\_\_\_  
 a) Kalibangan b) Lothan c) Mohanjodaro d) Harappa
5. The rise of Magadha as the Imperial power began with the rule of \_\_\_\_\_  
 a) Bimbisara b) Ajata Satru c) Sisunga d) Mahapadma
6. Who defeated Selucus Nikator in 305 B.C on the banks of Sindh?  
 a) Asoka b) Chandra Gupta Maurya c) Bimbisara d) Brihadradha
7. Who was instrumental to converting Asoka into Buddhism?  
 a) Upa Gupta b) Deva Gupta c) Sankara d) Chandra Gupta
8. Which was the subject matter of Gandhara Art?  
 a) Lord Buddha b) Lord Mahavira c) Hindu Gods and goddesses d) Lord Krishna
9. Who was the greatest Mathematician of Gupta Age?  
 a) Varahamihira b) Aryabhata c) Brahma gupta d) Upa gupta
10. Who was the donor of Allahabad pillar inscription?  
 a) Asvaghosa b) Chandragupta c) Ravi keerthi d) Samudragupta

#### SECTION – B: Very Short Answer

Answer any FIVE questions

(5 x 2 =10)

11. Refer any four inscriptions that shed light on Ancient India.
12. Mention the places where the relics of Neolithic age found in India.

13. What were the Three Jewels of Mahavira.
14. Mention the names of the four Upavedas.
15. Who were Dharma Mahamatras? What were their duties?
16. When did the Arabs invade Sindh? Who was the Hindu ruler of Sindh at that time?
17. Name any two scholars associated with the Gupta Period.

**SECTION - C: Short Answer**

**Answer ALL questions**

**(5 x 5 =25)**

18. Explain in brief the Neolithic culture of Pre-historic India.

(OR)

Write a Short note on the Vedic literature.

19. Explain the status of women during the Early Vedic period.

(OR)

Describe the main features of the Harappan city.

20. Explain the teachings of Mahavira.

(OR)

Give an account on the invasion of Alexander over India and its results.

21. What were the steps taken by Kanishka for the spread Buddhism?

(OR)

Analyze the significance of Asoka's Dhamma.

22. Estimate the achievements of Chandra Gupta II Vikramaditya.

(OR)

Write about Harshavardana's patronage to Buddhism.

**SECTION – D: Long Answer**

**Answer any THREE questions**

**(3 x 10 =30)**

23. Mention the Archaeological and literary sources to know the History of Ancient India.
24. Explain the Socio-economic and religious condition of the Indus Valley civilization.
25. Narrate the life and teachings of Buddha.
26. Explain the salient features of the Mauryan Administration.
27. Why is the period of the Guptas known as 'Golden Age'?



Course Code: 02CT12

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**B.A., Degree (Semester) Examinations, November 2020**

Part – III : Core Subject : First Semester : Paper – 2

**Course Title: HISTORY OF TAMIL NADU UP TO 1529 A.D.**

Under CBCS and OBE – Credit 4

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 75

### SECTION – A

**Answer ALL Questions:**

**(10 X 1 = 10 Marks)**

**Choose the correct answer:**

- Where did the Roman pottery and gold coins unearthed?  
a) Karur                      b) Mangudi                      c) Mangulam                      d) Arikkamedu
- Which book mentions about the existence of Three Sangams?  
a) Iraiyanar's Agapporul                      b) Tolkappiyam  
c) The Ramayana                      d) Silappathikaram
- Who assumed the title Kuttuvan?  
a) Pandyas                      b) Cholas                      c) Cheras                      d) Pallavas
- Who donated Velvikkudi village to a Brahmin called Korkai Kilan?  
a) Verriver Cheliyan                      b) Aryappadaikadanda Nedunjellian  
c) Ugrapperuvaluthi                      d) Palyagasalai Mudukudumi Peruvaluthi
- Who liberated the Pandya Country from the Kalabhras?  
a) Kadungon                      b) Simhavishnu                      c) Mahendravarman I                      d) Rajasimha II
- Who was the founder of the First Pandyan Empire?  
a) Kadungon                      b) Simhavishnu                      c) Mahendravarman I                      d) Rajasimha II
- In which year the battle of Takkolam took place?  
a) 946 A.D.                      b) 947 A.D.                      c) 948 A.D.                      d) 949 A.D.
- What was the book written by Hieun-Tsang?  
a) Purananuru                      b) Indica                      c) Shi-u-ki                      d) Harshacharita
- In which year Malik Kafur invaded on Ma'bar (Madurai)?  
a) 1311 A.D.                      b) 1321 A.D.                      c) 1131 A.D.                      d) 1141 A.D.
- Who was the father of Kumara Kampana?  
a) Harihara                      b) Bukka                      c) Harsha                      d) Asoka

## SECTION – B

### Answer Any Five Questions:

(5 X 2 = 10 Marks)

11. What is Sangam?
12. List the Seven Minor Chieftains of the Sangam Age.
13. What are the literary sources available to know the history of the Kalabhras?
14. What do you mean by Rajakesari and Parakesari?
15. List the Monolithic Rathas at Mamallapuram.
16. Mention any four Variyams, which were existed during Imperial Chola reign.
17. What is Brahmadeyam?

## SECTION – C

### Answer ALL Questions:

(5 X 5 = 25 Marks)

18. a) Write a short note on Three Sangams of ancient Tamil Country. (OR)  
b) Give an account on Adigaiman of Tagadur.
19. a) Write a short note about Arikesari Parankusa (Kunpandya). (OR)  
b) Shortly explain about Varaguna II.
20. a) Write a note on Pallava-Chalukya conflict. (OR)  
b) Give an account on Hieun-Tsang.
21. a) Write a note on Tanjore Big Temple. (OR)  
b) Write a note on Kudavolai System.
22. a) Give a short note about Jatavarman Kulasekara Pandya I. (OR)  
b) Explain Kumarakampana's expedition to Madurai.

## SECTION – D

### Answer Any Three Questions:

(3 X 10 = 30 Marks)

23. Discuss the Literary Sources available for the study of the History of Sangam Age.
24. Write an essay about the Topographical Division of the Sangam Age.
25. Discuss in elaborate about the contribution of the Pallavas to the Architecture.
26. Explain the administration under the Imperial Cholas.
27. Narrate Malik Kafur's invasion on Ma'bar.

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**B.A. Economics/History Degree (Semester) Examinations, November 2020**

Part - III: Core Subject: Third Semester

Course Title: **HISTORY OF INDIA (A.D. 1707 – 1858)**

Under CBCS and OBE - Credit 5

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 75

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**SECTION –A: Answer all the Questions: Choose the correct answer: 10 X 1 = 10**

1. Who was the First European came to India ?  
a) The French    b) The English    c) The Portuguese    d) The Dutch
2. When was the Battle of Plassey fought?  
a) 1757            b) 1857            c) 1957            d) 1657
3. Who was the first Governor-General of Bengal?  
(a) Cornwallis    (b) Warren Hastings    (c) Robert Clive    (d) Wellesley
4. Who introduced Subsidiary military alliance system in India?  
(a) Warren Hastings    (b) Cornwallis    (c) Robert Clive    (d) Wellesley
5. What is the sacred text of Sikhism?  
a). The Gurdwara.            B).The Guru Granth Sahib.  
C). The Khalsa.                D). The Qur'an.
6. Who was the British Governor General during Third Anglo-Mysore War?  
A. Lord Cornwallis            B. Lord Dalhousie  
C. Lord Warren Hastings      D. Lord Wellesley
7. Which Poligar First opposed the British?  
a) Puli Thevan    b) Maruthu Brothers    c) Kattamomman    d) Tipu
8. In 1800-1801 Rebellion was known as-----  
a) South Indian Rebellion    b) Vellore Mutiny  
c) Sepoy Mutiny                d) French Rebellion

9. By Which Charter Act one lakh was allocated for education?  
(a) Charter Act of 1813 (b) Charter Act of 1833  
(c) Charter Act of 1853 (d) Pitt's India Act
10. Which of the Act made the governor of Bengal as Governor-General of India?  
(a) Charter Act of 1813 (b) Charter Act of 1833  
(c) Charter Act of 1853 (d) Queen's Proclamation of 1858

**SECTION – B : Answer any FIVE of the following in very Short Answer 5 X 2 = 10**

11. What do you know about Dupleix?  
12. Who was known as “The Hero of Arcot”?  
13. Who were Thugs? Who suppress them?  
14. What is meant by female infanticide? Where was it prevailed?  
15. Who is known as the “Father of Indian Railways”-Why?  
16. Why did the Sepoys revolt at Vellore?  
17. What were the provisions of the Charter Act of 1833?

**SECTION – C Answer any FIVE of the following in Short Answer 5 X 5 = 25**

18. What were the causes for the decline of the Portuguese power in India? (OR)

Write an account on the Battle of Plassey.

19. Critically describe the Subsidiary Alliance. (OR)

Define- Doctrine of Lapse

20. Trace the causes for the defeat of Marathas. (OR)

What were the causes and results of second Anglo-Sikh war?

21. Give an account of the Poligars Rebellion. (OR)

Write a short note on Vellore Mutiny of 1806

22. What are the main features of Pitt's India Act? (OR)

Trace the significance of Queen Victoria's Proclamation.

**SECTION – D Answer any THREE of the following in Large Answer**

**3 X 10 = 30**

23. Explain the causes for the success of the English in Carnatic wars.
24. Examine the reforms introduced by Lord Dalhousie.
25. Describe the role played by Haider Ali in the Anglo-Mysore wars.
26. Discuss the causes and results of the Sepoy Mutiny of 1857.
27. What were the main features of the Regulating Act of 1773?

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### B.A. History Degree (Semester) Examinations, November 2020

Part - III: Core Subject: Third Semester

Course Title: **HISTORY OF EUROPE (A.D.1453 – 1789)**

Under CBCS and OBE - Credit 4

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 75

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**SECTION –A Answer all the Questions: Choose the correct answer: 10 X 1 = 10**

1. Who were the pioneers in geographical discoveries?  
a) Spanish b) French c) English d) Portuguese
2. Which was the birth place of "Renaissance"?  
a) Italy b) Germany c) England d) Austria
3. Who was called as the Morning star of Reformation?  
(a) Martin Luther (b) John Wycliff (c) John Calvin (d) Ignatius Loyola
4. Zwingli belonged to -----  
a) Norway (b) Sweden (c) Switzerland (d) Spain
5. When did Netherland get independence?  
a) 1790 b) 1780 c) 1770 d) 1760
6. Which was the last war between the Protestants and Catholics?  
(a) 30 years war (b) 100 years war (c) 7 years war (d) 80 years war
7. Who said "I am the state"?  
a) Frederick b) Louis XIV c) Colbert d) Catherine II
8. What was Catherine II's name at the time of her birth?  
a) Sophia Augusta Frederika b) Maria Theresa  
c) Jane Seymour d) Margaret Tudor
9. Which czar was an admired of Frederick II?  
a) Ivan IV b) Peter III c) Alexander II d) Nicholas I
10. Where was Francis Joseph proclaimed emperor of Austria?  
a) Vienna b) Olmutz c) Budapest d) Paris

**SECTION – B : Answer any FIVE of the following in very Short Answer    5 X 2 = 10**

11. Write a note on Christopher Columbus.
12. Define- Renaissance.
13. What is meant by Counter Reformation?
14. Who was Ignatius Loyala?
15. Why did the Dutch revolt against the Spanish?
16. What is the significance of the Treaty of Westphalia?
17. What is Despotism?

**SECTION – C Answer any THREE of the following in Short Answer    5 X 5 = 25**

18. Give an account on Henry the Navigator. (OR)  
Write a note on Renaissance in Art and Architecture.
19. Write a short note on Martin Luther. (OR)  
Define - The Council of Trent.
20. Trace the causes for the Dutch war of Independence. (OR)  
Write about the Peace of Westphalia.
21. Analyze the main aspects of the Partition of Poland. (OR)  
Describe the achievements of Catherine II of Russia.
22. Point out the causes and results of the Seven Years War.(OR)  
What were the reforms of Joseph II of Austria? Why did they fail?

**SECTION – D Answer any THREE of the following in Large Answer    3 X 10 = 30**

23. Explain the causes and impact of the geographical discoveries.
24. What were the causes and Results of the Renaissance?
25. Describe the causes and results of the Thirty Years War.
26. Examine the Domestic policy of Louis XIV in France.
27. Estimate the internal policy of Frederick the Great of Prussia.



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**B.A. Degree (Semester) Examinations, November 2020**

Part - III: Core Subject: Fifth Semester

Course Title: **HISTORY OF INDIA (FROM 1950-2000 A.D)**

Under CBCS and OBE - Credit 5

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 75

### SECTION – A: Multiple Choice Questions

Answer ALL questions

(10 x 1 =10)

1. When were Dadra, Nagar Haveli and Goa incorporated to Indian union?  
a) 1964 AD b) 1965 AD c) 1966 AD d) 1961 AD
2. Which was the first state formed on linguistic basis in 1953?  
a) Andhra Pradesh b) Rajasthan c) Karnataka d) Tamil Nadu
3. Which country came into existence after Indo-Pak war of 1971?  
a) Nepal b) Bhutan c) Bangladesh d) Burma
4. Who was the first Non-Congress Prime Minister of India?  
a) Morarji Desai b) Atal Bihari Vajpayee c) Charan Singh d) V.P. Singh
5. When did the Assam Accord sign between Rajiv Gandhi and Profullah Kumar Magandha?  
a) 15 August 1985 b) 15 July 1985 c) 20 Febraury 1986 d) 10<sup>th</sup> March 1987
6. Which of the following events took place on 6<sup>th</sup> December 1992?  
a) Babri Mosque Demolition b) Rubia Sayeed Kidnapping  
c) Hijacking of airlines 1c 814 d) Duraisamy Kidnapping
7. Who was appointed as the Chairman of the University Education Commission in 1948?  
a) Dr. Lakshmanaswamy Mudaliyar b) Dr. S. Radhakrishnan  
c) Dr Kothari d) Dr Kulanthaisamy
8. Who is considered as the founding father of space programme in India?  
a) Dr Vikram A Sarabhai b) Dr APJ Abdul kalam  
c) A.S.Kiran kumar d) Nambi Narayanan
9. Where is the headquarters of SAARC located?  
a) Dacca b) New Delhi c) Male d) Kathmandu
10. In which place was the Non-Alignment movement born?  
a) Bandung b) china c) Egypt d) Nepal

## SECTION – B: Very Short Answer

Answer any FIVE questions

(5 x 2 =10)

11. Where is Junagadh? Who was the Nawab of Junagadh at the time of Indian independence?
12. Name the Prime Minister of India, who abolished Privy Purse and when was it abolished?
13. Who introduced the new Economic policy in India? What was the policy adopted?
14. Name the first Satellite launched by the government of India and when was it launched?
15. State the Principles of Pancha Sheel.
16. Name the leaders, who signed “Bus diplomacy” in 1999.
17. When was the U.G.C set up in India? Where is its headquarters?

## SECTION - C: Short Answer

Answer ALL questions

(5 x 5 =25)

18. Point out the recommendations of the States Reorganisation Commission.

(OR)

Write a Short note on the accession of Kashmir with the Indian Union.

19. Explain the features and impact of Green Revolution in India.

(OR)

What were the steps taken by Lal Bahadur Shastri to tackle the food crisis in India?

20. Mention the provisions and features of the Panchayat Raj Act of 1993.

(OR)

State the causes and result of Kargil war of 1986.

21. Assess the features and significance of the National Policy of Education of 1986

(OR)

Write a short note on Achievements of ISRO.

22. List out the ideals and principles of Indian Foreign policy.

(OR)

Describe the causes and results of the Indo-Pakistan war of 1965.

## SECTION – D: Long Answer

Answer any THREE questions

(3 x 10 =30)

23. List out the objectives and achievements of Five Year Plans.
24. ‘Nehru was the Architect of Modern India’. Elucidate.
25. Assess the Internal policy of Rajiv Gandhi.
26. Trace the growth of Science and Technology in India since Independence.
27. Explain the various factors that determine the foreign policy of India.

Course Code: 02CT52



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**B.A. Degree (Semester) Examinations, November 2020**

Part - III: Core Subject: Fifth Semester

Course Title: **HISTORY OF MODERN EUROPE (A.D. 1914 – 1945)**

Under CBCS and OBE - Credit 4

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 75

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**SECTION –A: Answer all the Questions: Choose the correct answer: 10 X 1 = 10**

1. During the First World War Who was the ruler of Germany?  
a) Kaiser William II b) Bismarck c) Woodrow Wilson d) Hitler
2. The headquarters of the League of Nations was situated at  
(a) New York (b) Versailles (c) Paris (d) Geneva
3. The “Sick Man of Europe” was \_\_\_\_\_  
(a) Italy (b) Germany (c) Turkey (d) Japan
4. Who was the Leader of Bolsheviks Revolution?  
a) Lenin b) Bismarck c) Kerensky d) Hitler
5. Who was considered as the “Father of Socialism”?  
a) Karla Marx b) Churchill c) Mussolini d) Hitler
6. What was the name of Mussolini’s secret police ?  
a) O vra b) Gestapo c) Swastika d) Fuhrer
7. How were the followers of Hitler called?  
(a) Brown Shirts (b) Block Shirts (c) Red Shirts (d) Orange Shirts
8. When did World War II begin?  
a) 28 June 1914 b) 11 November 1918  
c) 3 September 1939 d) 1 June 1941
9. Which Country attacked Pearl Harbour in the Second World War?  
(a) Germany (b) Italy (c) China (d) Japan
10. The UN day is celebrated every year on  
(a) 24<sup>th</sup> September (b) 28<sup>th</sup> September (c) 24<sup>th</sup> October (d) 28<sup>th</sup> October

**SECTION – B : Answer any FIVE of the following in very Short Answer 5 X 2 = 10**

11. Who were called the Allies?
12. What are the Organs of League of Nations?
13. What was a “Duma”?

14. What did Musthafa Kemal do for Turkey?
15. What were the four pillars of Fascism?
16. What was Nazism?
17. Why did Japan attack Pearl Harbor?

**SECTION – C** Answer any FIVE of the following in Short Answer **5 X 5 = 25**

18. Write about the Paris Peace Conference. (OR)  
Examine the aims of the League of Nations.
19. Give an account of the Boleshevik Revolution of 1917. (OR)  
Trace the reforms of Mustafa Kamal Pasha.
20. Write a note on the Main Principles of Facism. (OR)  
Give an account the Main Kampf.
21. Bring out the importance of the Locarno Pact of 1925. (OR)  
Write a short note on Munich pact of 1938.
22. Assess the significance of the US entre the Second World War. (OR)  
Write about the International Court of Justice.

**SECTION – D** Answer any THREE of the following in Large Answer **3 X 10 = 30**

23. Explain the causes and results of the First World War.
24. Describe the causes of the Russian Revolution of 1917.
25. Examine the causes of the rise of Hitler and Nazi Party.
26. Narrate the causes for the outbreak of the Second World War.
27. Estimate the works of the UNO for the preservation of world peace.



Course Code: 02CT53

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**B.A. Degree (Semester) Examinations, November 2020**

Part - III: Core Subject: Fifth Semester

Course Title: **HISTORY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY-I**

Under CBCS and OBE - Credit 5

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 75

### SECTION – A: Multiple Choice Questions

Answer ALL questions

(10 x 1 =10)

- Who defined man as a 'Tool making animal'?  
a) Benjamin Franklin b) Thomas Alva Edison c) Charles Darwin d) Louis Leakey
- When did man discover the uses of fire?  
a) Paleolithic Age b) Mesolithic Age c) Neolithic Age d) Bronze Age
- Who gave our 60-second minute and 60-minute hour?  
a) Sumerians b) Egyptians c) Indians d) Hittites
- What do you mean by mummification?  
a) Taxidermy b) Autopsy c) Postmortem d) Embalming the dead
- Who is considered as the Father of Zoology?  
a) Aristarchus b) Aristotle c) Anaximander d) Aristophanes
- Who wrote 'Materia Medica', a book on Medical botany?  
a) Theophrastus b) Pedanius Dioscorides c) Mendel d) Linnaeus
- Who discovered that the earth revolves around itself?  
a) Aryabhata b) Varahamihira c) Brahmagupta d) Baskara II
- Who built a chain of astronomical observatories known as Jantar Mantar??  
a) Aryabhata b) Varahamihira c) Baskara II d) Jaisingh II
- Who was the first to use telescope for astronomical observations?  
a) Copernicus b) Galileo c) Kepler d) Newton
- Who discovered the circulation of blood?  
a) Hippocrates b) Claudius Galen c) William Harvey d) Karl Landsteiner

### SECTION – B: Very Short Answer

Answer any FIVE questions

(5 x 2 =10)

11. Define Science and Technology.
12. Identify Cuneiform and Hieroglyphics.
13. Distinguish Ziggurat and Pyramid.
14. Tell about Apollonius and Aristarchus.
15. Who were Aristotle and Theophrastus?
16. Write about Charaka Samhita and Susruta Samhita.
17. Identify Servetus and Bruno and their place in modern science.

### SECTION - C: Short Answer

Answer ALL questions

(5 x 5 =25)

18. Tell about Trepanning.  
(OR)  
List the major inventions of Neolithic age.
19. Describe the Indus Town Plan.  
(OR)  
List the scientific achievements of Ancient China.
20. Give a brief account on Thales.  
(OR)  
Write about the Alexandrian Library.
21. Explain the Vedanga Jyotisha and Siddhantha Jyotisha.  
(OR)  
Describe the condition of Veterinary Science in Ancient India.
22. Mention the scientific achievements of Leonardo da Vinci.  
(OR)  
Describe the life and work of Andreus Vesalius.

### SECTION – D: Long Answer

Answer any THREE questions

(3 x 10 =30)

23. Explain the importance of Tool making by early humans.
24. Describe the invention of wheel and its impact on mechanics.
25. Tell about the medical views of Hippocrates.
26. Assess the work of Aryabhatta, Varahamihira, Baskara I and Baskara II.
27. Explain Geocentric and Heliocentric theories and the dispute that went between them.



## VIVEKANANDA COLLEGE, TIRUVEDAKAM WEST

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### B.A. Degree (Semester) Examinations, November 2020

Part - III: Core Subject: Fifth Semester

Course Title: **PRINCIPLES OF TOURISM**

Under CBCS and OBE - Credit 5

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 75

#### SECTION – A: Multiple Choice Questions

Answer ALL questions

(10 x 1 =10)

- Who were the first pleasure travelers of the world?  
a) Greeks b) Romans c) French d) Americans
- Which of the following transport helped in the evolution of Mass Tourism?  
a) Automobile b) Railways c) Steam Ship d) Airplane
- Which is the longest Indian National Highway?  
a) NH 5 b) NH 7 c) NH 44 d) NH 48
- Who is considered as the Father of Indian Civil Aviation?  
a) Henry Piquet c) J.R.D. Tata d) Prem Mathur d) Biju Patnaik
- On which date the World Tourism Day is celebrated?  
a) January 1 b) May 30 c) September 27 d) December 25
- Who is considered as the first travel agent?  
a) Thomas Cook b) Thomas Hardy c) Thomas Jefferson d) Thomas Moore
- What is H-1B Visa?  
a) Work permit c) Immigrant Visa issued by the USA  
b) Landing permit d) Temporary Worker Visa issued by the USA
- Who are eligible to get the Dependent Visa?  
a) Fiancé b) Fiancée c) Spouse and Children d) Parents
- For what reasons Tourism is recognized as an industry?  
a) Generates employment c) Foreign exchange earner  
b) Preserves local crafts d) For all the above reasons
- Point out the ecological benefit of Tourism?  
a) Conservation of natural areas b) Pollution c) Deforestation d) Hunting

**SECTION – B: Very Short Answer**

**Answer any FIVE questions**

**(5 x 2 =10)**

11. Define Tour and Travel.
12. Tell apart - Outing and Picnic.
13. Name two of the high speed trains of India.
14. Where one can see house boats in India?
15. Identify TTDC and ITDC.
16. Mention two of the travel documents required to travel overseas.
17. What do you mean by hand luggage and cabin luggage in air travel?

**SECTION - C: Short Answer**

**Answer ALL questions**

**(5 x 5 =25)**

18. Describe the travels of Marco Polo.  
(OR)  
Give a brief account on Hiuen Tsang.
19. List the cultural attractions of Tourism.  
(OR)  
Mention the natural attractions of Tourism.
20. Write about WTO and its function.  
(OR)  
Explain the role of PATA in the promotion of Tourism.
21. Explain the India Customs Baggage Regulations.  
(OR)  
Examine the various kinds of travel literature.
22. Give an account on Space Tourism.  
(OR)  
What are the adverse effects of Tourism?

**SECTION – D: Long Answer**

**Answer any THREE questions**

**(3 x 10 =30)**

23. Explain the six types of tour with suitable examples.
24. Classify the Hotel Industry into various types.
25. What is a Travel Agency? Explain its functions
26. Explain Visa and Permit.
27. Bring out the socio-cultural and economic benefits of Tourism.



Course Code: 02EP51

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**B.A. Degree (Semester) Examinations, November 2020**

Part - III: Elective Subject: Fifth Semester

Course Title: **CULTURAL-HERITAGE & ECO TOURISM**

Under CBCS and OBE - Credit 5

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 75

### SECTION – A: Multiple Choice Questions

Answer ALL questions

(10 x 1 =10)

- What makes India incredible in the eyes of the world?  
a) oldest civilization still in existence                      c) a potential super power  
b) larger and second most populated nation              d) a land of unity in diversity
- In which of the following does the expression 'Atithi Devo Bhava' found?  
a) Mandukya Upanishad   b) Taittiriya Upanishad   c) Bhagavad Gita   d) Hamsa Gita
- Where do you find the Shiva lingam formed of ice?  
a) Amarnath   b) Badrinath   c) Kedarnath   d) Somnath
- Where one can see the concentration of 863 Jain temples atop a hill in India?  
a) Mt. Abu   b) Kalugumalai   c) Shraavanabelagola   d) Shatrunjaya Hill
- Which Indian fort is guarded by the Malik-i-Maidan, the largest 55 ton heavy canon?  
a) Agra Fort   b) Bijapur Fort   c) Chittor Fort   d) Golkonda Fort
- Where is the Bibi-ka-Maqbara, the resemblance of the Taj Mahal, located?  
a) Allahabad   b) Aurangabad   c) Hyderabad   d) Secunderabad
- Which is the only place where the Asiatic lions can be seen in the wild?  
a) Anshi   b) Gir   c) Kanha   d) Manas
- Where is the flamingo city, the largest nesting ground of flamingo birds in India?  
a) Chilka lake   b) Rann of Kutch   c) Point Calimere   d) Pulicat lake
- When is the night viewing of Taj Mahal allowed?  
a) all nights                      c) on full moon night  
b) never allowed              d) before, on and after full moon
- Which one of the following hill stations does not have Mountain Railway?  
a) Simla   b) Darjeeling   c) Ooty   d) Mt. Abu

### SECTION – B: Very Short Answer

Answer any FIVE questions

(5 x 2 =10)

11. Define Cultural Tourism and Eco Tourism.
12. Mention two of the Varanasi Ghats.
13. Tell about Natyanjali and Thyagaraja Aradhana.
14. Name two places in India where traditional wooden toys are made.
15. Identify White Tiger and Golden Langur.
16. What makes Kanyakumari a scenic spot?
17. Where are the Shalimar Gardens and the Valley of flowers located?

### SECTION - C: Short Answer

Answer ALL questions

(5 x 5 =25)

18. Explain the 'Incredible India' campaign.  
(OR)  
Identify the 'Atithi Devo Bhava' campaign.
19. Mention the twelve Jyotirlinga Shrines.  
(OR)  
Write about the Char Dhams or border shrines of India.
20. Describe the classical dance forms of India.  
(OR)  
Write about the Indian cuisine.
21. Describe the Marine National Parks of India.  
(OR)  
Mention the popular water bird sanctuaries of India.
22. List out the beaches of Goa.  
(OR)  
Describe the grandeur of Jog Falls.

### SECTION – D: Long Answer

Answer any THREE questions

(3 x 10 =30)

23. 'India is a land for all season and all reason' - Explain.
24. Give an account of the Buddhist Pilgrim centers located in India.
25. Describe the most popular and colourful among the festivals of India.
26. Tell about five of the tiger reserves most visited by tourists in India.
27. Describe five of the most popular hill stations of India.



Course Code: 02NE11

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**B.A./B.Sc./B.Com./B.Com.(CA) Degree (Semester) Examinations, November 2020**

Part – IV : NME : First Semester : Paper – I

**Course Title: HISTORY FOR COMPETITIVE EXAMINATIONS**

Under CBCS – Credit 2

Time: 2 Hours

Max. Marks: 75

### SECTION – A

**Answer ALL Questions:**

**(10 X 1 = 10 Marks)**

**Choose the correct answer:**

- Who has written the famous work “Historica”?  
a) Hieun Tsang      b) Megasthanes      c) Herodotus      d) Fahin
- Who advocated the theory that Central Asia was original home of Aryan people?  
a) B. G.Tilak      b) Max-Muller      c) V. A. Smith      d) Krishna Shastri
- Who presided over the fourth Buddhist Council at Kundalavana in Kashmir?  
a) Vasumitra      b) Asvagosha      c) Fahien      d) Hiuen Tsang
- Who is known as Indian Napoleon?  
a) Chandra Gupta I      b) Kumara Gupta      c) Ashoka      d) Samudra Gupta
- Who is called the Prince of Builders?  
a) Shahjahan      b) Akbar      c) Humayun      d) Aurangzeb
- What is Khalsa during Mughal reign?  
a) Land belonging to the Temples      b) Land belonging to Emperor  
c) Land belonging to the Muslims      d) Land belonging to the Hindus
- Who propounded the following statement – “I shall make men of all the four castes in to lions and destroy the Mughals”?  
a) Guru Naank      b) Guru Arjun Singh      c) Guru Tej Bahadur      d) Guru Govind Singh
- In which year Bengal was partitioned?  
a) 1901      b) 1903      c) 1905      d) 1907
- Who started the Modern Local Self Government in India?  
a) Wavell      b) Willingdon      c) Linlithgow      d) Ripon
- Who gave the slogan “Dilli Chalo”?  
a) Subash Chandra Bose      b) Muhammed Ali Jinnah  
c) Mahatma Gandhi      d) Jawaharlal Nehru

## SECTION – B

### Answer Any Five Questions:

(5 X 2 = 10 Marks)

11. Name any four Peaks of Himalayas located in India.
12. List the four Vedas.
13. What are the four Noble Truths of Buddha?
14. List the foreign travelers who visited India during the ancient period.
15. What were the four dynasties ruled India during the reign of Delhi Sultanate.
16. List out any four Social reformers of India.
17. Write any four freedom fighters of Tamil Nadu.

## SECTION – C

### Answer ALL Questions:

(3 X 9 = 27 Marks)

18. a) Write a note on Mohenjo-daro. (OR)  
b) Give an account on the Teachings of Mahavira.
19. a) Give a brief account on Alexander's invasion. (OR)  
b) Write about the First Battle of Panipat.
20. a) What are the causes, course and the results of the First Carnatic War? (OR)  
b) Briefly explain about the First Mysore War.

## SECTION – D

### Answer Any TWO Questions:

(2 X 14 = 28 Marks)

21. Write an essay about the life and teachings of Buddha.
22. Enumerate the causes and results of the rising of 1857.
23. Discuss the life and achievements of Chatrapathi Shivaji.
24. Elaborate the role of Mahatma Gandhiji in the Indian Independence Movement.

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### B.A. History Degree (Semester) Examinations, November 2020

Part - IV: SBS Subject: Third Semester

Course Title: **TEMPLE ARCHITECTURE IN TAMILNADU**

Under CBCS and OBE - Credit 2

Time: 2 Hours

Max. Marks: 75

### SECTION – A: Multiple Choice Questions

Answer ALL questions

(10 x 1 =10)

1. In 2005, a brick temple dating back to the late Sangam period was discovered near \_\_\_\_\_  
 (a) Saluvan Kuppam (b) Kalugumalai (c) Arittapatty (d) Mangulam
2. The “Kadampa” tree is said to be the abode of  
 (a) Murugan (b) Shiva (c) Vishnu (d) Ganapathy
3. Among the Pancha Pandava Rathas (monolithic Rathas) which one is completed?  
 (a) Arjuna Ratha (b) Draupathi Ratha (c) Bhima Ratha (d) Dharmaraja Ratha
4. Which is the earliest Rock cut cave temple built by first Pandiyas?  
 (a) Pillaiyar Patti cave temple (b) Tirukolakkudi Cave temple  
 (c) Malaiyadikurichi cave temple (d) Tirupparan Kundram Cave Temple
5. The two Vishnu Cave Temple at Namakkal - one dedicated to Ranganatha and the other to Narasimha were excavated by \_\_\_\_\_  
 (a) Athiya King Gunasilan (b) Sendan (c) Maravarman (d) Mahendravarman I
6. A very fine Temple complex known as “Muvar Kovil” at Kodumbalur was built by \_\_\_\_\_  
 (a) Bhuti Vikrama Kesari (b) Sundara Cholan (c) Kulottunga I (d) Rajaraja I
7. Which is the tallest Raja Gopuram built by the Nayaks of Madurai?  
 (a) South Raja Gopuram of Sri Meenakshi Temple  
 (b) Srivilliputtur Andal Temple  
 (c) Tirukostiyur Temple  
 (d) Hazara Ramasamy Temple
8. Which was the first Ashtanga Vimana built by the Pallavas of Kanchi?  
 (a) Vaikunda Perumal Temple, Kanchi  
 (b) Mukteshvara Temple, Kanchi  
 (c) Matungeswara Temple, Kanchi  
 (d) Kailasanatha Temple of Kanchi
9. The Kalyanna Mandapam is the characteristic features of the \_\_\_\_\_

- (a) Pallava Architecture      (b) Chola Architecture  
(c) Vijayanagar Architecture      (d) Pandiya Architecture

10. Who built Pudumandapam in Madurai?

- (a) Rani Mangammal      (b) Tirumalai Nayak  
(c) Chockkanatha Nayaka      (d) Rani Meenakshi

**SECTION – B: Very Short Answer**

**Answer any FIVE questions**

**(5 x 2 =10)**

11. Where in Tamil Nadu Megalithic Monuments are located?  
12. List out the various types of Vimanas.  
13. Mention the first Astanga Vimana built by the Pallavas of Kanchi? What is its feature?  
14. Mention any two of the features of Pallava cave temple.  
15. Name the parts of a Vimana structure.  
16. Mention any two of the characteristics of Vijayanagar Architecture.  
17. Who built the Tiruppankundram cave temple? When was it built?

**SECTION - C: Short Answer**

**Answer ALL questions**

**(3 x 9 =27)**

18. Describe the features of Vettuvan Koil at Kalugumalai.

(OR)

Give an account on Hero Stones or Memorial Stones

19. Explain the features of the Airavateswara temple, Dharasuram.

(OR)

Describe the features of Vijayanagar Architecture

20. Explain the features of Monolithic Rathas of Mahabhalipuram

(OR)

Explain the special features of Kailasanatha Temple of Kanchi

**SECTION – D: Long Answer**

**Answer any TWO questions**

**(2 x 14 =28)**

21. Estimate the contribution of Pallavas to the development of Temple Architecture.  
22. Assess the contribution of Pandiyas to the development of Temples Architecture in Tamil Nadu  
23. Analyze the architectural features of Pragadeshwara Temple, Tanjavur.  
24. Estimate the role of Nayaks to the development of Temple architecture in Tamil Nadu.



Course Code: 02SB51

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**B.A., Degree (Semester) Examinations, November 2020**

Part – IV : SBS: Fifth Semester : Paper – I

**Course Title: FUNDAMENTALS OF COMPUTER**

Under CBCS – Credit 2

Time: 2 Hours

Max. Marks: 75

### SECTION – A

**Answer ALL Questions:**

**(10 X 1 = 10 Marks)**

**Choose the correct answer:**

- The word Computer is derived from
  - Latin
  - German
  - French
  - Arabic
- Who is the Father of Computer?
  - Allen Turing
  - Charles Babbage
  - Simur Cray
  - Augusta Adaming
- Who is the Father of Personal Computer (PC)?
  - Edward Robert
  - Allen Turing
  - Charles Babbage
  - Simur Cray
- You organize files by shorting them in
  - Archives
  - Folder
  - Indexes
  - List
- RAM stands for
  - Random Origin Money
  - Random Only Memory
  - Read Only Memory
  - Random Access Memory
- Which of the following is also known as brain of computer?
  - Control Unit
  - Central Processing Unit
  - Arithmetic and Language Unit
  - Monitor
- Which of the following is not a computer language?
  - MS-Excel
  - BASIC
  - COBOL
  - C++
- A computer can't 'boot' if it does not have the
  - Compiler
  - Loader
  - Operating System
  - Assembler
- The first Web Browser is
  - Mosaic
  - Netscape
  - Internet Explorer
  - Collabra
- The common name for the crime of stealing passwords is
  - Jacking
  - Identity theft
  - Spoofing
  - Hacking

## SECTION – B

### Answer Any Five Questions:

(5 X 2 = 10 Marks)

11. What is Computer?
12. List the input devices of a Computer.
13. List any four Operating System (OS).
14. Mention different types of computers.
15. List out any four Computer Languages.
16. Write any four-search engine that you know.
17. Expand MOOC and SWAYAM.

## SECTION – C

### Answer ALL Questions:

(3 X 9 = 27 Marks)

18. a) What are the Features of Computer? (OR)  
b) Write a short note on the Storage Devices?
19. a) Write a short note about Lady Ada (first computer programmer). (OR)  
b) Explain in brief about the Operating System (OS).
20. a) Briefly explain about Cyber ethics. (OR)  
b) Explain the prevention strategies for internet addiction.

## SECTION – D

### Answer Any TWO Questions:

(2 X 14 = 28 Marks)

21. Write an essay about the uses of Computer.
22. Discuss various types of Computer.
23. Write an Essay about the Generations of Computer.
24. Discuss in detail about the uses of internet.

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