


VIVEKANANDA COLLEGE, TIRUVEDAKAM WEST

(Autonomous & Residential)

[Affiliated to Madurai Kamaraj University]

B.A. Economics Degree (Semester) Examinations, November 2017

Part – III : Allied Subject : Third Semester : Paper – I

HISTORY OF INDIA (AD 1707 - 1858)

Under CBCS – Credit 4

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 75

SECTION – A
Answer ALL Questions:

(10 × 1 = 10)

- The resistance from Arab traders was completely crushed by the Portuguese under
a) Albuquerque b) De almeida c) Pestado d) Minoda Gunha
- Who introduced the Ryotiwari system in Madras Presidency?
a) Sir Thomas Munro b) Lord Cornwallis
c) Lord Hastings d) Lord Wellesley
- The Treaty of Madras between Mysore and the British East India Company was signed in the year.
a) 1759 b) 1769 c) 1779 d) 1789
- Kattabomman was the Poligar of
a) Panchalankurichi b) Madurai
c) Nagappattinam d) Chenkottai
- Pitts' India Act was passed in the year
a) 1754 b) 1764 c) 1784 d) 1794
- _____ discovered the Cape of Good Hope in 1487.
- Who was instrumental in the passing of the Widow Remarriage Act of 1856 _____?
- The first Anglo-Maratha war ended with the Treaty of Surat signed in the year _____.
- _____ recaptured Delhi during the Sepoy mating of 1857.
- Madras University was established in the year _____.

SECTION – B
Answer ALL Questions:

(5 × 7 = 35)

- a) Write a note on the Blue water policy of Portuguese.

(OR)

- b) Bring out the causes for the Carnatic Wars.

- a) Give an account of the Permanent Land Revenue Settlement of Cornwallis. (OR)

- b) Write a note on the Subsidiary Alliance of Lord Wellesley.

- a) Trace the causes for the Anglo-Maratha Wars.

(OR)

- b) Bring out the impact of Anglo – Mysore Wars.

- a) Give an account of Poligar Rebellion.

(OR)

- b) Narrate the causes for Vellore Mutiny of 1806.

- a) Give an account of Regulating Act of 1773.

(OR)

- b) Bring out the importance of Charter Act of 1833.

SECTION – C
Answer any THREE Questions:

(3 × 10 = 30)

- Analyze the causes for the Advent of Europeans in India.
- Discuss the social reforms introduced by William Bentinck.
- Write an essay on the Carnatic Wars.
- Describe the causes for the Sepoy Mutiny of 1857.
- Point out the Constitutional Changes from 1773 to 1858 A.D.




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B.A. History Degree (Semester) Examinations, November 2017

Part – III : Allied Subject : Third Semester : Paper – I

MODERN GOVERNMENTS - I

Under CBCS – Credit 5

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 75

SECTION – A
Answer ALL Questions:

(10 × 1 = 10)

- The English word 'Constitution' is derived from _____.
a) Greek b) French c) Latin d) German
- _____ was the first prime minister of England.
a) Cromwell b) Henry c) Churchill d) Robert Walpole
- The term *Whig* was originally short for "whiggamore", a term meaning "_____".
a) Cattle driver b) Truck Driver
c) Team Leader d) Hair wig
- If both the US President and the Vice President died, the _____ would succeed as the new President
a) Chairman of the Senate b) Speaker of the HOR
c) Chief Justice d) Senior Cabinet Minister
- The tenure of office of the members of the House of Representative is _____ years.
a) 2 b) 3 c) 4 d) 5
- _____ is the country where administrative Law is in practice.
- _____ is the nominal head of the state in England.
- _____ elected members are in House of Commons of UK.
- _____ times the US constitution has been amended so far.
- _____ is the President of the Senate of the United States.

SECTION – B
Answer ALL Questions:

(5 × 7 = 35)

- a) Explain the merits and demerits of the Written Constitution.
(OR)
b) Explain the merits and demerits of the Presidential form of Government.
- a) Describe the constitutional powers of the Monarch in Britain.
(OR)
b) Explain how conventions continue one of the chief characteristics of the British Constitution.
- a) "once a Speaker, ever a Speaker" – Discuss.
(OR)
b) Describe the composition of the House of Lords of U.K.
- a) State how the US President is removed from office.
(OR)
b) Explain the pocket Veto power of President of USA.
- a) Explain the relationship between the House of Representatives and the Senate of USA.
(OR)
b) Explain the importance of Judicial Review in the American Constitution.

SECTION – C
Answer any THREE Questions:

(3 × 10 = 30)

- Compare the features of the Unitary and Federal forms of Government and write their Merits and Demerits.
- Describe the salient features of the British Constitution.
- Describe the position and powers of the House of Commons of U.K.
- Describe the salient features of the USA Constitution.
- Explain how a bill becomes a law in USA.





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B.A. History Degree (Semester) Examinations, November 2017

Part – III : Core Subject : First Semester : Paper – I

HISTORY OF INDIA (UPTO 900 AD)

Under CBCS – Credit 4

Time: **3 Hours**

Max. Marks: **75**

SECTION – A

Answer ALL Questions :

(10 × 1 = 10)

- Name the book written by Kalidasa.
 - Arthashastra
 - Indica
 - Rajatarangini
 - Harsha Charita
- What is Chalcolithic age?
 - Metal age
 - Old stone age
 - New stone age
 - Small stone age
- Which script was used by Indus Valley Civilization?
 - Grantha
 - Kharosthi
 - Devanagari
 - Pictographic
- What was the original home of the Aryans?
 - Central India
 - Central Asia
 - Central Europe
 - Central America
- Where did Buddha give his first sermon?
 - Saranath
 - Gaya
 - Lumbini
 - Kundagrama
- The holy book of Jains _____.
- The capital of Mauryas _____.
- The fourth Buddhist council was convened at _____.
- The Pallava ruler captured and freed by Samudra Gupta was _____.
- During the year _____ Arabs conquered Sindh.

SECTION – B

Answer ALL Questions :

(5 × 7 = 35)

- a) Numismatics.

(OR)

 b) Neolithic age.
- a) Town planning of Indus valley civilization.

(OR)

 b) Religious conditions of the Later Vedic age.
- a) Causes for the spread of Buddhism.

(OR)

 b) Alexander's invasion of India and its impact.
- a) Asoka the great.

(OR)

 b) Gandhara School of art.
- a) Downfall of Guptas.

(OR)

 b) Effects of the Arab conquest of Sindh.

SECTION – C

Answer any THREE Questions :

(3 × 10 = 30)

- How far literary sources are useful to trace out History of India?
- Describe the salient features of the Indus Valley Civilization.
- Discuss the contribution of Jainism to Indian culture.
- Write an essay on the salient features of Mauryan Administration.
- Discuss the achievements of Samudra Gupta.




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B.A. History Degree (Semester) Examinations, November 2017

Part – III : Core Subject : First Semester : Paper – II

HISTORY OF TAMILNADU (UPTO 1529 AD)

Under CBCS – Credit 4

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 75

SECTION – A
Answer ALL Questions:

(10 × 1 = 10)

- Which inscription mentions a league of Tamil States?
a) Pallankoil b) Uttramerur c) Hathigumpa d) Velukkudi
- Kallanai was constructed across the river _____.
a) Krishna b) Godavari c) Mahanadhi d) Kaveri
- Name the founder of the First Pandyan Empire
a) Maravarman b) Kadungon c) Sendan d) Kochchadayan
- Which of the following is the flag of the Cholas?
a) Fish b) Tiger c) Garland d) Bow & Arrow
- Who were the founders of Dravidian architecture?
a) Cholas b) Pandyas c) Pallavas d) Kalabryas
- The title ‘Vatapi Kondan’ denotes _____.
- The inscription of _____ begins with ‘Meykirti Tirumagal pola’.
- _____ inscription mention about the Local self Government under the Cholas.
- _____ mentions about Kumara kampara’s expedition.
- _____ invasion gave a death blow to the Second Pandyan Empire.

SECTION – B
Answer ALL Questions:

(5 × 7 = 35)

- a) Epigraphy. (OR)
b) Cheran Senguttuvan.
- a) Position of women during the sangam Age. (OR)
b) Kalabha Interregnum.
- a) Mahendravarman I. (OR)
b) Monolithic Rathas of Narshimma varma I.
- a) Later Cholas. (OR)
b) Gangaikonda cholapuram.
- a) Malik Kafur’s invasion of Madurai. (OR)
b) Kumara Kampara’s invasion of Tamil country.

SECTION – C
Answer any THREE Questions:

(3 × 10 = 30)

- Describe the political condition of the sangam age.
- Discuss the role of First Pandyas in the History of Tamilnadu.
- Trace the various theories regarding the origin of Pallavas.
- Write an essay on the salient features of Chola Administration.
- List out the effects of Muslim invasion on Tamil country.




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B.A. History Degree (Semester) Examinations, November 2017

Part – III : Core Subject : Third Semester : Paper – I

HISTORY OF INDIA (AD 1707 - 1858)

Under CBCS – Credit 4

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 75

SECTION – A
Answer ALL Questions:

(10 × 1 = 10)

- The resistance from Arab traders was completely crushed by the Portuguese under
a) Albuquerque b) De almeida c) Pestado d) Minoda Gunha
- Who introduced the Ryotiwari system in Madras Presidency?
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- _____ recaptured Delhi during the Sepoy mating of 1857.
- Madras University was established in the year _____.

SECTION – B
Answer ALL Questions:

(5 × 7 = 35)

- a) Write a note on the Blue water policy of Portuguese.

(OR)

- b) Bring out the causes for the Carnatic Wars.

- a) Give an account of the Permanent Land Revenue Settlement of Cornwallis. (OR)

- b) Write a note on the Subsidiary Alliance of Lord Wellesley.

- a) Trace the causes for the Anglo-Maratha Wars.

(OR)

- b) Bring out the impact of Anglo – Mysore Wars.

- a) Give an account of Poligar Rebellion.

(OR)

- b) Narrate the causes for Vellore Mutiny of 1806.

- a) Give an account of Regulating Act of 1773.

(OR)

- b) Bring out the importance of Charter Act of 1833.

SECTION – C
Answer any THREE Questions:

(3 × 10 = 30)

- Analyze the causes for the Advent of Europeans in India.
- Discuss the social reforms introduced by William Bentinck.
- Write an essay on the Carnatic Wars.
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- Point out the Constitutional Changes from 1773 to 1858 A.D.





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B.A. History Degree (Semester) Examinations, November 2017

Part – III : Core Subject : Third Semester : Paper – II

HISTORY OF EUROPE (AD 1453 - 1789)

Under CBCS – Credit 4

Time: **3 Hours**

Max. Marks: **75**

SECTION – A

Answer ALL Questions:

(10 × 1 = 10)

1. What is the modern name of Constantinople?
a) Berlin b) Paris c) Rome d) Istanbul
2. Johannes Tetzel was from _____ order.
a) Dominican b) Franciscan c) Jesuit d) Silesian
3. The Dutch got independence from _____.
a) Spain b) France c) England d) Portugal
4. Peter the Great got apprentice training in a shipyard in _____.
a) Britain b) Japan c) Germany d) Holland
5. Frederic the Great followed _____ religious order.
a) Catholic b) Lutheran c) Anglican d) Calvinist
6. The author of 'Divine Comedy' is _____.
7. The Society of Jesus was founded by _____.
8. Mother of Marie Antoinette _____.
9. Reign of _____ is considered as the longest recorded of any monarch of a sovereign country in European history.
10. _____ was the Holy Roman Emperor who was the son of Empress Maria Theresa.

SECTION – B

Answer ALL Questions:

(5 × 7 = 35)

11. a) What were the economic effects of the fall of Constantinople?
(OR)
b) Write a short note on the social impact of the fall of Constantinople?
12. a) Write about the Reformation in Switzerland.
(OR)
b) Describe the War of Three Henrys.
13. a) Write about the Peace of Westphalia.
(OR)
b) Elucidate the Swedish intervention in the Thirty Years War.
14. a) Narrate the Divine right theory of Louis XIV.
(OR)
b) Describe the enlightened absolutism of Frederick of Prussia.
15. a) Describe the First Partition of Poland.
(OR)
b) Write a short note on the 1782 Edict of Tolerance of Joseph II.

SECTION – C

Answer any THREE Questions:

(3 × 10 = 30)

16. Discuss the causes for the Geographical Discoveries.
17. Describe the counter-Reformation in Europe.
18. What were the causes of Dutch war of Independence?
19. Examine the financial reforms of Jean Colbert in France.
20. Examine the domestic reforms of Frederick the Great.





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B.A. History Degree (Semester) Examinations, November 2017

Part – III : Core Subject : Fifth Semester : Paper – I

HISTORY OF INDIA (AD 1950-2000)

Under CBCS – Credit 5

Time: **3 Hours**

Max. Marks: **75**

SECTION – A

Answer ALL Questions: **(10 × 1 = 10)**

1. Which of the following Princely state refused to join the Indian Union?
a) Hyderabad b) Travancore c) Jaipur d) Mysore
2. “*Jai jawan! Jai Kissan!*” was the slogan of the Prime Minister
a) Jawaharlal Nehru b) Lal Bagadur Sastri
c) Indra Gandhi d) Morarji Desai
3. The New Education Policy was introduced in the year
a) 1966 b) 1986 c) 1992 d) 1995
4. Operation Blackboard aims at strengthening the
a) Primary Education b) Secondary Education
c) Higher Education d) Adult Education
5. The Mandal Commission aimed at providing the reservation of
a) SC & ST b) Women
c) Economically poor d) OBC
6. _____ is the first state formed on the basis of linguistic organization of states in India.
7. _____ is the first non-Congress Prime Minister of India.
8. _____ is the first Indian Satellite.
9. _____ was the treaty signed at the end of the Indo-Pak war in 1971.
10. _____ is the place where the first nuclear test took place.

SECTION – B

Answer ALL Questions: **(5 × 7 = 35)**
(Each answer should not exceed TWO pages)

11. a) Linguistic Reorganization of States.
(OR)
b) Green Revolution.
12. a) Nationalization of Banks.
(OR)
b) Operation Blue Star.
13. a) Mudaliar Commission on Secondary Education of 1952.
(OR)
b) Three tier system of Panchayat raj.
14. a) Indian Space Research Organization.
(OR)
b) Nuclear Power Plants in India.
15. a) *Panch Sheel* principles.
(OR)
b) *Katchatheevu* issue.

SECTION – C

Answer any THREE Questions: **(3 × 10 = 30)**

16. Analyze the role of Sardar Vallabhai Patel in the integration of Indian States.
17. “Jawaharlal Nehru is the Architect of modern India”-Discuss.
18. Explain the development of science and technology in Independent India.
19. Analyze the impact of liberalization, privatization, and globalization on Indian economy.
20. Assess the important features of India’s foreign policy.





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B.A. History Degree (Semester) Examinations, November 2017
Part – III : Core Subject : Fifth Semester : Paper – II

HISTORY OF EUROPE (AD 1914-1945)

Under CBCS – Credit 5

Time: **3 Hours**

Max. Marks: **75**

SECTION – A

Answer ALL Questions: **(10 × 1 = 10)**

1. The Austrian Crown Prince assassinated in Serbia was
 - a) Francis De Lesseps b) Francis Ferdinand
 - c) Francis Duke d) Francis Bacon
2. The Bolshevik Party in Russia was headed by
 - a) Karl Marx b) Tsar Nicolas c) Lenin d) Engels
3. Which among the following journal was edited by Mussolini
 - a) New Italy b) Iskra c) Avanti d) Risorgimento
4. Blitzkrieg means
 - a) Lightening war b) Tranch warfare
 - c) Submarine Warfare d) Guerilla warfare
5. The United Nations Organisation's main deliberative body is
 - a) The General Assembly b) The Secretariat
 - c) The Security Council d) The Trust ship Council
6. League of Nation's headquarters situated at _____.
7. Operation Barbarossa means _____.
8. Japan attacked the Pearl Harbour in the year _____.
9. _____ are the two super powers that emerged after the Second World War.
10. Expand the term-CTBT _____.

SECTION – B

Answer ALL Questions: **(5 × 7 = 35)**

11. a) Write a note on the Paris Peace Conference.
(OR)
 - b) State the reasons for the failure of the League of Nations.
12. a) Narrate the events led to the Russian Revolution of 1917.
(OR)
 - b) Assess the domestic reforms of Mustapha KamalPasha.
13. a) State the political ideologies of the Nazism.
(OR)
 - b) How did Benito Mussolini establish the Fascist rule in Italy?
14. a) Explain the Hitler's aggressive foreign policy.
(OR)
 - b) Mention the provisions of the Locarno Treaty of 1925.
15. a) Write the reasons for the victory of the Allies in the Second World War.
(OR)
 - b) describe the important functions of organs of the United Nations Organization.

SECTION – C

Answer any THREE Questions: **(3 × 10 = 30)**

16. Describe the causes and results of the First World War.
17. Assess the role of Lenin in the Bolsheviks Revolution of 1925.
18. Review the domestic and foreign policy of Fascist Italy.
19. How far the treaty of Versailles responsible for the Second World War?
20. What are the major achievements of the UNO?





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B.A. History Degree (Semester) Examinations, November 2017
Part – III : Core Subject : Fifth Semester : Paper – III

HISTORY OF SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY - I

Under CBCS – Credit 5

Time: **3 Hours**

Max. Marks: **75**

SECTION – A

Answer ALL Questions:

(10 × 1 = 10)

1. The wheel was the invention of _____ Civilization.
a) Sumerian b) Greek c) Chinese d) Roman
2. The Sumerian Calendar was based on
a) 28 days a month b) 7 days a week
c) 365 days a week d) 24 hours a day
3. The author of the book “Natural History”
a) Herotous b) Ptolemy c) Galen d) Pliny the elder
4. The father of the Western Medicine
a) Louis Pasteur b) Edward Jenner
c) Hippocrates d) Galen
5. Ptolemy’s famous work
a) Amagest b) Vedanga Jyotisha
c) Surya Siddanthika d) Mysterium Cosmographicum
6. Alchemy is _____.
7. The largest pyramid in Egypt is _____.
8. The father of modern Geometry is _____.
9. The rust free Iron Pillar in India is located at _____.
10. Ayurveda means _____.

SECTION – B

Answer ALL Questions:

(5 × 7 = 35)

11. a) Distinguish the terms-Science and Technology.
(OR)
b) Describe the Town Planning system of Indus Valley Civilization.
12. a) Write a note on Ziggurat Temple of Sumerian.
(OR)
b) Describe the Pyramids of Egypt.
13. a) Explain the civil engineering (Roads) system of Ancient Romans.
(OR)
b) What was the contribution of Pythagoras in the field of geometry?
14. a) Write a note on works of Aryabhatta in Indian astronomy.
(OR)
b) Explain the works of Charaka and Susruta in the field of medicine
15. a) Explain the Ptolemy model (Geo-Centric) of planetary motion.
(OR)
b) Write a note on the theory of Circulation of blood.

SECTION – C

Answer any THREE Questions:

(3 × 10 = 30)

16. Describe impact of agriculture on early human society.
17. Bring out the discovery and impact of metal on human society.
18. Give an account of Aristotle and his contribution in science.
19. Write in detail the contribution of Indians to mathematical sciences.
20. Examine the astronomical developments during the Renaissance period.




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B.A. History Degree (Semester) Examinations, November 2017

Part – III : Core Subject : Fifth Semester : Paper – IV

PRINCIPLES OF TOURISM

Under CBCS – Credit 5

 Time: **3 Hours**

 Max. Marks: **75**
SECTION – A
Answer ALL Questions:
(10 × 1 = 10)

1. The first travellers in the world were _____.
 a) Greeks b) Romans c) Indians d) Chinese
2. Travel through the silk route to India in the ancient period was mainly to _____.
 a) visit religious site b) Acquire wealth
 c) spread religion d) promote trade
3. Visiting family and friends is regarded as _____.
 a) convention tourism b) ethnic tourism
 c) recreational d) educational tourism
4. Floating hotels are located on the _____.
 a) surface of the water b) flats or apartments
 c) Hills d) Forest
5. The environmentalists strongly oppose _____.
 a) recreational tourism b) incentive tourism
 c) cultural d) mass tourism
6. Tourism is an industry without _____.
7. The first tour was organised by _____ (Agent).
8. The _____ chain in the largest hotel in public sector of ITDC.
9. WTO was formed in the year _____.
10. Expand TAAI: _____.

SECTION – B
Answer ALL Questions:
(5 × 7 = 35)

11. a) Mention the various types of travel.
 (OR)
 b) Describe the travels of Marco Polo.
12. a) Mention the important modes of transport.
 (OR)
 b) Describe the natural attractions of Tourism.
13. a) Portray the life of Thomas Cook, the First Travel Agent.
 (OR)
 b) Identify the role of PATA in the promotion of Tourism.
14. a) Explain the travel documents required to travel overseas.
 (OR)
 b) What are the information available on a Tourist map and Brochure?
15. a) Describe the Adventure and Sport Tourism.
 (OR)
 b) Explain the Medical Tourism and Mystical Tourism.

SECTION – C
Answer any THREE Questions:
(3 × 10 = 30)

16. Trace the history of travel and tours through the ages.
17. Explain the role of Indian Railways in the promotion of Tour and Travel.
18. Write about the ITDC and its role in the development of Tourism.
19. Explain the qualification and functions of a tourist Guide.
20. Bring out the socio, cultural benefits of Tourism.




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B.A. History Degree (Semester) Examinations, November 2017

Part – III : Elective Subject : Fifth Semester : Paper – I

CULTURAL – HERITAGE & ECO TOURISM

Under CBCS – Credit 5

 Time: **3** Hours

 Max. Marks: **75**
SECTION – A
Answer ALL Questions:
(10 × 1 = 10)

- Kayaking in Chennai is an example for _____.
 a) incentive Tourism b) Adventure Tourism
 c) Cultural Tourism d) Convention Tourism
- Sittanavasal is famous for its _____.
 a) Fresco Painting b) Sculpture
 c) Viharas d) Megalithic burials
- Which one of the following is not a classical dance _____.
 a) Yakshagana b) Mohiniattam c) Kuchupidi d) Manipuri
- The first musician to receive the Bharat Ratna award _____.
 a) Rani Backliwal b) M.S. Subbu lakshmi
 c) Begom Akhtar d) Ravi Sankar
- Mahabalipuram is famous for _____.
 a) Rathas b) Stupa c) Shore temple d) Painting
- Kailasanatha temple located at _____
- Sun temple is situated at _____
- _____ is the biggest festival of Kerala.
- _____ is the biggest fair of Rajasthan.
- The largest Tiger Reserve Nagarjunasagar Srisailem is located in _____

SECTION – B
Answer ALL Questions:
(5 × 7 = 35)

- Define Cultural Tourism.
 (OR)
 b) Write about the special tourist trains run by the Indian Railways.
- Give an account of the Buddhist pilgrim centres in India
 (OR)
 b) Describe the Christian Churches of Goa.
- Write about the Indian Cuisine.
 (OR)
 b) Mention a few of the Indian handicrafts popular with Tourists.
- Write about four of the most popular museums of India.
 (OR)
 b) Describe the Underwater Tourism in Andaman.
- Describe the Mangrove forests of Pichavaram.
 (OR)
 b) Give an account on the boat houses of Dal lake and Alappuzha.

SECTION – C
Answer any THREE Questions:
(3 × 10 = 30)

- 'India is a land for all season and all reason' – Explain.
- Write about four Dams (or) border shrines of India.
- Write about the important festivals celebrated in India.
- Explain the wildlife Tourism as found in India.
- Describe the most popular hill stations of India.




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B.A./B.Sc. Degree (Semester) Examinations, November 2017

Part – IV : NME Subject : First Semester : Paper – I

HISTORY FOR COMPETITIVE EXAMINATIONS

Under CBCS – Credit 2

Time: 2 Hours

Max. Marks: 75

SECTION – A
Answer ALL Questions:

(10 × 1 = 10)

- Which Veda has been divided in to Ten Mandalas and 1028 hymns?
a) Rig Veda b) Yajur Veda c) Sama Veda d) Atharva Veda
- Which ancient university accommodated about 10,000 students and 1500 teachers?
a) Kasi b) Nalanda c) Takshesila d) Ujjain
- Who presided over the fourth Buddhist Council at Kundalavana in Kashmir?
a) Vasumitra b) Asvagosha c) Fahien d) Hiuen Tsang
- What was the original name of Nurjahan?
a) Mehr-un-nisa b) Sultana Salima Begum
c) Ladli Begum d) Mumtaz Mahal
- Who propounded the following statement – “I shall make men of all the four castes in to lions and destroy the Mughals”?
a) Guru Naank b) Guru Arjun Singh
c) Guru Tej Bahadur d) Guru Govind Singh
- The East India company of England got permission to trade in India during the period of _____.
a) _____
b) _____
c) _____
d) _____
- “The war of Indian Independence” was written by _____.
- The first Individual Satyagrahi was _____.
- The first women president of Indian National congress was _____.
- India was given independence by _____.

SECTION – B
Answer ALL Questions:

(4 × 10 = 40)

- a) List out the literary sources which help us to know the history of India. (OR)
b) Write a note on Town Planning of the Indus Valley Civilization.
- a) Explain the teachings of Mahavira. (OR)
b) Give an account about the Buddhist Councils.
- a) Write a short note on the First Battle of Panipat. (OR)
b) What are the causes and results of the Second Mysore war?
- a) Give a brief note on Doctrine of Lapse. (OR)
b) Write about B. G. Tilak.

SECTION – C
Answer any TWO Questions:

(2 × 12½ = 25)

- Write an essay about the Himalayan Mountains.
- Explain the life and teachings of Buddha.
- Discuss the achievements of Asoka the great and his contribution for the spread of Buddhism.




VIVEKANANDA COLLEGE, TIRUVEDAKAM WEST

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B.A. History Degree (Semester) Examinations, November 2017

Part – IV : Skill Based Subject : Third Semester : Paper – I

TEMPLE ARCHITECTURE IN TAMILNADU

Under CBCS – Credit 2

Time: 2 Hours

Max. Marks: 75

SECTION – A
Answer ALL Questions:

(10 × 1 = 10)

- During the sangam period the temples are called as _____.
a) Kottams b) Chaityas c) Viharas d) Pallipadai
- The Kadamba tree is said to be the abode of _____.
a) Murugan b) Siva c) Vishnu d) Goddess Lakshmi
- Kalugumalai Vettuvankoil was built by _____.
a) Pandyas b) Cholas c) Pallavas d) Muttaraiyas
- The Monolithic Rathas at Mamallapuram was built by _____.
a) Mahendravarman I b) Narasimhavarman I
c) Rajasimha d) Nandivarman II Pallavamallah
- The height of the Vimana of Brihadeeswara Temple is _____.
a) 56m b) 66m c) 72m d) 86m
- Who built Jalakandeswara temple at Vellore?
- Which is the tallest Rajagopuram built by the Nayaks of Madurai?
- Which temple has the longest corridor in Tamil Nadu.
- Mention any one Rock cut cave temple built by Mahendravarman I.
- Who built southern Rajagopuram in the Ekambaranatha temple of Kanchipuram?

SECTION – B
Answer ALL Questions:

(4 × 10 = 40)

- a) Hero stones. (OR)
b) Cave temples in and around Madurai.
- a) Contribution of Mahendravarman I to develop Cave temples. (OR)
b) Salient features of Vijayanagar architecture.
- a) Vijayalaya Choleswaram temple, Nartamalai. (OR)
b) Gangai konda Cholapuram temple.
- a) Features and types of Vimana. (OR)
b) Structure of a Hindu Temple.

SECTION – C
Answer any TWO Questions:

(2 × 12½ = 25)

- Explain the contribution of Narasimhavarman I to the development of temple architecture.
- Describe architectural features of Brihadeswara temple of Tanjore.
- Assess the contribution of Nayaks and Vijayanagar rulers to growth of temple architecture.




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B.A. History Degree (Semester) Examinations, November 2017

Part – IV : Skill Based Subject : Fifth Semester : Paper – I

FUNDAMENTALS OF COMPUTER

Under CBCS – Credit 2

Time: 2 Hours

Max. Marks: 75

SECTION – A
Answer ALL Questions:
(10 × 1 = 10)

1. Who is called as the “Father of Computer”?
 - a) Charles Babbage
 - b) Lady Ada
 - c) George Boole
 - d) Kenneth H. Olsen
2. The Brain of a Computer is
 - a) ALU
 - b) memory
 - c) CPU
 - d) Control Unit
3. What difference does the 5th Generation Computer have from other generation computer?
 - a) Technical advancement
 - b) Scientific code
 - c) Object oriented programming
 - d) all of these
4. Which of the following is not an output device of a computer?
 - a) Printer
 - b) keyboard
 - c) VDU
 - d) CRT Screen
5. Dot – Matrix is a type of
 - a) Tape
 - b) Printer
 - c) Disk
 - d) Bus
6. Most important advantage of an IC is its _____.
7. First generation of computers is characterized by _____.
8. The computer program language which is widely used in Computer Science and Engineering and also in Business is _____.
9. Group of instructions that directs a computer is called _____.
10. Who is considered as the father of Minicomputer?

SECTION – B
Answer ALL Questions:
(4 × 10 = 40)

11. a) Write a note on features of Computer.
(OR)
b) What are the types of Computers and explain them?
12. a) Explain the input and output devices.
(OR)
b) Give an account of storage devices.
13. a) Write a short note on Mechanical Computers.
(OR)
b) Explain about Boole and his contribution.
14. a) Write a note on Electronic Computers.
(OR)
b) Write a short note on M.S. Word.

SECTION – C
Answer any TWO Questions:
(2 × 12½ = 25)

15. Write an essay on the Generations of Computer.
16. Explain in detail about the contribution of Lady Ada, the first computer programmer.
17. Discuss – Virtual Tours and Museums.

