



VIVEKANANDA COLLEGE, TIRUVEDAKAM WEST

(Autonomous & Residential)

[Affiliated to Madurai Kamaraj University]

B.A. Economics Degree (Semester) Examinations, April 2019

Part – III : Allied Subject : Fourth Semester : Paper – II

HISTORY OF INDIA – II (1858 – 1971 AD)

Under CBCS – Credit 5

Time: **3** Hours

Max. Marks: **75**

SECTION – A

Answer ALL Questions :

(10 × 1 = 10)

1. Who is known as father of Local-Self government in India?
 - a) Lord Dalhousie
 - b) Lord Ripon
 - c) Lord Minto
 - d) Lord Reading
2. When was the first Anglo Afghan War fought?
 - a) 1839 – 1842
 - b) 1828 -1830
 - c) 1820-1824
 - d) 1819-1822
3. Who was associated with Theosophical Society?
 - a) Alice Bailey
 - b) Annie Besant
 - c) Sarojini Naidu
 - d) Madan Mohan Malaviya
4. Who was the founder of 'Satya ShodhakSamaj'?
 - a) AtmaramPandurang
 - b) Gopal Hari Deshmukh
 - c) M. G. Ranade
 - d) JyotibaPhule
5. The name "Indian National Congress" was coined by:
 - a) S.N.Bannerjee
 - b) DadabhaiNaoroji
 - c) Raja Ram Mohan Roy
 - d) M.G.Ranade
6. Who led the Salt satyagraha in Madras Presidency?
 - a) K Kamraj
 - b) C Rajagopalachari
 - c) Vallabhbhai Patel
 - d) Rajendra Prasad



VIVEKANANDA COLLEGE, TIRUVEDAKAM WEST

(Autonomous & Residential)

[Affiliated to Madurai Kamaraj University]

B.A. History Degree (Semester) Examinations, April 2019

Part – III : Allied Subject : Fourth Semester : Paper – I

MODERN GOVERNMENTS – II

Under CBCS – Credit 5

Time: **3** Hours

Max. Marks: **75**

SECTION – A

Answer ALL Questions : (10 × 1 = 10)

1. What was the main reason for the unstable Cabinet in France during fourth Republic?
 - a) Economic depression
 - b) single party system
 - c) bi-party system
 - d) multi-party system
2. The French ministers attend the meetings of the parliament but they have no _____.
 - a) Right to speak
 - b) right to ask questions
 - c) privileges
 - d) vote
3. The base of the Swiss constitution is _____.
 - a) The doctrine of popular sovereignty
 - b) Rule of Law
 - c) Administrative Law
 - d) Divine Right Theory
4. The _____ of the National Assembly presides over its meetings.
 - a) President
 - b) Vice-President
 - c) Chairman
 - d) Deputy Chairman
5. Who was the President of the Constituent Assembly of India?
 - a) Dr. Rajendra Prasad
 - b) Dr. Ambedkar
 - c) Jawaharlal Nehru
 - d) Motilal Nehru
6. The fundamental duties were added on the model of the constitution of _____.
 - a) U. S. A
 - b) England
 - c) U.S.S.R
 - d) France



VIVEKANANDA COLLEGE, TIRUVEDAKAM WEST

(Autonomous & Residential)

[Affiliated to Madurai Kamaraj University]

B.A. History Degree (Semester) Examinations, April 2019

Part – III : Core Subject : Second Semester : Paper – I

HISTORY OF INDIA (900 A.D. – 1707 A.D.)

Under CBCS – Credit 4

Time: **3** Hours

Max. Marks: **75**

SECTION – A

Answer ALL Questions :

(10 × 1 = 10)

1. What were the Chief aims of invasion of Mohammed Ghazni?
 - a) Greed for Gold
 - b) Lust for power
 - c) Both a and b
 - d) Neither of the two
2. During Mohammed expedition on India, who was first defeated in Peshawar?
 - a) Rajyapal
 - b) Jayapal
 - c) Suriyapal
 - d) Ananda pala
3. The Gujarat ruler who was defeated by the Ala-ud-din Khilji was _____
 - a) Mahadeva
 - b) Karnadeva
 - c) Ganapathydeva
 - d) Hamir Deva
4. Who gave his daughter in marriage to Iltutmish and his sister to Nasir-ud-din Qutbachah the governor of Multan?
 - a) Mohammed Ghori
 - b) Qutb-ud-din Aibak
 - c) Taj-ud-din Yildiz
 - d) Ghiyas-ud-din Mohammad
5. The only sultan of Delhi who enforced the collection of “Jizya” from the Brahmins was _____
 - a) Balban
 - b) Ala-ud-din Khilji
 - c) Ghias-ud-din Tughlaq
 - d) FiruzTughlaq
6. Who introduced the token currency at first in India?
 - a) Mohammed bin Tughlaq
 - b) Raziyya
 - c) Mohammed Ghori
 - d) Sher shah

7. Who was the founder of Bahmani kingdom?
 a) Ala-ud-din Bahman shah b) Muhammad shah
 c) Firuz shah d) Mohammed Gawan
8. Who established Vijayanagar Empire?
 a) Hari Hara and Bukka b) Krishnadevaraya
 c) SaluvaNarasimha d) Sadasivaraya
9. Who was defeated by Shersshah in the battle of Chausa?
 a) Babur b) Akbar c) Shajahan d) Humayun
10. The most magnificent building constructed by Akbar was found at ____
 a) The Fort at Agra b) The Fort at Lahore
 c) The Fort at Allahabad d) Fatehpur Sikri, 26 miles west of Agra

SECTION – B

Answer any FIVE Questions : **(5 × 2 = 10)**

11. State the character of Mouammed Ghzni.
 12. When did second Battle of Tarain take place? Who lost?
 13. Write about the features of utb Minar.
 14. Who was Raziyya Begum? What was her period of reign?
 15. Name the four towns founded by Firoz Tughlaq.
 16. Between Whom Battle of Talaikotta was fought?
 17. Mention two buildings constructed during Shah Jahan's regin in Delhi.

SECTION – C

Answer ALL Questions : **(5 × 5 = 25)**

18. a) Point out the effects of Mohammed Ghazni's Invasion on India.
 (OR)
 b) Compare and Contrast Mohammed Ghazni and Mohammed Ghori invasion on India.

19. a) Estimate Raizyya as a Ruler?
 (OR)
 b) How did Iltutmish save his kingdom from the invasion of Mongols?
20. a) Write a brief note on Timur's attack on India.
 (OR)
 b) Critically examine the market control regulations of Ala-ua-din-khiljis.
21. a) Give an account on Kabir and his philosophy.
 (OR)
 b) Assess the role of HariHara I and Bukka I for the foundation of Vijayanagar Empire?
22. a) Describe the chief reason that led Babur to invade India.
 (OR)
 b) Give a critical assessment of working of Mansabdari system.

SECTION – D

Answer any THREE Questions : **(3 × 10 = 30)**

23. Explain the Mohammed Ghori invasion on India and point out the effects of his invasion on history of India.
 24. Discuss the measures taken by Balban to consolidate his empire?
 25. Analyse the Administrative, Military, Religious and Social Reforms of Firoz Shah Tughlaq.
 26. Give a brief account of the Bhakthai Movement in medieval India.
 27. Narrate the career and achievement of Shivaji.





VIVEKANANDA COLLEGE, TIRUVEDAKAM WEST

(Autonomous & Residential)

[Affiliated to Madurai Kamaraj University]

B.A. History Degree (Semester) Examinations, April 2019
Part – III : Core Subject : Second Semester : Paper – II

HISTORY OF TAMILNADU (AD 1529 – 1987)

Under CBCS – Credit 4

Time: **3** Hours

Max. Marks: **75**

SECTION – A

Answer ALL Questions :

(10 × 1 = 10)

1. Who was the author of Madura Vijayam?
 - a) Ganga Devi
 - b) Veeramamunivar
 - c) G.U. Pope
 - d) Caldwell
2. Who transferred the capital from Trichy to Madurai?
 - a) KrishnappaNayak
 - b) ThirumalaiNayak
 - c) Queen Meenakshi
 - d) ViswanathaNayak
3. In which year the first Carnatic war started?
 - a) 1745
 - b) 1746
 - c) 1747
 - d) 1748
4. When did the MarudhuPandyas were hanged?
 - a) 1799
 - b) 1801
 - c) 1800
 - d) 1805
5. In which year Madras Mahajana Sabha was formed?
 - a) 1885
 - b) 1889
 - c) 1884
 - d) 1895
6. Who was the founder of SwadesiNavication Company?
 - a) Rajaji
 - b) E.V.R
 - c) V.O.C
 - d) Kamaraj
7. What was the organisation formed by VaigundaSwamigal?
 - a) Samaththuvasangam
 - b) Samadharm Colony
 - c) DravidaSangam
 - d) Tamil Sangam



VIVEKANANDA COLLEGE, TIRUVEDAKAM WEST

(Autonomous & Residential)

[Affiliated to Madurai Kamaraj University]

B.A. History Degree (Semester) Examinations, April 2019

Part – III : Core Subject : Fourth Semester : Paper – I

HISTORY OF INDIA (AD 1858 – 1950)

Under CBCS – Credit 4

Time: **3** Hours

Max. Marks: **75**

SECTION – A

Answer ALL Questions :

(10 × 1 = 10)

1. The people of India called the first Viceroy as _____ Canning
 a) Clever b) Clean c) Mercy d) Clemency
2. Who was the last Viceroy of British India?
 a) Lord Linlithgow b) Lord Wavell
 c) Lord Mountbatten d) Lord Irwin
3. Who established PrarthnaSamaj?
 a) Ishwar Chandra VidyaSagar b) Derozio
 c) David Hare d) AthmaramPanduranga
4. Who is the author of the book “Satyarth Prakash”?
 a) Bal GangadharTilak b) William Bentinck
 c) Raja Rammohan Roy d) DayanandSaraswati
5. Who was the first Muslim President of Indian National Congress?
 a) Badruddin Tyabji b) Pherozeshah Mehta
 c) Rahimtulla M. Sayani d) DinshawEduuljiWacha
6. When was the Civil Disobedience Movement launched?
 a) 1929 b) 1930 c) 1935 d) 1937
7. Which Act provided for the establishment of a Federal Court in India?
 a) Government of India Act, 1858 b) Government of India Act 1935
 c) Indian Council Act of 1892 d) Indian Council Act, 1861



VIVEKANANDA COLLEGE, TIRUVEDAKAM WEST

(Autonomous & Residential)

[Affiliated to Madurai Kamaraj University]

B.A. History Degree (Semester) Examinations, April 2019

Part – III : Core Subject : Fourth Semester : Paper – II

HISTORY OF EUROPE (AD 1789 – 1914)

Under CBCS – Credit 4

Time: **3** Hours

Max. Marks: **75**

SECTION – A

Answer ALL Questions :

(10 × 1 = 10)

1. In which year was the French revolution broke out?
 a) 1776 b) 1781 c) 1789 d) 1792
2. When was the Tennis Court Oath taken by the representatives of the Third Estate?
 a) 24 January 1789 b) 20 June 1789
 c) 14 July 1789 d) 27 August 1789
3. Which event marked the end of the French Revolution and the rise of Napoleon to power?
 a) The siege of Toulon b) Thermidorian reaction
 c) 13 Vendemiaire d) the coup of 18Brumaire
4. Name the economic sanction imposed by Napoleon against UK and her allies.
 a) Continental System b) Concordat
 c) Orders in Council d) Code of Napoleon
5. When did the Congress of Vienna take place?
 a) 1814-1815 b) 1815-1816 c) 1820-1826 d) 1822-1826
6. Who made major territorial gains by the Vienna settlement?
 a) Austria, Prussia, Russia b) Britain, Sweden, Holland
 c) Britain, France, Russia d) Britain, Spain, Sardinia

7. What was 'Carbonari'?
- a) An Italian state b) An Italian city
 c) A revolutionary group in Italy d) A treaty between France and Italy
8. Who masterminded the German Unification?
- a) Moltke b) Bismarck
 c) Kaiser William I d) Kaiser William II
9. In which year was the Third Republic of France founded?
- a) 1814 b) 1848 c) 1870 d) 1914
10. Which Christian minority did France claim to protect in the Ottoman Empire?
- a) Roman Catholic b) Eastern Orthodox
 c) Calvinist d) Anglican

SECTION – B

Answer any FIVE Questions : (5 × 2 = 10)

11. Who were Mirabeau and Marat?
12. What was the importance of the siege of Toulon?
13. Write about the Battle of pramids.
14. Who was Talleyrand?
15. What do you mean by the policy of blood and iron?
16. When was the Greek war of Independence fought?
17. Who was Milosh Obrenovitch?

SECTION – C

Answer ALL Questions : (5 × 5 = 25)

18. a) Write a short note on the Tennis Court Oath.
- (OR)
- b) Describe the Reign of Terror.

19. a) Describe the Russian Campaign of Napoleon?

(OR)

- b) Give an account of the Concordat.

20. a) Give an account of Charles X of France.

(OR)

- b) Describe the Holy Alliance.

21. a) Sketch the life and work of Mazzini.

(OR)

- b) Write about the Franco-Prussian War.

22. a) Explore the causes and results of the Balkan wars.

(OR)

- b) Write a brief note on the Triple Alliance of 1881.

SECTION – D

Answer any THREE Questions : (3 × 10 = 30)

23. Explain the role of Political Philosophers in the outbreak of the French Revolution.
24. Evaluate the domestic reforms of Napoleon.
25. Elaborate the aims and settlements of the Congress of Vienna.
26. Describe the unification of Italy by various stages.
27. Describe the Causes, course and results of the Crimean War.





VIVEKANANDA COLLEGE, TIRUVEDAKAM WEST

(Autonomous & Residential)

[Affiliated to Madurai Kamaraj University]

B.A. History Degree (Semester) Examinations, April 2019

Part – III : Core Subject : Sixth Semester : Paper – I

HISTORY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY – II

Under CBCS – Credit 4

Time: **3** Hours

Max. Marks: **75**

SECTION – A

Answer ALL Questions :

(10 × 1 = 10)

1. Who wrote the ‘Philosophiae Naturalis Principia Mathematica’?
a) Descartes b) Laplace c) Leibnitz d) Newton
2. Who is considered as the father of Modern Chemistry?
a) Robert Boyle b) Henry Cavendish
c) Joseph Priestly d) Antoine Lavoisier
3. Who gave the Theory of Evolution by natural selection?
a) Charles Darwin b) Alfred Wallace
c) Thomas Huxley d) Jean Baptiste Lamarck
4. Which of the following was the invention of Thomas Alva Edison?
a) Electric bulb b) Phonograph
c) Film projector and camera d) All
5. Who invented photography?
a) Louis Daguerre b) George Eastman
c) George Meles d) James Williamson
6. Which of the following uses laser technology?
a) Medical Surgery b) Welding and Cutting
c) Barcode reader d) All
7. When did the Wright brothers invent airplane?
a) 1874 b) 1903 c) 1907 d) 1911

8. Who was the first person to walk in space?
a) Alexi Leonov b) John Glenn
c) Ed White d) Svetlana Savitskaya
9. Name the Indian scientist who worked along with Einstein in quantum mechanics.
a) Jagadish Chandra Bose b) Satyendra Nath Bose
c) Chandrasekhara Venkata Raman d) Subrahmanyam Chandrasekhar
10. Name the first artificial satellite of India.
a) Aryabhata b) Baskara c) Rohini d) Kalpana

SECTION – B

Answer any FIVE Questions : **(5 × 2 = 10)**

11. Write a brief note the Royal Society of London.
12. Who was Marie Lavoisier and what was her contribution to Science?
13. What is Genetics and who is the father of Genetics?
14. Give an account of the Test Tube Babies?
15. Who actually discovered DNA?
16. Name the first two astronauts to walk on the moon?
17. What is the full form of DRDO?

SECTION – C

Answer ALL Questions : **(5 × 5 = 25)**

18. a) Explain the contribution of Robert Boyle to modern Chemistry?
(OR)
b) Mention the discoveries of Henry Cavendish and Joseph Priestly?

19. a) Write about Edward Jenner and Vaccination?

(OR)

- b) Sketch the life and work of Marie Curie.

20. a) Portray the life and work of Albert Einstein.

(OR)

- b) Write about Laser and its uses.

21. a) Write a short note on the Air balloons?

(OR)

- b) Write a brief account on the International Space Station.

22. a) Portray the life and work of Jagadish Chandra Bose.

(OR)

- b) Write about the life and work of Srinivasa Ramanujam.

SECTION – D

Answer any THREE Questions : **(3 × 10 = 30)**

23. Describe the life and achievements of Sir Isaac Newton.
24. Describe the life of Charles Darwin along with his Theory of Evolution.
25. Trace the origin and uses of computer in Modern Science and Technology.
26. Narrate the history of space exploration in the shadow of cold war.
27. Write about the achievements of ISRO.





VIVEKANANDA COLLEGE, TIRUVEDAKAM WEST

(Autonomous & Residential)

[Affiliated to Madurai Kamaraj University]

B.A. History Degree (Semester) Examinations, April 2019

Part – III : Core Subject : Sixth Semester : Paper – II

PRINCIPLES OF ARCHAEOLOGY

Under CBCS – Credit 4

Time: **3** Hours

Max. Marks: **75**

SECTION – A

Answer ALL Questions :

(10 × 1 = 10)

1. What is the aim of Archaeology?

a) Treasure hunting	b) Antique collection
c) Study of human pre-history	d) Study of the human past
2. What is Classical Archaeology?

a) Study of ancient China and Japan	b) Study of ancient Greece and Rome
c) Study of ancient Egypt	d) Study of ancient India
3. Who unearthed the city of Troy?

a) C.J. Thomsen	b) E.H. Thompson
c) J.J. Winckelmann	d) Heinrich Schliemann
4. Who deciphered the Cuneiform?

a) Sir Rowland Hill	b) Sir John Marshal
c) Sir Henry Rawlinson	d) Sir Leonard Woolley
5. Who is considered as the Father of Indian Archaeology?

a) Sir John Marshal	b) Mortimer Wheeler
c) H.D. Sankalia	d) Alexander Cunningham
6. Who started the publication of Corpus Inscriptionum Indicarum?

a) James Prinsep	b) James Burgess
c) Alexander Rea	d) Alexander Cunningham



VIVEKANANDA COLLEGE, TIRUVEDAKAM WEST

(Autonomous & Residential)

[Affiliated to Madurai Kamaraj University]

B.A. History Degree (Semester) Examinations, April 2019

Part – III : Elective Subject : Sixth Semester : Paper – I

GEOGRAPHY OF INDIA

Under CBCS – Credit 5

Time: **3** Hours

Max. Marks: **75**

SECTION – A

Answer ALL Questions :

(10 × 1 = 10)

1. The Andaman and Nicobar group of islands are separated from each other by the _____
a) 10° channel b) 20° channel c) 40° channel d) 30° channel
2. Which one of the following mountains is not the part of Eastern Ghats?
a) Sheravoy hills b) Javadi hills c) Nallamala hills d) Elamalai hills
3. What is the total channel length of the Indus river?
a) 2860km b) 2870km c) 2880km d) 2890km
4. Hirakud Dam, one of world's longest earthen dams is located in which among the following states?
a) Andhra Pradesh b) Orissa c) Karnataka d) West Bengal
5. The tobacco plant was introduced in India by the _____
a) Portuguese b) Dutch c) English d) Danish
6. The state producing largest quantity of soya beans is _____
a) Maharashtra b) Gujarat c) Rajasthan d) Madhya Pradesh
7. Which one of the following Indian Railway zones covers the maximum distance?
a) North-Eastern zone b) Northern zone
c) Central zone d) Western zone



VIVEKANANDA COLLEGE, TIRUVEDAKAM WEST

(Autonomous & Residential)

[Affiliated to Madurai Kamaraj University]

B.A. History Degree (Semester) Examinations, April 2019
Part – III : Elective Subject : Sixth Semester : Paper – II

CONTEMPORARY WORLD (AD 1945 – 2000)

Under CBCS – Credit 5

Time: **3** Hours

Max. Marks: **75**

SECTION – A

Answer ALL Questions :

(10 × 1 = 10)

1. What was the main objective of the Truman Doctrine?
 - a) To render financial aid to Europe
 - b) to stop the spread of Communism
 - c) to limit the build-up of nuclear weapons
 - d) to expand trade with Europe
2. What did Perestroika mean?

a) Restructuring	b) Industrialization
c) Information	d) Democracy
3. What country had two atomic bombs dropped on it during World War II?

a) Germany	b) Japan	c) France	d) Russia
------------	----------	-----------	-----------
4. Expand IAEA.
 - a) International Agricultural Exchange Association
 - b) International Atomic Energy Agency
 - c) Institute of Automotive Engineer Assessors
 - d) Independent Administration of Estates Act
5. Which constitutional amendment made slavery illegal in U.S.A.?

a) 2 nd Amendment	b) 5 th Amendment
c) 13 th Amendment	d) 15 th Amendment

6. What right did Black South Africans not have?
- a) Right to Education b) right to acquire property
c) Right to speak d) right to vote
7. Name the secret agreement signed between Great Britain and France in 1916.
- a) Taba Agreement b) Oslo Accord
c) Sykes-picot Agreement d) Camp David Accord
8. In which year did Israel invade Lebanon?
- a) 1952 b) 1962 c) 1972 d) 1982
9. What is suffrage?
- a) the right to vote b) right to live
c) right to education d) right to speak
10. On which date the Currency Euro was put in to circulation?
- a) 1st January 1999 b) 1st January 2000
c) 1st January 2001 d) 1st January 2002

SECTION – B

Answer any FIVE Questions : (5 × 2 = 10)

11. What do you mean by Perestorika?
12. Write a note on Berlin Wall?
13. Mention any five Nuclear Powers.
14. Write the expansion of UNO and SALT.
15. What is Apartheid?
16. Who was Rosa Parks?
17. In which year Israel was created? Mention the countries having borders with Israel.

SECTION – C

Answer ALL Questions : (5 × 5 = 25)

18. a) Write a note on Vietnam War.
(OR)
b) Give an account of the dissolution of the USSR.
19. a) Discuss about the NPT.
(OR)
b) Assess the importance of CTBT in disarmament.
20. a) Write about Nelson Mandela.
(OR)
b) Write briefly about African Union.
21. a) Narrate the Six Day War.
(OR)
b) Give a short account of Hamas.
22. a) Write about Srimavo Bandaranaike.
(OR)
b) Explain Globalization.

SECTION – D

Answer any THREE Questions : (3 × 10 = 30)

23. Describe the Cold War.
24. Narrate the Nuclear Arms Race.
25. Estimate the role of Martin Luther King in the American Civil Rights Movement.
26. Explain the Palestinian Problem.
27. Examine the formation of European Union and bring out its functions.





VIVEKANANDA COLLEGE, TIRUVEDAKAM WEST

(Autonomous & Residential)

[Affiliated to Madurai Kamaraj University]

B.A. / B.Sc. Degree (Semester) Examinations, April 2019

Part – IV : Non-Major Elective Subject : Second Semester : Paper – I

CONSTITUTION OF INDIA

Under CBCS – Credit 2

Time: **2 Hours**

Max. Marks: **75**

SECTION – A

Answer ALL Questions :

(10 × 1 = 10)

1. India is a _____ state.
a) Secular b) Non- Secular c) Hindu d) Christian
2. Which Article of the Indian Constitution abolishes “Untouchability”?
a) Article 14 b) Article 15 c) Article 16 d) Article 17
3. The real executive head of the state is the _____.
a) President b) Governor c) Prime Minister d) Chief Minister
4. The Legislative Assembly is presided over by the _____.
a) Chief Minister b) Chief Justice c) Speaker d) Chairman
5. Presidential rule is recognized by the article _____.
a) 356 b) 350 c) 326 d) 340
6. Supreme Court Judges retire at the age of _____.
a) 62 b) 65 c) 60 d) 58
7. Members of Lok Sabha are elected by _____.
a) Indirect election b) Direct election
c) Chairperson d) Prime Minister

8. By Which Amendment were “Fundamental Duties” added to the constitution?

- a) 356 b) 350 c) 326 d) 340

9. Who is known as the sculptor of the constitution of India?

- a) Rajendra Prasad b) V.V. Giri
c) Dr. Ambedkar d) S. Radhakrishnan

10. The First Election Commissioner of India was _____.

- a) Dr.Nagendra Singh b) S.P.Sen Verma
c) Sukumar Sen d) K.V.K.Sundaram

SECTION – B

Answer any FIVE Questions :

(5 × 2 = 10)

11. What is known as Directive Principles?
12. What is meant by Citizenship?
13. What is meant by Federation?
14. What is a bicameral legislature?
15. What is meant by Electoral College?
16. Write a short note on Judicial Review?
17. What is Bye-election?

SECTION – C

Answer ALL Questions :

(3 × 9 = 27)

18. a) Write a note on Constituent Assembly.

(OR)

b) Give an examples of the fundamental rights.

19. a) Describe the works of State Secretariat.

(OR)

b) Explain the powers of the Speaker.

20. a) What are the functions of the Rajya Sabha.

(OR)

b) State the role of Governor as agent of centre.

SECTION – D

Answer any TWO Questions :

(2 × 14 = 28)

21. Bring out the salient features of the Constitution of India.
22. Examine the executive powers and function of Indian President.
23. Analyse the establishment of Supreme Court and its powers.
24. Write an essay on the division of powers between the centre and the state.





VIVEKANANDA COLLEGE, TIRUVEDAKAM WEST

(Autonomous & Residential)

[Affiliated to Madurai Kamaraj University]

B.A. History Degree (Semester) Examinations, April 2019
Part – IV : Skill Based Subject : Fourth Semester : Paper – I

ARCHIVES KEEPING

Under CBCS – Credit 2

Time: **2 Hours**

Max. Marks: **75**

SECTION – A

Answer ALL Questions :

(10 × 1 = 10)

1. The term “Record” originated from _____.
a) Latin term “recordari” b) Greek term “Eor”
c) English term “recordari” d) Sanskrit term “Lakaha”
2. The term “Archcion” belongs to from
a) Latin b) Greek c) German d) French
3. During the period of Akbar the Record office was known as _____.
a) Dafter Khana b) Dabir-i-Mamalik
c) Diwan-i-Insha d) Sukranithi
4. The U.N.O created the International archives council in _____.
a) 1947 b) 1957 c) 1948 d) 1951
5. Who built the National Archives?
a) John Russell Pope b) Halled Well
c) James Princep d) Mahesh Sharma
6. The Tamil Nadu Archives have been open for the researchers from the year _____.
a) 1920 b) 1930 c) 1927 d) 1806
7. How were records without date and place called?
a) Ni-lo-Pittu b) Tittu c) Hina d) Olai

8. "Diwan -i- Insha" was the in charge of _____.

- a) royal correspondence
- b) royal court
- c) army
- d) accounts department

9. Papyrus plant was largely grown over

- a) Nile Valley
- b) Indus Valley
- c) The Himalayas
- d) Cauvery Delta

10. The book that describes the method of archives keeping of the Mauryas

- a) Indica
- b) Artha Sastra
- c) Mudra Rakshasam
- d) Sakuntalam

SECTION – B

Answer any FIVE Questions :

(5 × 2 = 10)

11. What do archives mean?
12. What is the difference between archives and record rooms?
13. What is the purpose of the National Archives?
14. Why was the National Archives created?
15. What kind of document is available at the National Archives?
16. What is the purpose of archives?
17. Where is the national archive of India located?

SECTION – C

Answer ALL Questions :

(3 × 9 = 27)

18. a) Point out the Nature and Types of archives.

(OR)

b) Write a short note on Archives Keeping in the Ancient Rome.

19. a) Sketch the history of National Archives of India.

(OR)

b) Examine the history of Archives keeping in France.

20. a) Explain the Research values of Archives.

(OR)

b) Write a short note on Tamil Nadu Archives.

SECTION – D

Answer any TWO Questions :

(2 × 14 = 28)

21. Write an essay on "Creation of Archives".
22. Explain briefly about various "Functions of the Archives".
23. Analyse the functions of the Indian Historical Records Commission.
24. Write an essay on "The History of Archives keeping in India".





VIVEKANANDA COLLEGE, TIRUVEDAKAM WEST

(Autonomous & Residential)

[Affiliated to Madurai Kamaraj University]

B.A. History Degree (Semester) Examinations, April 2019
Part – IV : Skill Based Subject : Sixth Semester : Paper – I

EPIGRAPHY

Under CBCS – Credit 2

Time: **2 Hours**

Max. Marks: **75**

SECTION – A

Answer ALL Questions :

(10 × 1 = 10)

1. Which one of the following is the earliest inscription found in India?
 - a) Asokan Inscription
 - b) Gupta Inscription
 - c) Chola Inscription
 - d) Pandya Inscription
2. The earliest attempt to decipher Brahmi script was made by
 - a) Fleet
 - b) Nagasamy
 - c) James Princep
 - d) None
3. Kharosti script was written from
 - a) Top to bottom
 - b) bottom to top
 - c) left to right
 - d) right to left
4. The Sanskrit inscription at Mandagappattu mentions about _____.
 - a) Mahendravarman I
 - b) Narasimhavarman
 - c) Rajasimhan
 - d) Raja Raja I
5. Who published a Journal called Indian Antiquary?
 - a) Hultzh
 - b) John Fleet
 - c) James Burgess
 - d) George Buhler
6. Name the most popular Indian Epigraphist.
 - a) Krishnasastri
 - b) Subramanya Iyer
 - c) Irvatham Mahadevan
 - d) Buhler

7. Who was the author of the book called Origin of Tamil Script?
a) Krishnasastri b) Subramanya Iyer
c) Iravatham Mahadevan d) Fleet
8. Which is the earliest Tamil Brahmi Inscription found in Tamil Nadu?
a) Anaimalai Inscription b) Mangulam Inscription
c) Pugalur Inscription d) Mandagappattu Inscription
9. Which inscription mentions about the Genealogy of the Chera Dynasty?
a) Anaimalai Inscription b) Mangulam Inscription
c) Pugalur Inscription d) Mandagappattu Inscription
10. Who issued Velvikkudi Copper Plates?
a) ParantakaVeeranarayanan b) Parantaka Nedunjadaiyan
c) Raja RajaI d) Rajendra I

SECTION – B

Answer any FIVE Questions : (5 × 2 = 10)

11. What is Epigraphy?
12. What is Pictograph?
13. Name the writing materials used during ancient period.
14. List out the Eras mentioned in the Inscriptions.
15. Name any four important inscriptions of India.
16. List out any four important inscriptions of Tamil Nadu.
17. List any four copper plates of Tamil Nadu.

SECTION – C

Answer ALL Questions : (3 × 9 = 27)

18. a) Write a short note on Epigraphy.
(OR)
b) Explain the types of Inscription?
19. a) Write a short note on Kali Era.
(OR)
b) Explain the forms and contents of the Inscription?
20. a) Write a short note on Mandagappattu Inscription.
(OR)
b) Give an account on Asokan Inscriptions.

SECTION – D

Answer any TWO Questions : (2 × 14 = 28)

21. Write the Alphabets of Tamil Brahmi Script.
22. Write an essay about the Saka Era.
23. Write an essay about Utaramerur Inscriptions.
24. Explain in detail about Velvikkudi Copper Plates.





VIVEKANANDA COLLEGE, TIRUVEDAKAM WEST

(Autonomous & Residential)

[Affiliated to Madurai Kamaraj University]

B.A. History Degree (Semester) Examinations, April 2019
Part – IV : Skill Based Subject : Sixth Semester : Paper – II

MUSEOLOGY

Under CBCS – Credit 2

Time: **2 Hours**

Max. Marks: **75**

SECTION – A

Answer ALL Questions :

(10 × 1 = 10)

1. Which is the oldest among the National Museums?

a) Vatican Museum, Rome	b) Egyptian Museum, Cairo
c) British Museum, London	d) Louvre Museum, Paris
2. Mention the oldest museum in India.

a) National Museum, New Delhi	b) Government Museum, Chennai
c) Indian Museum, Kolkata	d) City Palace Museum, Jaipur
3. Where one can see the original Lion Capital of Asoka, the official emblem of India?

a) Sanchi Museum	b) Odisha State Museum
c) Sarnath Museum	d) National Museum, New Delhi
4. Where the Kohinoor diamond along with British crown jewels is kept for public view?

a) British Museum, London	b) Buckingham Palace, London
c) Tower of London	d) Tower Bridge, London
5. Which museum owns the famous Mona Lisa painting?

a) Acropolis Museum, Athens	b) Louvre Museum, Paris
c) Metropolitan Museum of Art, New York	d) British Museum, London



VIVEKANANDA COLLEGE, TIRUVEDAKAM WEST

(Autonomous & Residential)

[Affiliated to Madurai Kamaraj University]

02SB63

B.A. History Degree (Semester) Examinations, April 2019

Part – IV : Skill Based Subject : Sixth Semester : Paper – III

PHILATELY AND NUMISMATICS

Under CBCS – Credit 2

Time: **2 Hours**

Max. Marks: **75**

SECTION – A

Answer ALL Questions : (10 × 1 = 10)

- Who issued the world’s earliest available coins?
a) Sumerians b) Lydians c) Mauryans d) Manchus
- Which country issued the world’s first postage stamp?
a) UK b) USA c) USSR d) UAE
- To which collection does the term ‘Cinderella’ refers to?
a) Labels b) Bonds
c) Charity stamps d) Non-postage stamps
- To which collection does the term ‘Exonumia’ refers to?
a) Medals and Tokens b) Shares and Bonds
c) Paper money d) Polymer money
- Which country does not have its name on its stamp?
a) Austria b) UK c) France d) USA
- The coin of which country bears the slogan ‘In God we trust’?
a) Austria b) UK c) France d) USA
- How many among the world nations are members of the Universal Postal Union?
a) 146 b) 192 c) 224 d) 302
- How many European nations have the Euro as their official currency?
a) 12 b) 19 c) 22 d) 28
- Which country is the first to issue vinyl record stamps?
a) Japan b) Australia c) Bhutan d) Hong Kong

10. Which country is the first to issue polymer currency?
a) USA b) Japan c) Australia d) Korea

SECTION – B

Answer any FIVE Questions : (5 × 2 = 10)

- Identify the Penny Black.
- Identify the Half- Anna Blue.
- What is a Charity Stamp?
- What is a Killer Cancellation?
- What is Hell money?
- What is a Holed coin?
- Tell about bi-metallic coin?

SECTION – C

Answer ALL Questions : (3 × 9 = 27)

- a) Describe the features of a postage stamp. (OR)
b) Describe the features of a coin.
- a) Explain the different types of cancellation. (OR)
b) Explain the different types of rim.
- a) Mention the philatelic accessories. (OR)
b) Mention the numismatic accessories.

SECTION – D

Answer any TWO Questions : (2 × 14 = 28)

- Describe in detail the philatelic collectables.
- Trace the history of postage stamps in India.
- Explain the method of collecting coins.
- Write about the Ancient Indian Coinage.

