


**VIVEKANANDA COLLEGE, TIRUVEDAKAM WEST - 625234****DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE (COMPUTER APPLICATIONS)**

	<b>Course Code:</b>	11CT21	<b>Programme:</b>	B.Com (CA)	<b>CIA:</b>	I
	<b>Date:</b>	21-04-2022	<b>Part:</b>	III	<b>Semester:</b>	II
	<b>Duration:</b>	2 Hours	<b>Academic Year:</b>	2021-22	<b>Max. Marks:</b>	50
	<b>Study Component:</b>	Core Course				
	<b>Course Title:</b>	<b>FINANCIAL ACCOUNTING – II</b>				

**SECTION – A (Remembering)**Answer **ALL** the Questions:**(10 X 1 = 10 Marks)**

- The relationship between the Co-ventures is that of:  
(a) Buyer and sales (b) Principal and Agent  
(c) Partners (d) Debtor and Creditor **CO1**
- A complete separate set of books of account is kept, when the size of the venture is  
(a) Large (b) Small (c) Not known (d) All the above **CO1**
- When X advances money to Y in the course of joint venture then X debits such money to  
a) Joint bank a/c b) Joint venture a/c c) Y's personal a/c d) All the above **CO1**
- Cash paid to creditors can be calculated under single entry from  
(a) Debtors A/c (b) Balance sheet (c) P&L A/c (d) All the above **CO2**
- Closing capital + Drawings - Opening capital = \_\_\_\_\_.  
(a) Profit or loss (b) additional capital  
(c) Opening creditors (d) All the above **CO2**
- The closing balance of trade debtors can be located from  
(a) Total debtors A/c (b) Total creditors A/c (c) B/R A/c (d) Cost sheet **CO2**
- Under stock and debtors system in branch A/cs, the credit sales are:  
(a) Debited to Branch A/c (b) Credited to Branch Stock A/c  
(c) Debited to Cash A/c (d) All the above. **CO3**
- Under debtors system branch account is a  
(a) Real A/c (b) Personal A/c (c) Nominal A/c (d) Capital a/c **CO3**
- Stock reserve in relation to opening stock appears  
(a) On the debit side of Branch A/c  
(b) On the credit side of Branch A/c  
(c) On both sides  
(d) All the above **CO3**
- Under Debtors system, Credit sales are  
(a) Debited to the Branch Account.  
(b) Credited to the Branch Account; and  
(c) Not shown anywhere in the Branch Account.  
(d) All the above **CO3**

**SECTION – B (Remembering)**Answer any **FIVE** Questions:**(5 X 2 = 10 Marks)**

- What is Partnership? **CO1**
- Define: Joint Venture **CO1**
- What is Single entry? **CO2**
- What is Conversion method? **CO2**
- What is a branch? **CO3**
- What do you understand the term dependent branches? **CO3**
- How the head office can prepare branch account for dependent branches? **CO3**

### SECTION – C (Understanding)

Answer any **THREE** Questions:

(3 X 6= 18 Marks)

- 18** Distinguish between Joint Venture and Partnership. **CO1**
- 19** X and Y were partners in a joint venture sharing profits and losses equally. A supplied goods to the value of Rs.10,000 and incurred expenses amounted to Rs.800. Y supplied goods to value of Rs.8,000 and his expenses amounted to Rs.800. Y sold the entire goods on behalf of the joint venture and realized Rs.24,000. Y was entitled to a commission of 5% on sales. Y settled his account by bank draft. Show the journal entries and ledger accounts in the books of X and Y under Memorandum Joint venture method. **CO1**
- 20** Describe the merits and limitations of single entry system. **CO2**
- 21** From the following information, calculate the profit earned by a petty trader during the year 2018 **CO2**

	Rs.
Capital as on 31.12.2018	1,32,000
Capital as on 1.1.2018	1,30,000
Drawing during 2018	24,000
Further Capital introduced by him	14,000

- 22** Explain the features of dependent branches? **CO3**

### SECTION – D (Applying)

Answer any **ONE** Question:

(1X 12= 12 Marks)

- 23** A and B entered into a joint venture and agreed to divide the profit as to A 60% and B 40%. A and B contributed Rs.1,80,000 and Rs.1,20,000 respectively for carrying on transactions relating to the venture. They opened a joint bank account with the above contributions. They purchased three old state buses for Rs.2,40,000. A and B personally paid Rs.45,000 and Rs.30,000 respectively for repairs and renewals. They purchased a few tyres and tubes costing Rs.54,000. Two buses were sold for Rs.2,70,000 and the third one was taken by B at cost price. Pass necessary journal entries and prepare joint venture account, joint bank account and close the accounts of the venture. **CO1**
- 24** From the following data, determine bills receivable received from debtors and bills payable paid on maturity during the period. **CO2**

		Rs.
Opening balance:	Bills Receivable	30,000
	Bills Payable	15,000
Closing balance:	Bills Receivable	45,000
	Bills Payable	20,000
B/R dishonoured		2,500
B/R encashed		70,000
B/R discounted		5,000
B/P issued		65,000

**&&&&&**

**VIVEKANANDA COLLEGE, TIRUVEDAKAM WEST - 625234****DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE (COMPUTER APPLICATIONS)**

<b>Course Code:</b>	11CT22	<b>Programme:</b>	B.Com (CA)	<b>CIA:</b>	I
<b>Date:</b>	22-04-2022	<b>Part:</b>	III	<b>Semester:</b>	II
<b>Duration:</b>	2 Hours	<b>Academic Year:</b>	2021-22	<b>Max. Marks:</b>	50
<b>Study Component:</b>	Core Course				
<b>Course Title:</b>	<b>BANKING THEORY, LAW &amp; PRACTICE</b>				

**SECTION – A (Remembering)**Answer **ALL** the Questions:**(10 X 1 = 10 Marks)**

- When introduced Banking Companies Act? **CO1**  
(a) 1950 (b) 1960 (c) 1949 (d) 1970
- In branch banking, there is a better control co-ordination of the \_\_\_\_\_. **CO1**  
(a) Union Bank of India (b) State Bank of India  
(c) Reserve Bank of India (d) ICICI
- The system where two or more banking companies are controlled by one or two individuals is called \_\_\_\_\_. **CO1**  
(a) Chain Banking (b) Group Banking  
(c) Mixed Banking (d) Local Area Bank
- The banker has a lien on \_\_\_\_\_. **CO2**  
(a) Bonds given for collection (b) Bonds given for safe custody  
(c) Bonds left by mistake (d) (a) and (b) together
- Lien is a/an \_\_\_\_\_. Of the creditor to retain possession. **CO2**  
(a) right (b) obligation (c) instrument (d) interest
- A banker is a \_\_\_\_\_ debtor. **CO2**  
(a) Privileged (b) Special (c) General (d) Statutory
- According to IBA, the maximum period for which a fixed deposit can be obtained is \_\_\_\_\_. **CO3**  
(a) No limit (b) 5 years (c) 7 years (d) 10 years
- The minimum period for which a fixed deposit can be accepted is \_\_\_\_\_. **CO3**  
(a) 26 days (b) 30 days (c) 45 days (d) 50 days
- Money can be withdrawn any number of times in \_\_\_\_\_. **CO3**  
(a) Saving A/c (b) Fixed A/c (c) Recurring Deposit (d) Current A/c
- A Customer's letter of instructions, without any stamp, in connection with the operations of his account is known as \_\_\_\_\_. **CO3**  
(a) Power of attorney (b) Authority letter (c) Probate (d) Mandate

**SECTION – B (Remembering)**Answer any **FIVE** Questions:**(5 X 2 = 10 Marks)**

- What is Mixed banking? **CO1**
- What is meant by Central banks? **CO1**
- What do you understand by the term banker? **CO2**
- What is meant by "Common Courtesy"? **CO2**
- What do you know about CASHKEY scheme? **CO2**
- Why do business people prefer a current account? **CO3**
- What is donation mortis causa? **CO3**

**SECTION – C (Understanding)**Answer any **THREE** Questions:**(3 X 6= 18 Marks)**

- Discuss the Deposit Banking and Mixed banking in India? **CO1**
- Describe the different types of banks and functions performed by them. **CO1**
- What are the statutory obligations to honour cheques in Banker? **CO2**
- What is Fixed Deposit Receipt? Discuss its main features. **CO3**
- Describe the various types of deposits account with a banker in detail. **CO3**


**SECTION – D (Applying)**Answer any **ONE** Question:**(1X 12= 12 Marks)**

- Explain the merits and demerits of Branch banking and Unit banking. **CO1**
- Explain the Relationship between a banker and customer. **CO2**

**&&&&&**

**VIVEKANANDA COLLEGE, TIRUVEDAKAM WEST - 625234**

**DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE (COMPUTER APPLICATIONS)**

	<b>Course Code:</b>	11AE21	<b>Programme:</b>	B. Com (CA)	<b>CIA:</b>	I
	<b>Date:</b>	23-04-2022	<b>Part:</b>	III	<b>Semester:</b>	II
	<b>Duration:</b>	2 Hours	<b>Academic Year:</b>	2021-22	<b>Max. Marks:</b>	50
	<b>Study Component:</b>	Ability Enhancement Course				
	<b>Course Title:</b>	<b>OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING WITH C++</b>				

**SECTION – A (Remembering)**

Answer **ALL** the Questions:

**(10 X 1 = 10 Marks)**

- 1 The constants are also called as CO1  
a. const      b. preprocessor      c. literals      d. none of the mentioned
- 2 How much bytes are occupied by int? CO1  
a. 4      b. 2      c. 8      d. 16
- 3 Which of the following will not return a value? CO1  
a. null      b. void      c. empty      d. free
- 4 Every function in c++ are followed by \_\_\_\_\_ CO2  
a. Parameters      b. parenthesis      c. curly braces      d. single quotes
- 5 Which of the following is used to terminate the function declaration? CO2  
a. :      b. )      c. ;      d. ?
- 6 The new operator \_\_\_\_\_ CO2  
a. Returns a pointer to the variable      b. creates a variable called new  
c. Obtains memory for a new variable      d. Tells how much memory is available
- 7 A constructor that accepts \_\_\_\_\_ parameters is called the default constructor. CO3  
a. one      b. two      c. no      d. three
- 8 A class's \_\_\_\_\_ is called when an object is destroyed. CO3  
a. constructor      b. destructor      c. assignment function      d. copy constructor
- 9 What is the output of the following code? CO3  
int main()  
{ int a, b=20; a = 90/b; return 0; }  
a. 4      b. 4.5      c. 4.2      d. Error
- 10 The operator that cannot be overloaded is \_\_\_\_\_ CO3  
a. ++      b. ::      c. ()      d. ~

**SECTION – B (Remembering)**

Answer any **FIVE** Questions:

**(5 X 2 = 10 Marks)**

- 11 What is Abstraction? CO1
- 12 Define the term Identifier. CO1
- 13 What is the meaning of Function? CO2
- 14 List out the various type of Access Specifiers. CO2
- 15 Write the syntax of Constructors. CO3
- 16 What is Operator Overloading? CO3
- 17 How many types of conversions are there in C++? CO3

**SECTION – C (Understanding)**

Answer any **THREE** Questions:

**(3 X 6= 18 Marks)**

- 18 What is basic structure of C++ Program explain with example? CO1
- 19 Explain Basic Data Types in C++. CO1
- 20 Describe about Nesting of Member Functions with example. CO2
- 21 Write a short note on following. CO2  
(a) Inline Function      (b) Classes with Syntax
- 22 Explain Destructors with Example. CO3

**SECTION – D (Applying)**


Answer any **ONE** Question:

**(1X 12= 12 Marks)**

- 23 Briefly discuss about OOPs Concepts in C++. CO1
- 24 Explain Function Overloading with example. CO2

**&&&&&&**

**VIVEKANANDA COLLEGE, TIRUVEDAKAM WEST - 625234****DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE & CA**

	<b>Course Code:</b>	P1LH41	<b>Programme:</b>	B.Com/B.Com(CA)	<b>CIA:</b>	I
	<b>Date:</b>	22-04-2022	<b>Part:</b>	I	<b>Semester:</b>	IV
	<b>Duration:</b>	2 Hours	<b>Academic Year:</b>	2021-22	<b>Max. Marks:</b>	50
	<b>Study Component:</b>	Hindi				
	<b>Course Title:</b>	<b>BUSINESS HINDI - II</b>				

**SECTION – A (Remembering)**Answer **ALL** the Questions:**(10 X 1 = 10 Marks)**

- 1 कहानी का अर्थ अंग्रेजी में क्या है ? CO1  
(1) Drama (2) Novel (3) Story (4) Poem
- 2 फल का वचन क्या है ? CO1  
(1) फलों (2) फले (3) फल (4) फली
- 3 रामायण क्या लिंग है ? CO1  
(1) पुल्लिंग एकवचन (2) पुल्लिंग बहुवचन (3) स्त्रीलिंग एकवचन (4) स्त्रीलिंग बहुवचन
- 4 गंगा पवित्र \_\_\_\_\_ है । CO2  
(1) झरना (2) नदी (3) सागर (4) तालाब
- 5 आदिम मनुष्य आरंभ काल में \_\_\_\_\_ में रहता था । CO2  
(1) परिवारों (2) घरों (3) मकानों (4) जंगलों
- 6 गुलाब का अर्थ अंग्रेजी में क्या है ? CO2  
(1) Rose (2) Lotus (3) Sunflower (4) Jasmine
- 7 वर्षा का अर्थ अंग्रेजी में क्या है ? CO3  
(1) water (2) rain (3) falls (4) sea
- 8 Come के लिए हिन्दी में क्या है ? CO3  
(1) जाओ (2) आओ (3) बैठो (4) उठो
- 9 पेड़ का अर्थ अंग्रेजी में क्या है ? CO3  
(1) plant (2) leave (3) tree (4) branch
- 10 singing के लिए हिन्दी में क्या है ? CO3  
(1) गाना (2) खाना (3) जाना (4) आना

**SECTION – B (Remembering)**Answer any **FIVE** Questions:**(5 X 2 = 10 Marks)**

- 11 वाच्य बदलिए:- (Change the voice) CO1  
(1) गीता पाठ लिखती है । (2) गोपाल कलम लाता है ।
- 12 वाक्य जोड़कर लिखिए:- (Combine the sentences) CO1  
(1) पानी बंद हुआ । वे घर से बाहर निकले ।  
(2) यह भारत है । यह हमारा प्यारा देश है ।
- 13 True or False:- (सही या गलत) CO2  
(1) हमारे देश का राष्ट्रीय पशु शेर है । (2) पेड़ों को काटने से पर्यावरण बिगड़ता है ।  
(3) हमारे देश का राष्ट्रीय पुष्प गुलाब है । (4) जंगल और पेड़ हमारे रक्षक हैं ।

14 उल्टे अर्थवाले शब्द लिखो:- (Write the opposites) CO2

(1) आरंभ (2) उत्तर (3) सभ्य (4) पुराना

15 Explain the following poem in Tamil or English:- CO3

कितने सुंदर पंख हैं देखो,  
पंख में कितने रंग हैं देखो ।  
रंग में कितने ढंग हैं देखो,  
नाच मनोहर इसका देखो ॥

16 Write the meanings in Tamil or English:- CO3

(1) शुद्ध (2) पत्थर (3) मोर (4) नाच (5) रंग (6) पंख (7) बादल (8) कुछ

Explain the following poem in Tamil or English:-

17 सोखते हैं गंदी हवा ये,  
पर देते हैं शुद्ध हवा ये। CO3

इनका गुण-गान करें हम,  
आओ पेड़ लगाएं हम ॥

### SECTION – C (Understanding)

Answer any **THREE** Questions:

(3 X 6= 18 Marks)

18 Write the words in Hindi for following numbers:- CO1

(1) 57 (2) 68 (3) 74 (4) 52 (5) 63 (6) 71

19 वाक्य जोड़कर लिखिए:- (Combine the sentences) CO1

(1) पुलिस आयी । चोर भाग गये । (2) तुम अपना काम जल्दी पूरा करो । पिताजी नाराज होंगे ।  
(3) ये अब्दुल्ला हैं । ये मेरे दोस्त हैं । (4) सूरज निकला । अंधेरा दूर हुआ । चारों तरफ रोशनी फैली ।  
(5) मैं इंदिरा गांधी से मिला । मैं बहुत खुश हुआ । (6) वह थक गया । वह एक पेड़ के नीचे बैठ गया ।

20 Answer all questions:- CO2

(1) उत्तर भारत के लोग क्या खाते हैं ?  
(2) भारत के चारों ओर क्या क्या हैं ?  
(3) हमारा देश कब आज़ाद हुआ ?

21 Make the sentences in Hindi:- CO2

(1) विशाल (2) जानवर (3) दुनिया (4) वर्षा (5) स्वर्ण जयंती (6) राष्ट्रीय

22 Write the meanings in Hindi:- CO3

(1) all (2) life (3) we (4) beautiful (5) system (6) dance  
(7) forest (8) air (9) dirty (10) shadow (11) lesson (12) earth

### SECTION – D (Applying)

Answer any **ONE** Question:-

(1X 12= 12 Marks)

23 Change the voice:- (वाच्य बदलिए) CO1


(1) हम अंग्रेजी पाठ पढ़ते हैं । (2) मैं कविता लिखता हूँ ।  
(3) बच्चा दूध पीता है । (4) वह तरकारी खरीदता है ।  
(5) माताजी खाना बनाती हैं । (6) कला गाना गाती है ।

24 Answer all questions:- CO2

(1) हमें जंगल और पेड़ों की रक्षा क्यों करनी चाहिए ?  
(2) आदिम मनुष्य ने घर बनाना कब से शुरू किया ?  
(3) पर्यावरण के बिगड़ने से क्या क्या हानियां होती हैं ?

&&&&&&

**VIVEKANANDA COLLEGE, TIRUVEDAKAM WEST - 625234****DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE (COMPUTER APPLICATIONS)**

	<b>Course Code:</b>	11CT41	<b>Programme:</b>	B.Com (CA)	<b>CIA:</b>	I
	<b>Date:</b>	20-04-2022	<b>Part:</b>	III	<b>Semester:</b>	IV
	<b>Duration:</b>	2 Hours	<b>Academic Year:</b>	2021-22	<b>Max. Marks:</b>	50
	<b>Study Component:</b>	Core				
	<b>Course Title:</b>	<b>CORPORATE ACCOUNTING</b>				

**SECTION – A (Remembering)**Answer **ALL** the Questions:**(10 X 1 = 10 Marks)**

- 1 The rate of discount on issue of shares should not exceed ----. CO1
  - a) 3%
  - b) 6%
  - c) 5%
  - d) 10%
- 2 The profit on re-issue of forfeited shares is transferred to ----- CO1
  - a) General reserve
  - b) Capital redemption reserve
  - c) Capital reserve
  - d) Profit and Loss account
- 3 Premium on redemption of debentures account is in the nature of ----. CO1
  - a) Personal account
  - b) Real Account
  - c) Nominal Account
  - d) Memorandum Account
- 4 Profit prior to incorporation should be credited to CO2
  - a) Goodwill account
  - b) General Reserve account
  - c) Capital Reserve account
  - d) Sinking fund account
- 5 Audit fees should be divided between pre and post incorporation periods in ----. CO2
  - a) Time ratio
  - b) Either Time ratio or Sales ratio
  - c) Sale ratio
  - d) Adjusted time ratio
- 6 Preliminary expenses written off is shown in the Statement of Profit and Loss under----. CO2
  - a) Employees Benefits Expenses
  - b) Other Expenses
  - c) Finance Costs
  - d) Depreciation and Amortization Expenses
- 7 Goodwill of a company is ----- CO3
  - a) Tangible asset
  - b) Intangible asset
  - c) Fictitious asset
  - d) Current Asset
- 8 Goodwill is shown in company's balance sheet under the head ----- CO3
  - a) Fixed asset
  - b) Investments
  - c) Miscellaneous expenditure
  - d) Current asset
- 9 For calculating the value of equity share by intrinsic value method, it is essential to know-- CO3
  - a) Normal rate of return
  - b) Expect rate of return
  - c) Net Asset
  - d) None of the above
- 10 Super profit is the difference between ----- CO3
  - a) Capital employed and average capital employed
  - b) Average profit and normal profit
  - c) Current year profit and last year profit
  - d) Gross Profit and Net Profit

**SECTION – B (Remembering)**Answer any **FIVE** Questions:**(5 X 2 = 10 Marks)**

- 11 Write a short note on: a) Calls-in-arrear and b) Calls-in-advance CO1
- 12 What is Forfeiture of Shares? CO1
- 13 What is meant by Revenue Form Operations? CO2
- 14 State any two items appearing under Other Income. CO2
- 15 Define "Goodwill". CO3
- 16 Write a short note on "Super Profit". CO3
- 17 Write a note on "Intrinsic Value" of shares. CO3

### SECTION – C (Understanding)

Answer any **THREE** Questions:

(3 X 6= 18 Marks)

- 18** The following balances appear in the ledger of a company as on 31st December 2021. **CO1**

Share Capital:

Particulars	₹
Equity Shares (Fully paid up)	6,00,000
Redeemable Preference shares (Fully paid up)	3,00,000
General Reserve	2,00,000
P&L A/c (Credit Balance)	1,25,000
Securities Premium A/c	50,000

The company decided to redeem the preference share at a premium of 10% out of its general reserve and undistributed profits. Give journal relating to redemption of the preference shares.

- 19** Journalize the following transactions at the time of issue of Debenture and Redemption of Debenture: **CO1**

- i) Debenture issue at ₹95, Repayable at ₹100
- ii) Debenture issue at ₹95, Repayable at ₹105
- iii) Debenture issue at ₹100, Repayable at ₹105
- iv) Debenture issue at ₹95, Repayable at ₹100

The face value of each debenture: ₹100

- 20** Annatha limited company was incorporated on 1st June 2021 in order to purchase a running business from 1.1.2021. from the following particulars, calculate pre-incorporation profit/Loss: **CO2**

- a) Total sales for the year 2021 was ₹1,80,000
- b) Sales from 1.1.2021 to 30.6.2021 ₹60,000
- c) Gross profit for the whole year ₹54,000
- d) Establishment expenses ₹37,000

- 21** The following ledger balances were extracted form the books of Beast Ltd. As on 31-3-2021. **CO2**

Land & building	₹2,00,000
12% Debentures	₹ 2,00,000
Share Capital (equity shares of ₹10 each fully paid up)	₹10,00,000
Plant & machinery	₹8,00,000
Goodwill	₹2,00,000
Investment in shares of Raja Ltd	₹2,00,000
General reserve	₹1,95,000
Stock in trade,	₹1,00,000
Bills receivable	₹50,000
Debtors	₹1,50,000
Creditors	₹1,00,000
Bank loan (Unsecured)	₹1,00,000
Provision for tax	₹50,000
Proposed dividend	₹55,000

Prepare the Balance sheet of the company as per Revised Schedule VI, Part I of the Companies Act 2013.



22 The profits of Valimai Ltd. For the last 5 years were as follows:

CO3

Year	₹
2017	15,000
2018	18,000
2019	22,000
2020	25,000
2021	27,000

Compute the value of goodwill of Valimai Ltd. On the basis of 4 years purchase of weighted average profit after assigning weights 1,2,3,4, and 5 serially to the profits.

#### SECTION – D (Applying)

Answer any **ONE** Question:

(1X 12= 12 Marks)

- 23 Neeraj Chopra Ltd. Issued 40,000 shares of ₹10 each at a premium of ₹2 per share. The shares were payable ₹2 on application, ₹5 on allotment (including premium) and ₹5 on first & final Call. **CO1**

All the shares were applied for and allotted. All moneys were received with the exception of the first and final call on 1,000 shares which were forfeiture. 400 of these were reissued as fully paid at ₹8 per share.

Give the necessary journal entries and prepare the balance sheet of the company.

- 24 Ramakrishna and Narendran Co. Ltd. Is a company with an authorized capital of ₹ 5,00,000 divided in to 5,000 equity shares of ₹ 100 each on 31.12.2021 of which 2,500 shares were fully called up. The following are the balances extracted from the ledger as on 31.12.2021. **CO2**

#### Trial balance of Ramakrishna and Narendran Co. Ltd.


Debit	₹	Credit	₹
Opening Stock	50,000	Sales	3,25,000
Purchases	2,00,000	Discount received	3,150
Wages	70,000	Profit & Loss A/c	6,220
Discount allowed	4,200	Creditors	35,200
Insurance (up to 31.3.86)	6,720	Reserves	25,000
Salaries	18,500	Loan from managing director	15,700
Rent	6,000	Share capital	2,50,000
Printing	2,400		
Advertisements	3,800		
Bonus	10,500		
Debtors	38,700		
Plant	1,80,500		
Furniture	17,100		
Bank	34,700		
Bad debts	3,200		
Calls in arrears	5,000		
	<b>6,60,270</b>		<b>6,60,270</b>

You are required to prepare statement of Profit & Loss for the year ended 31.12.2020. and a balance sheet as on that date. The following further information is given:

- Closing stock was valued at ₹ 191500
- Depreciation on plant at 15% and on furniture at 10% should be provided
- A tax provision of ₹ 8000 is considered necessary
- The directors declared an interim dividend on 15.8.85 for 6 months ending June 30, 1985 @ 6%  
Provide for corporate dividend tax @ 17%

&&&&&

**VIVEKANANDA COLLEGE, TIRUVEDAKAM WEST - 625234****DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE (COMPUTER APPLICATIONS)**

	<b>Course Code:</b>	11CT42	<b>Programme:</b>	B.Com (CA)	<b>CIA:</b>	I
	<b>Date:</b>	21-04-2022	<b>Part:</b>	III	<b>Semester:</b>	IV
	<b>Duration:</b>	2 Hours	<b>Academic Year:</b>	2021-22	<b>Max. Marks:</b>	50
	<b>Study Component:</b>	Core				
	<b>Course Title:</b>	<b>INCOME TAX LAW &amp; PRACTICE – II</b>				

**SECTION – A (Remembering)**Answer **ALL** the Questions:**(10 X 1 = 10 Marks)**

- Out of the following, which expense is not an admissible expense? **CO1**  
(a) Bad Debts (b) Valued Added Tax (c) Income Tax (d) Excise Duty
- The rate of depreciation on intangible assets is: **CO1**  
(a) 25% (b) 15% (c) 20% (d) 5%
- The income tax rate on long-term capital gain for an individual is: **CO1**  
(a) 105% (b) 20% (c) 15% (d) 30%
- Clubbing of Income is a method to discourage **CO2**  
(a) Tax Evasion (b) Tax avoidance  
(c) Excessive exemptions (d) excessive tax payment
- Business loss cannot be set-off against **CO2**  
(a) House property income (b) Business income (c) Capital gain (d) casual income
- Long-term capital loss can be set-off in the following: **CO2**  
(a) 4 years (b) 6 years (c) 8 years (d) 10 years
- Deduction u/s 80CCC is in respect of **CO3**  
(a) Med claim insurance (b) Pension Fund Premium  
(c) LIC premium (d) NSS
- Under which section of the following an HUF is not entitled to deduction from its Gross Total Income: **CO3**  
(a) 80 C (b) 80G (c) 80 D (d) 80P
- Deduction U/s 80C is not available to: **CO3**  
(a) Individual (b) Hindu Undivided Family (c) Company (d) All of these
- Deduction U/s 80G is allowed in connection with: **CO3**  
(a) Charity (b) Computer Software (c) Royalty (d) Donation

**SECTION – B (Remembering)**Answer any **FIVE** Questions:**(5 X 2 = 10 Marks)**

- Define the term 'Business'. **CO1**
- Define Cost of acquisition. **CO1**
- What is meant by 'Short Term Capital Assets'? **CO1**
- What do you mean by "clubbing of incomes"? **CO2**
- What is carry forward and set-off of losses? **CO2**
- What is tax holiday? **CO3**
- State the amount of deduction under section 80D. **CO3**

### SECTION – C (Understanding)

Answer any **THREE** Questions:

(3 X 6= 18 Marks)

- 18** Mr. N prepared the following profit & loss account of his cloth shop for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2021. Find out his income from the business for the Assessment Year 2021-22: **CO1**

Particulars	₹.	Particulars	₹.
To Salaries	33,000	By Gross Profit	3,34,725
To Rent, etc.	1,600	By Gifts received from relatives	275
To Household expenses	82,000		
To Income tax	900		
To Advertisement	800		
To Postage expenses	600		
To Gifts to relatives	900		
To Fire Insurance Premium	400		
To Life Insurance Premium	2,100		
To Bad Debts Reserve	800		
To Audit Fees	400		
To Net Profit	2,11,500		
	3,35,000		3,35,000

- 19** Ramesh showed its block of assets as on 1.4.2020 at a written down value of ₹.1,00,000. Ramesh purchased another asset within the block, during the year 2020-21, for ₹. 40,000. The entire block of assets is sold during the previous year for ₹.2,00,000. Compute capital gain for the Assessment Year 2021-22. **CO1**
- 20** What is clubbing of income? What are the tax implications of such clubbing of income? **CO2**
- 21** From the following information of a trader, compute the gross total income for the Assessment Year 2021-22: **CO2**

Particulars	₹.
Income from House Property (Computed)	2,50,000
Business Loss	60,000
Current year's Depreciation	10,000
Business Loss of preceding years	50,000
Unabsorbed Depreciation of preceding years	30,000
Short-term capital loss	40,000
Long-term capital gains	60,000

- 22** Mr. Vivek's gross total income for the previous year 2020-21 was ₹.5,00,000. He made the following donations by cheques; **CO3**
- Maharashtra Chief Minister's Earthquake Relief Fund ₹.10,000.
  - National Foundation for Communal Harmony ₹.15,000.
  - ₹. 10,000 to an Educational Institution of National Eminence.
  - ₹.5,000 to National Children's Fund.
  - To Municipal Corporation for promotion of family planning ₹. 40,000.
  - To Minority Community Corporation (Notified) ₹. 25,000.
- Compute his taxable income for the Assessment Year 2021-22.

### SECTION – D (Applying)

Answer any **ONE** Question:

(1X 12= 12 Marks)

- 23** Mr. Bajaj lives in Bhopal. He is a lawyer and his Receipts and Payments Account is as follows: **CO1**

Receipts	₹.	Payments	₹.
To Opening Balance	1,892	By Books Purchased (Annual Publications)	800
To Fees Received	2,40,000	By Repairs of House	1,200
To Salary as a part-time lecturer	21,600	By Local taxes @ 10%	600
To Exam Remuneration from University	2,300	By Maintenance Expenses of Car	2,000
To Interest on Bank deposit	1,200	By Office Expenses	4,000
To Shares sold	16,000	By Domestic Expenses	1,20,000
To Dividend Received	1,540	By Plant Purchased for Office	700
		By Car Purchased	25,000
		By Life Insurance Premium	5,000
		By Donation to Recognized Institution	1,200
		By Gift to married daughter	400
		By Income tax	3,500
		By Assessment Expenditure	200
		By Bank deposit	13,000
		By Public Provident Fund	4,000
		By Balance c/d	1,02,932
	2,84,532		2,84,532

Additional Information:

- 1/3<sup>rd</sup> part of the building is used for profession and 2/3<sup>rd</sup> for self-residence.
- The car is used in the profession and personal work equally.
- Books purchased for teaching ₹.200 and remaining for the profession (Allow depreciation @40%).

Compute Mr. Bajaj's Professional Income for the A.Y. 2021-22.

- 24** Mr. Singh, a resident of India submits the following particulars of his income for the Assessment Year 2021-22: **CO2**

Particulars	₹.
Income from house let out (Computed)	9,500
Profit from radio business	19,600
Income of interest from a firm	1,800
Speculation income	1,900
Short-term Capital gains	3,200
Long-term Capital gains	1,400

The following items have been brought forward from the preceding Assessment Year 2020-21:

Particulars	₹.
Loss from radio business	4,600
Unabsorbed depreciation	1,000
Speculation loss	3,200
Short-term Capital loss for the year 2016-17	4,100
Long-term Capital loss for the year 2017-18	3,950
B/fd loss from House Property	3,000


Current year's depreciation amounted to ₹.500.

You are required to compute his gross total income and deal with the carry-forward of losses.

&&&&&

# VIVEKANANDA COLLEGE, TIRUVEDAKAM WEST - 625234

## DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE (COMPUTER APPLICATIONS)

	<b>Course Code:</b>	11AT41	<b>Programme:</b>	B. Com (CA)	<b>CIA:</b>	I
	<b>Date:</b>	23-04-2022	<b>Part:</b>	III	<b>Semester:</b>	IV
	<b>Duration:</b>	2 Hours	<b>Academic Year:</b>	2021-22	<b>Max. Marks:</b>	50
	<b>Study Component:</b>	Allied				
	<b>Course Title:</b>	<b>BUSINESS STATISTICS</b>				

### SECTION – A

Answer **ALL** the Questions:

(10 X 1 = 10Marks)

1. Statistics deals with aggregates of  
a) Data                      b) Numbers                      c) Facts                      d) Individuals CO1
2. The first step of statistical investigation is  
a) Collection                      b) Organization                      c) Interpretation                      d) Analysis CO1
3. Classification is the process of arranging data in to  
a) Homogeneous groups                      b) Individual facts  
c) Graph diagram                      d) Questionnaire CO1
4. The method of least square can be used to explain  
a) linear trend                      b) non – linear trend  
c) parabolic trend                      d) all the above CO4
5. The method where the original data is divided into two equal parts is  
a) semi average method                      b) moving average method  
c) least square method                      d) graph method CO4
6. Least square method is a  
a) mathematical method                      b) analytical method  
c) both (a) and (b)                      d) Econometric method CO4
7. Index numbers are usually denoted in  
a) multiplication                      b) deviation                      c) probability                      d) percentage CO5
8. “Index numbers are used to measure the changes to some quantity, which we cannot observe directly” – said by  
a) Maslow                      b) Cowden                      c) Bowley                      d) Hmaburg CO5
9. Which of the following is fixed one?  
a) current year                      b) base year                      c) previous year                      d) final year CO5
10. Time Reversal Test used to test  
a) price level                      b) ideal index number  
c) consistency of index numbers                      d) factor analysis CO5

### SECTION – B

Answer any **Five** Questions:

(5 X 10 = 10 Marks)

11. Define Statistics. CO1
12. Give the meaning of diagrammatic presentation. CO1
13. Define time series. CO4
14. State the meaning of least square method? CO4
15. Define index numbers. CO5
16. List out the weighted aggregate index numbers. CO5
17. Give the meaning of price index numbers. CO5

### SECTION – C

Answer any **Three** Questions:

(3 X 6 = 18 Marks)

- 18.** The following table shows the area in millions of square kilometers of the oceans of the world. **CO1**

Ocean	Area (Million sq. km)
Pacific	70.8
Atlantic	41.2
Indian	28.5
Antarctic	7.6
Arctic	4.8

Draw a pie diagram to represent the data.

- 19.** “The proper function of statistics is to enlarge individual experience” comment. **CO1**

- 20.** The following figures relates to the profits of commercial concern find the trend of profits by the Calculating 3 year moving averages. **CO4**

Years	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Profits	15,420	14,470	15,520	21,020	26,120	31,950	35,370	34,670

- 21.** Assuming a four yearly cycle calculate the tread by the method of moving average from the following data relating to the production of tea in India. **CO4**

Year	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Production	464	515	518	467	502	540	557	571	586	612

- 22.** Calculate index number from the following data. **CO5**

	Base year		Current year	
	Kilo	Rate	Kilo	Rate
Bread	10	3	8	3.25
Meat	20	15	15	20
Tea	2	25	3	23

### SECTION – D

Answer any **One** Questions:

(1 X 12 = 12 Marks)

- 23.** Discuss the various methods of collecting Primary and Secondary data. **CO1**

- 24.** Fit a straight line trend equation by the method of least squares and estimate the trend values. **CO4**

Year	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Product ion	80	90	92	83	94	99	92	104

&&&&&

# VIVEKANANDA COLLEGE, TIRUVEDAKAM WEST - 625234

## DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE (COMPUTER APPLICATIONS)



<b>Course Code:</b>	11SB41	<b>Programme:</b>	B. Com (CA)	<b>CIA:</b>	I
<b>Date:</b>	18-04-2022	<b>Part:</b>	IV	<b>Semester:</b>	IV
<b>Duration:</b>	1 Hour	<b>Academic Year:</b>	2021-22	<b>Max. Marks:</b>	25
<b>Study Component:</b>	Skill Based				
<b>Course Title:</b>	<b>COREL DRAW</b>				

### SECTION – A

Answer **ALL** the Questions:

**(5 X 1 = 5 Marks)**

- 1 \_\_\_\_\_ tool removes overlapping segments in the objects  
a) Knife b) Crop Tool c) Virtual Segment Tool d) Eraser CO1
- 2 Apply add perspective from \_\_\_\_\_ menu. CO1  
a) Effects b) File c) Help d) Window
- 3 Where we from insert the 'Insert character'? CO1  
a) File b) Edit c) View d) Text
- 4 CorelDraw is \_\_\_\_\_ types of graphics software? CO2  
a) Raster graphics b) Vector graphics c) Both of these d) None of these
- 5 Zoom to all objects, use \_\_\_\_\_ CO2  
a) Shift + F2 b) F2 c) F4 d) F3

### SECTION – B

Answer any **TWO** Questions:

**(2 X 2 = 4 Marks)**

- 6 What is live text preview? CO1
- 7 What is drawing spiral? CO1
- 8 Give the meaning of Drawing cure. CO2
- 9 What is deleting objects? CO3

### SECTION – C

Answer any **ONE** Questions:

**(1 X 6= 6 Marks)**

- 10 Explain the different adding a page. CO1
- 11 Write short note on i) Selecting and deselecting ii) Rotating objects CO3

### SECTION – D


Answer any **ONE** Question:

**(1 X 10= 10 Marks)**

- 12 Discuss the exploring the workspace of Coral DRAW. CO1
- 13 What are the curves to learn draw calligraphic lines CO2

&&&&&&

**DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE (COMPUTER APPLICATIONS)**

	<b>Course Code:</b>	11CT61	<b>Programme:</b>	B.Com (CA)	<b>CIA:</b>	I
	<b>Date:</b>	22-04-2022	<b>Part:</b>	III	<b>Semester:</b>	VI
	<b>Duration:</b>	2 Hours	<b>Academic Year:</b>	2021-22	<b>Max. Marks:</b>	50
	<b>Study Component:</b>	Core				
	<b>Course Title:</b>	<b>AUDITING</b>				

**SECTION – A (Remembering)**

Answer **ALL** the Questions:

**(10 X 1 = 10 Marks)**

- 1 The term “Audit” originated from the Latin word CO1  
a) Audire      b) Adhere      c) Adhere      d) Adire
- 2 The quantity of audit working papers complied on engagement would most be affected by CO1  
a) Management’s integrity  
b) Auditor’s experience and professional judgment  
c) Auditor’s qualification  
d) Control risk
- 3 Audit note book or audit memorandum is a book maintained by the CO1  
a) Audit clerk      b) auditor      c) manager      d) all the above
- 4 A number of checks and controls exercised in a business to ensure its efficient working are CO2  
known as \_\_\_\_\_.  
a) Internal Check      b) Internal Control      c) Internal Audit      d) Interim Check
- 5 All goods returned by customers should be recorded in the goods of CO2  
a) Out ward book      b) In ward book      c) Petty cash      d) journal proper
- 6 The scope of internal audit is decided by the: CO2  
a) Shareholders      b) Management      c) Government      d) Law
- 7 The errors may be divided under \_\_\_\_\_ categories CO3  
a) Three      b) Four      c) Two d) one
- 8 Vouching can be described as the essence or backbone of CO3  
a) Vouching      b) auditing      c) verification      d) all the above
- 9 Purchase returns should be vouched with the help of CO3  
a) Bought notes      b) Credit notes      c) Goods inward book      d) Cash book
- 10 Receipts from sale of investments should be vouched with the help of CO3  
a) Brokers bought notes      b) Brokers Sold notes  
c) Minutes book      d) Inventory of investment

**SECTION – B (Remembering)**

Answer any **FIVE** Questions:

**(5 X 2 = 10 Marks)**

- 11 Define the term “Auditing” CO1
- 12 What is Audit Note Book? CO1
- 13 What is Internal control? CO2
- 14 Write short note on Internal Audit. CO2
- 15 What is a voucher? CO3
- 16 What do you mean by ‘teeming and lading’? CO3
- 17 What is Patents? CO3

**SECTION – C (Understanding)**

Answer any **THREE** Questions:

**(3 X 6= 18 Marks)**

- 18 Describe the Qualities of an Auditor. CO1
- 19 Distinguish between Cost Audit and Financial Audit. CO1
- 20 What are the advantages of Internal check? CO2
- 21 What are the Objects of Internal checks? CO2
- 22 Explain the Vouching is the backbone of auditing. CO3

**SECTION – D (Applying)**

Answer any **ONE** Question:


**(1X 12= 12 Marks)**

- 23 Explain the Audit Programme. State its advantages and disadvantages. CO1
- 24 Differentiate between Internal Audit and External Audit. CO2

**&&&&&**



**VIVEKANANDA COLLEGE, TIRUVEDAKAM WEST - 625234**  
**DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE (COMPUTER APPLICATIONS)**

	<b>Course Code:</b>	11CT62	<b>Programme:</b>	B. Com (CA)	<b>CIA:</b>	I
	<b>Date:</b>	23-04-2022	<b>Part:</b>	III	<b>Semester:</b>	VI
	<b>Duration:</b>	2 Hours	<b>Academic Year:</b>	2021-22	<b>Max. Marks:</b>	50
	<b>Study Component:</b>	Core				
	<b>Course Title:</b>	<b>MANAGEMENT ACCOUNTING</b>				

**SECTION – A**

Answer **ALL** the Questions:

(10 X 1 = 10 Marks)

1. Financial statements are meaningful and useful only when they are CO1  
a) Verified    b) Presented to owners    c) Analyzed and interpreted    d) Published
2. A 'Ratio' is expressed in CO1  
a) Rupees    b) Weights    c) Proportion    d) Quantity
3. Current Ratio Indicates CO1  
a) Ability to meet short term obligations    b) Efficiency of Management  
c) Profitability    d) Decision Management
4. Funds from operation is CO2  
a) Gross profit    b) Net Profit    c) Operating Profit    d) Operating expenses
5. Payment of dividend is CO2  
a) An application of funds    b) A source of funds  
c) Neither source nor application    d) Balance Sheet
6. Gross working capital is the CO2  
a) Total value of Current assets    b) Total value of Fixed assets  
c) Total value of all assets    d) Total value of Liabilities
7. A key factor is CO3  
a) Budget factor    b) Limiting factor    c) Cost factor    d) Breakeven point
8. Break Even point is CO3  
a) Sales at which profit is high    b) Sales at which there is loss  
c) Sales at which there is no profit or loss    d) Sales at which there is loss
9. Marginal cost is also called CO3  
a) Prime cost    b) Variable cost    c) Works cost    d) Cost of production
10. Absorption costing takes into account. CO3  
a) Total cost    b) Fixed cost    c) Variable cost    d) Works cost

**SECTION – B**

Answer **any Five** Questions:

(5 X 2 = 10 Marks)

11. Define Management Accounting. CO1
12. Give the meaning of financial statement analysis. CO1
13. What do you mean by funds flow statement? CO2
14. List out the current assets and current liabilities. CO2
15. Define Marginal Costing. CO3
16. What is P/V ratio? CO3
17. Give the meaning of contribution. CO3

**SECTION – C**

Answer **any Three** Questions:

(3 X 6 = 18 Marks)

18. The following figures relate to the trading activities of a company for the year ended 31. 12. 2017 CO1

Particulars	₹	Particulars	₹
Sales	1,00,000	Salary of salesmen	1,800
C	70,000	Advertising	700

Closing stock	14,000	Travelling Expenses	500
Sales return	4,000	Salaries	3,000
Dividend Received	1,200	Rent	6,000
Profit on sale of fixed assets	600	Stationery	200
Loss on sales of shares	300	Depreciation	1,000
Opening stock	11,000	Other expenses	2,000
Provision for tax	7,000		7,000

You are required to calculate

a) Gross profit ratio b) Operating profit ratio c) Operating ratio d) Net profit ratio

19. You are given the following information:

CO1

Cash	18,000	Creditors	50,000
Debtors	1,42,000	Outstanding expenses	15,000
Closing Stock	1,80,000	Tax payable	75,000
Bills payable	27,000		

Calculate (a) Current ratio b) Liquidity ratio c) Absolute liquidity ratio

20. From the following particulars calculate funds from operations:

CO2

Salaries	5,000	Opening balance P&L A/C	25,000
Rent	3,000	Discount on issue of debentures	2,000
Refund of tax	3,000	Provision for bad debts	1,000
Profit on sale of building	5,000	Transfer to general reserve	1,000
Depreciation of plant	5,000	Preliminary expenses written off	3,000
Provision for tax	4,000	Good will written off	2,000
Loss on sale of plant	2,000	Proposed dividend	6,000
Closing balance P&L A/C	60,000	Dividend Received	5,000

21. From the following balance sheet of Vishwa Ltd you are required to prepare a cash flow statement.

CO2

Liabilities	2019	2020	Assets	2019	2020
Share capital	4,00,000	5,00,000	Cash	60,000	94,000
Trade creditors	1,40,000	90,000	Debtors	2,40,000	2,30,000
P & L A/c	20,000	46,000	Stock	1,60,000	1,80,000
			Land	1,00,000	1,32,000
	<b>5,60,000</b>	<b>6,36,000</b>		<b>5,60,000</b>	<b>6,36,000</b>

22. Write Short note on: i) Breakeven point ii) Margin of safety iii) Angle of incidence

CO3

### SECTION – D

Answer **any One** Questions:

(1 X 12 = 12 Marks)

23. Given below is the summarized balance sheet and profit and loss of Rajalaxmi sugar mills Ltd. As on 31 – 12 – 2018 you are required to calculate.

CO1

1) Fixed Asset ratio 2) Debt equity ratio 3) Proprietary ratio 4) Stock turnover ratio 5) Fixed asset turnover ratio 6) Return on capital employed 7) Debtor turnover ratio 8) Creditor turnover ratio.

<b>Liabilities</b>	<b>₹</b>	<b>Assets</b>	<b>₹</b>
Issued capital 40,000 share of ₹ 100 each	40,00,0000	Land	30,00,000
Reserve	18,00,000	Machinery	16,00,000
Creditors	26,00,000	Stock	29,60,000
Profit & Loss Account	6,00,000	Debtors	14,20,000
6% Debentures	6,00,000	Cash at bank	6,20,000
	<b>96,00,000</b>		<b>96,00,000</b>

**Profit and Loss Account**

<b>Particulars</b>	<b>₹</b>	<b>Particulars</b>	<b>₹</b>
To Opening stock	19,90,000	By Sales	1,70,00,000
To Opening stock	1,09,05,000	By Closing Stock	29,80,000
To Direct expenses	2,85,000		
<b>To Gross Profit</b>	<b>68,00,000</b>		
	<b>1,99,80,000</b>		<b>1,99,80,000</b>
To Administration expenses	30,00,000	By Gross profit	68,00,000
To Selling expenses	6,00,000	By Non – Operating income	1,80,000
To Financial Expenses	3,00,000		
To Other non – operating Expenses	80,000		
To Net profit	30,00,000		
	<b>69,80,000</b>		<b>69,80,000</b>

24. From the following balance sheet of apple Ltd on 31<sup>st</sup> December 1998 and 1999 you are required to prepare funds flow statement. CO2

<b>Liabilities</b>	<b>2018</b>	<b>2019</b>	<b>Assets</b>	<b>2018</b>	<b>2019</b>
Share Capital	1,00,000	1,00,000	Good will	12,000	12,000
General Reserve	14,000	18,000	Building	40,000	36,000
P& L A/C	16,000	13,000	Plant	37,000	36,000
Creditors	8,000	5,400	Investment	10,000	11,000
Bills payable	1,200	800	Stock	30,000	23,000
Provision for taxation	16,000	18,000	Bills Receivable	2,000	3,200
Provision for doubtful debts	400	600	Debtors	18,000	19,000
			Cash	6,600	15,200
	<b>1,55,600</b>	<b>1,55,800</b>		<b>1,55,600</b>	<b>1,55,800</b>

The following additional information has also been given:

1. Depreciation charged on plant was Rs. 4000 and on building Rs. 4,000.
2. Provision for taxation of Rs. 19,000 was made during 2019.
3. Interim dividend of Rs. 8,000 was paid during 2019.

&&&&&

**DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE (COMPUTER APPLICATIONS)**



<b>Course Code:</b>	11EP6A	<b>Programme:</b>	B.Com (CA)	<b>CIA:</b>	I
<b>Date:</b>	21-04-2022	<b>Part:</b>	III	<b>Semester:</b>	VI
<b>Duration:</b>	2 Hours	<b>Academic Year:</b>	2021-22	<b>Max. Marks:</b>	50
<b>Study Component:</b>	Elective				
<b>Course Title:</b>	<b>WEB DESIGNING</b>				

**SECTION – A (Remembering)**

Answer **ALL** the Questions:

**(10 X 1 = 10 Marks)**

- What is the correct HTML tag for inserting a line break? CO1  
a. <br>      b. <lb>      c. <break>      d. <newline>
- Which of the following HTML code is valid? CO1  
a. <font colour="red">      b. <font color="red">  
c. <red><font>      d. All of above are style tags
- Choose the correct HTML tag for the largest size heading? CO1  
a. <heading>      b. <h6>      c. <h1>      d. <head>
- What is Internet Explorer? CO2  
a. An Icon      b. A File Manager      c. A Browser      d. The Internet
- Page Designed in HTML is called as \_\_\_\_\_. CO2  
a. Yellow Page      b. Server Page      c. Front Page      d. Web Page
- Default color of active link in browser is \_\_\_\_\_. CO2  
a. red      b. blue      c. green      d. brown
- For adding caption to the table, we use \_\_\_\_\_. CO3  
a. <caption>      b. <thead>      c. <th>      d. <tr>
- Main container for <TR>, <TD> and <TH> is CO3  
a.<TABLE>      b.<GROUP>      c.<DATA>      d. All of these
- Which of the tag is used to creates a number list? CO3  
a.<LI>      b.<OL>      c.<LI> and <OL>      d. None of these
- To start a list using circles, use CO3  
a. <ul "round">      b.<ul type="circle">      c.<ul type="round">      d. <ul ="round">

**SECTION – B (Remembering)**

Answer any **FIVE** Questions:

**(5 X 2 = 10 Marks)**

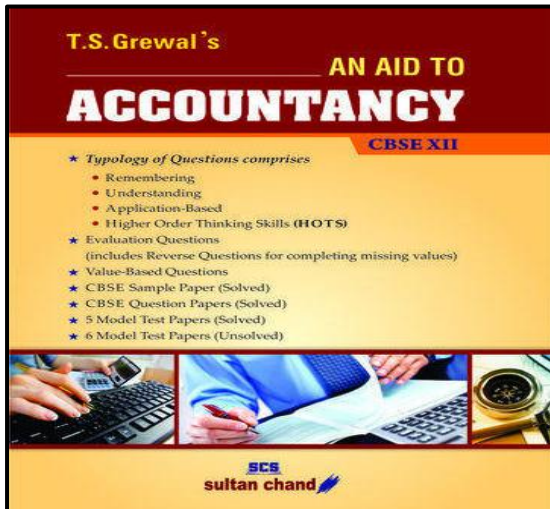
- Define the Term "HTML". CO1
- What is Home Page? CO1
- How to apply Background Color in Web Page? CO2
- List out the various types of Alignment Tags. CO2
- What is list tag and its types? CO3
- Define Nested List with example. CO3
- What is Colspan HTML? CO3

## SECTION – C (Understanding)

Answer any **THREE** Questions:

(3 X 6= 18 Marks)

- 18 Develop an HTML documents which displays your name as an <H2> heading and displays the name of any five of your friends. Each of you friend's names must be a hot text. When you click a friend's name, it must open another HTML document, which tells about your friend. CO1
- 19 Write down the steps for Type, Save and run html program with example. CO1
- 20 Write the HTML code following output. CO2



- 21 Write the short note on following? CO2  
 (a) How to resize image (b) HR (c) List Image Formats
- 22 Write the HTML code following output. CO3

List of Indian States with thier capital

1. Delhi
  - o NewDelhi
2. Haryana
  - o Chandigarh
3. Gujarat
  - o Gandhinagar
4. Rajasthan
  - o Jaipur
5. Maharashtra
  - o Mumbai
6. Uttarpradesh
  - o Lucknow

## SECTION – D (Applying)

Answer any **ONE** Question:

(1X 12= 12 Marks)

- 23 Explain any 12 HTML tags with examples. CO1
- 24 Write the HTML code following output. CO2

### BIODATA

Name :  
 Present Address :  
 Permanent Address :  
 Date of Birth :  
 Civil Status :  
 Citizenship :  
 Place of Birth :  
 Name of Father :  
 Name of Mother :  
 Address :  
 Languages or Dialects Spoken :  
 Person to be notified In Case of Emergency :

EDUCATIONAL BACKGROUND:

Elementary :  
 High School :  
 College :  
 Course :  
 Special Skills :

EMPLOYMENT RECORD:

COMPANY: POSITION: YEAR END:

1.  
2.

CHARACTER REFERENCES:

NAME: POSITION: CONTACT NO.:

1.  
2.

\_\_\_\_\_  
Applicant

Photo

Religion:  
Age :  
Weight :  
Height :

Year Graduated:  
Year Graduated:  
Year Graduated:

&&&&&&

**VIVEKANANDA COLLEGE, TIRUVEDAKAM WEST - 625234****DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE (COMPUTER APPLICATIONS)**

<b>Course Code:</b>	11SB61	<b>Programme:</b>	B.Com (CA)	<b>CIA:</b>	I
<b>Date:</b>	13-04-2022	<b>Part:</b>	IV	<b>Semester:</b>	VI
<b>Duration:</b>	1 Hour	<b>Academic Year:</b>	2021-22	<b>Max. Marks:</b>	25
<b>Study Component:</b>	Skill Based				
<b>Course Title:</b>	<b>ADVANCED EXCEL OPERATIONS</b>				

**SECTION – A**Answer **ALL** the Questions:**(5 X 1 = 5 Marks)**

- 1 Which of the following commands doesn't affect the text font? **CO1**  
a) Bold      b) Underline      c) Borders      d) Italics
- 2 Which of the following keyboard shortcut can be used for creating a chart from the selected cells ? **CO1**  
a. F11      b. F10      c. F4      d. F2
- 3 The spelling tool is placed on \_\_\_\_\_ toolbar **CO2**  
a) Standard      b) Formatting      c) Drawing      d) Reviewing
- 4 Statistical calculations and preparation of tables and graphs can be done using **CO2**  
a) Adobe Photoshop      b) Excel      c) Notepad      d) Power Point
- 5 Which of the following keyboard shortcut can be used for enter the current date? **CO3**  
a) Ctrl+;      b) Ctrl + Shift      c) Ctrl+Shift+F1      d) F2

**SECTION – B**Answer any **TWO** Questions:**(2 X 2 = 4 Marks)**

- 6 What is Column? **CO1**
- 7 What is SMALL Functions **CO1**
- 8 What do you mean by Advanced Excel? **CO2**
- 9 Give any eight short keys in MS Excel. **CO3**

**SECTION – C**Answer any **ONE** Question:**(1 X 6= 6 Marks)**

- 10 What are the different data formats in Excel? **CO1**
- 11 What are the uses of MS Excel? **CO3**

**SECTION – D**Answer any **ONE** Question:**(1 X 10= 10 Marks)**

- 12 Draw the parts of MS Excel window: Explain. **CO1**
- 13 Explain the various Components of MS Excel. **CO2**

**&&&&&&**

**VIVEKANANDA COLLEGE, TIRUVEDAKAM WEST - 625234****DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE (COMPUTER APPLICATIONS)**

<b>Course Code:</b>	11SB62	<b>Programme:</b>	B.Com (CA)	<b>CIA:</b>	I
<b>Date:</b>	15-04-2022	<b>Part:</b>	IV	<b>Semester:</b>	VI
<b>Duration:</b>	1 Hour	<b>Academic Year:</b>	2021-22	<b>Max. Marks:</b>	25
<b>Study Component:</b>	Skill Based				
<b>Course Title:</b>	<b>HARDWARE &amp; NETWORKING</b>				

**SECTION – A**Answer **ALL** the Questions:**(5 X 1 = 5 Marks)**

- What is the mean of the Booting in the system? **CO1**  
a) Restarting Computer    b) Install the Program    c) To Scan    d) To Turn Off
- The central processing unit is located in the \_\_\_\_\_. **CO1**  
a) Hard Disk    b) System unit    c) Memory unit    d) Monitor
- Which type of program acts as an intermediary between a user of a computer and the computer hardware? **CO2**  
a) Operating System    b) User Thread    c) Super User Thread    d) Application Program
- What is the full form of RAM? **CO2**  
a) Remote Access Memory    b) Random Access Memory  
c) Remote Access Memory    d) Random Access Memory
- Which of the following is not considered hardware? **CO3**  
a) Operating System    b) CPU    c) Keyboard    d) Hard Disk

**SECTION – B**Answer any **TWO** Questions:**(2 X 2 = 4 Marks)**

- What is Computer Hardware? **CO1**
- Define Primary Storage Medium. **CO1**
- What is Cache Memory? **CO2**
- State any two Output Devices of the computer. **CO3**

**SECTION – C**Answer any **ONE** Question:**(1 X 6= 6 Marks)**

- Explain the functions of Primary and Secondary storage medium. **CO1**
- List out the basic Input and Output Devices of the computer. **CO3**

**SECTION – D**Answer any **ONE** Question:**(1 X 10= 10 Marks)**

- Describe the various components of Mother Board and its Functions. **CO1**
- Explain the functions of RAM and ROM. **CO2**

**&&&&&&**

**VIVEKANANDA COLLEGE, TIRUVEDAKAM WEST - 625234****DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE (COMPUTER APPLICATIONS)**

<b>Course Code:</b>	11SB63	<b>Programme:</b>	B. Com (CA)	<b>CIA:</b>	<b>I</b>
<b>Date:</b>	18-04-2022	<b>Part:</b>	IV	<b>Semester:</b>	<b>VI</b>
<b>Duration:</b>	1 Hour	<b>Academic Year:</b>	2021-22	<b>Max. Marks:</b>	<b>25</b>
<b>Study Component:</b>	Skill Based				
<b>Course Title:</b>	<b>PHP AND MYSQL</b>				

**SECTION – A**Answer **ALL** the Questions:**(5 X 1 = 5 Marks)**

- 1 The output from PHP is \_\_\_\_\_ **CO1**  
a) statically generated    b) dynamically generated    c) not generated    d) no output
- 2 Who is known as the father of PHP? **CO1**  
a) Drek Kolkevi    b) List Barely    c) Rasmus Lerdrof    d) None of the above
- 3 Which of the following is the correct way of defining a variable in PHP? **CO1**  
a) \$variable name = value;    b) \$variable\_name = value;  
c) \$variable\_name = value    d) \$variable name as value;
- 4 How many types of array are available in php? **CO2**  
a) 1    b) 2    c) 3    d) 4
- 5 Why should we use functions? **CO2**  
a) Reusability    b) Easier error detection    c) Easily maintained    d) All of the above

**SECTION – B**Answer any **TWO** Questions:**(2 X 2 = 4 Marks)**

- 6 Define the term “PHP”. **CO1**
- 7 Write a PHP Program to multiply 4 numbers with output. **CO1**
- 8 What is an Array? **CO2**
- 9 Write the syntax of Creating function with example. **CO2**

**SECTION – C**Answer any **ONE** Question:**(1 X 6= 6 Marks)**

- 10 Write a PHP Program to perform String Handling Functions with output. **CO1**
- 11 Difference between Indexed Arrays and Associative Arrays with example. **CO2**

**SECTION – D**Answer any **ONE** Question:**(1 X 10= 10 Marks)**

- 12 Explain Looping Statements with suitable examples. **CO1**
- 13 Describe about Function Concepts with Example. **CO2**

**&&&&&&**