



02AT02

VIVEKANANDA COLLEGE, TIRUVEDAKAM WEST

(Autonomous & Residential)

[Affiliated to Madurai Kamaraj University]

B.A. Economics Degree (Semester) Examinations, April 2018

Part – III : Allied Subject : Fourth Semester : Paper – II

HISTORY OF INDIA – II (1858 – 1971 AD)

Under CBCS – Credit 5

Time: **3 Hours**

Max. Marks: **75**

SECTION – A

Answer ALL Questions:

(10 × 1 = 10)

- Who was the first viceroy of India?
 - Lord Warren Hastings
 - Lord Canning
 - Lord Ripon
 - Lord Curzon
- Which of the following founded by Rajaram Mohan Roy?
 - Brahma Samaj
 - Prarthana Samaj
 - Arya Samaj
 - Theosophical Society
- When was Indian National Congress founded?
 - 1855
 - 1885
 - 1895
 - 1905
- By which act Dyarchy was introduced in provinces?
 - Indian Council Act of 1861
 - Indian Council Act of 1892
 - Indian Council Act of 1909
 - Indian Council Act of 1919
- Which state was first formed in India on linguistic basis?
 - Karnataka
 - Tamilnadu
 - Andhra
 - Bihar
- What was the significance of Mountbatten plan?
- What was the objective of Ramakrishna Mission?
- Who were the Moderates?
- What is Nai Talim?
- What is the meaning of Mixed Economy?

SECTION – B

Answer ALL Questions:

(5 × 7 = 35)

- Lord Canning.

(OR)

 - Ilbert controversy.
- Arya Samaj.

(OR)

 - Theosophical Society.
- Home Rule Movement.

(OR)

 - Vedaranyam salt march.
- Indian Council Act of 1892.

(OR)

 - Impact of British rule in India.
- Integration of Princely states.

(OR)

 - Reorganisation of Indian States.

SECTION – C

Answer any THREE Questions:

(3 × 10 = 30)

- Explain the administrative reforms of Lord Curzon.
- What was the impact of Socio-religious reform movements in India?
- Estimate the role of Gandhi in the Indian National Movement.
- Enumerate the salient features of the Indian Government Act of 1935.
- Discuss the features of foreign policy of India.





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B.A. History Degree (Semester) Examinations, April 2018

Part – III : Allied Subject : Fourth Semester : Paper – I

MODERN GOVERNMENTS - II

Under CBCS – Credit 5

Time: **3 Hours**

Max. Marks: **75**

SECTION – A

Answer ALL Questions:

(10 × 1 = 10)

- The constitution of France was adopted on _____.
 a) 4th September 1958 b) 4th October 1958
 c) 4th November 1958 c) 4th December 1958
- The preamble of the constitution of France recalls the _____.
 a) Declaration of the Rights of man and of the citizen
 b) To ensure Judicial authority
 c) Introducing the new constitution
 d) To establish the Constitutional Council
- Parliamentary form of Government is common in _____.
 a) India and France constitution
 b) India and Switzerland constitution
 c) India and British constitution
 d) India and Irish constitution
- The Directive principles of state policy are derived from _____.
 a) Irish constitution b) Swiss constitution
 c) British constitution c) Australian constitution
- According to the 42nd constitutional amendment part IV A deals with _____.
 a) Directive principles of state policy
 b) Fundamental Duties
 c) The Union d) The states
- Mention any one of the Fundamental Duties of Indian constitution.
- Define preamble for Indian constitution.
- Which house represents the states of the Indian federation?
- Which judiciary is headed by Indian constitution?
- Define part II and part III of the Indian constitution.

SECTION – B

Answer ALL Questions:

(5 × 7 = 35)

- Bring out the features of the constitution of France.
(OR)
 b) Write a note on federal council of Swiss constitution.
- Write a note on Indian constitution?
(OR)
 b) Highlight the importance of fundamental duties.
- Write a note on Directive Principles of state policy of Indian constitution.
(OR)
 b) What is party system in India.
- a) Role of Lok Sabha - Discuss.
(OR)
 b) Highlight the significance of Amendments to the Indian constitution.
- a) Analyse Centre-State relations.
(OR)
 b) Demerits of centre - State relations - Discuss.

SECTION – C

Answer any THREE Questions:

(3 × 10 = 30)

- Explain the salient features of Indian constitution.
- Discuss the role of Dr. B.R. Ambedkar in framing of Indian constitution.
- Modern trends of constitutional amendment of Switzerland - Discuss.
- Explain the salient features of constitution of France.
- Highlight the importance of Supreme Court in Indian constitution.





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B.A. History Degree (Semester) Examinations, April 2018

Part – III : Core Subject : Second Semester : Paper – I

HISTORY OF INDIA (AD 900 - 1707)

Under CBCS – Credit 4

Time: **3 Hours**

Max. Marks: **75**

SECTION – A

Answer ALL Questions:

(10 × 1 = 10)

- Name the historian who came along with Mahmud Ghazni to India
a) Barani b) Abul Fazl c) Alberuni d) Ibn Battuta
- When was the Slave dynasty established?
a) 1191 b) 1192 c) 1206 d) 1211
- Who was the Slave of Alauddin khilji?
a) Balban b) Qutb. din. Aibak
c) Raziya d) Malikkafur
- Who was Muhammad Gawan?
a) Prime Minister b) Governor
c) Minister d) Ambassador
- Whose period was known as Golden age for the Mughal Art and Architecture?
a) Babur b) Humayun c) Akbar d) Shah Jahan
- Who laid foundation for Muslim rule in India?
- Write about 'Forty Nobles' (Turkan-e-Chihalgani).
- What do you mean by "Dagh" system?
- Write about Amuktamalyada.
- Who moulded the character of Shivaji?

SECTION – B

Answer ALL Questions:

(5 × 7 = 35)

- a) Mahmud of Ghori.
(OR)
b) Somnath Expedition of Mahmud of Ghazni.
- a) Iltumish.
(OR)
b) Sultana Raziya.
- a) Administration of Alauddin Khilji.
(OR)
b) Downfall of Delhi Sultanate.
- a) Mansabdari system.
(OR)
b) Rise of the Marathas.
- a) Muhammad Ghawan.
(OR)
b) Krishna Devaraya.

SECTION – C

Answer any THREE Questions:

(3 × 10 = 30)

- Explain the causes of the defeat of Rajputs by Muhammad of Ghori.
- Evaluate the reforms of Balban.
- Enumerate the administrative reforms of Muhammad-bin-Tughlug.
- Write an essay on the rise of Bhakti Movement in medieval India.
- Estimate the contribution of Mughals to art and architecture.




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B.A. History Degree (Semester) Examinations, April 2018

Part – III : Core Subject : Second Semester : Paper – II

HISTORY OF TAMILNADU (AD 1529 - 1987)

Under CBCS – Credit 4

 Time: **3 Hours**

 Max. Marks: **75**
SECTION – A
Answer ALL Questions:

(10 × 1 = 10)

- Who was the founder of Nayakdom of Madurai?
 - Nagama Nayak
 - Visvasatha Nayak
 - Krishnappa Nayak
 - Thirumalai Nayak
- Where was Kattabomman hanged to death?
 - Pudukottai
 - Sivagangai
 - Tirunelveli
 - Kayattar
- Who was known as ‘Chekkilutha Chemmal’?
 - Subramaniya Siva
 - Vanchinathan
 - V.O.Chidambaram Pillai
 - Padmanabha Aiyar
- Where was EV Ramasamy started to protest against the inhuman attitude of the Brahmin?
 - Salem
 - Erode
 - Kanchipuram
 - Vaikom
- Which of the following is an innovation of Rajaji?
 - Modified Scheme of Education
 - Irrigation Project
 - Midday Meals Scheme
 - K plan
- How was Raghunatha Sethupathy called?
- Which European country first came to India?
- Who supported Home Rule Movement in Tamilnadu?
- Write about the abolition of Devadasi system.
- Name the Political Guru of Kamaraj.

SECTION – B
Answer ALL Questions:

(5 × 7 = 35)

- Sources of history of Madurai Nayaks.

(OR)

 b) Sethupathis of Ramnad.
- First Carnatic war.

(OR)

 b) Pulithevar.
- V. O. Chidambaram.

(OR)

 b) Bharathiyar.
- Vaikuntha swami.

(OR)

 b) Dr. Muthulakshmi Reddy.
- Vedaranyam salt March.

(OR)

 b) Anti Hindi agitation of 1965.

SECTION – C
Answer any THREE Questions:

(3 × 10 = 30)

- Estimate the contribution of Tirumalai Nayak to art and architecture.
- What were the causes and results of Vellore Mutiny of 1806?
- Trace the role of Tamilnadu in the Indian National Movement.
- Bring out the achievements of Justice Party.
- Examine the social welfare reforms introduced by ADMK Government under M.G.R.





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B.A. History Degree (Semester) Examinations, April 2018

Part – III : Core Subject : Fourth Semester : Paper – I

HISTORY OF INDIA (AD 1858 - 1950)

Under CBCS – Credit 4

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 75

SECTION – A

Answer ALL Questions:

(10 × 1 = 10)

- The withdrawal of the Doctrine of Lapse occurred under the Viceroyalty of _____.
a) Lytton b) Curzon c) Ripon d) Canning
- _____ is otherwise known as Turkhadekar.
a) Annie Besant b) Ranade
c) Ram Mohan Roy d) Atmaram Pandurang
- _____ is one of the founding fathers of INC whose criticism of Lord Lytton led to his removal from secretariat in 1879.
a) Dadabai Nowroji b) Wedderburn
c) Surendranath Banarji d) A.O. Hume
- Mahatma Gandhi was brutally assassinated by _____.
a) Govind b) Amit Panday
c) Saket Ram d) Nathuram Godse
- Child Marriage Restraint Act was passed in _____.
a) 1926 b) 1927 c) 1928 d) 1929
- The practice of holding ICS examinations simultaneously in England as well as in India began in _____.
- Where is the headquarters of the Theosophical society?
- How many delegates were attended in the first session of INC?
- [Muhammad Mahabat Khanji III](#) was the Nizam of _____ during Indian independence.
- Archaeological survey of India was established during the Viceroyalty of _____.

SECTION – B

Answer ALL Questions:

(5 × 7 = 35)

- Mention the importance of the Queen's Proclamation.
(OR)
b) Write a short note on the introduction of local self-government in India.
- Write about *Sampat Kaumudi*.
(OR)
b) Write a note on Jothiba Phule.
- Discuss the role of western education in the emergence of nationalism in India.
(OR)
b) Write about the Surat Split of 1907.
- Why was the Non Cooperation Movement called off in 1922?
(OR)
b) Why did Gandhi support Khilafat Movement?
- What are the provisions of Indian Council Act of 1861?
(OR)
b) What are the recommendations of the Radhakrishnan Commission of 1948 - 49?

SECTION – C

Answer any THREE Questions:

(3 × 10 = 30)

- What are the administrative reforms of Lord Curzon?
- Trace the causes for the emergence of Socio Religious Reform movements in 19th century.
- Differentiate the works of moderates and extremists of INC.
- Write an essay on the events leading to Jallianwalla Bagh massacre of 1919.
- Describe the background and salient features of the Government of India Act, 1935.





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B.A. History Degree (Semester) Examinations, April 2018

Part – III : Core Subject : Fourth Semester : Paper – II

HISTORY OF EUROPE (AD 1789 - 1914)

Under CBCS – Credit 4

Time: **3 Hours**Max. Marks: **75****SECTION – A****Answer ALL Questions:****(10 × 1 = 10)**

1. François-Marie Arouet is otherwise known as _____.
a) Rousseau b) Montesquieu c) Voltaire d) Napoleon
2. In 1809, under Napoleon's orders, Pope _____ was placed under arrest in Italy.
a) Alexander b) Gregory c) Pius VII d) Nicholas
3. _____ was the French representative in the Congress of Vienna.
a) Disraeli b) Alexander c) Talleyrand d) Metternich
4. Young Italy was organized by _____.
a) Garibaldi b) Cavour
c) Giuseppe Mazzini d) Victor Immanuel
5. Mehmet Ali belonged to _____.
a) Greece b) Bulgaria c) Egypt d) Serbia
6. Marie Antoinette was executed at age of _____.
7. Napoleon and _____ signed the Treaty of Tilsit.
8. The February Revolution occurred in the year _____.
9. The Confederation of Rhine was established by _____ in 1806.
10. The Second Balkan War was ended with the treaty of _____.

SECTION – B**Answer ALL Questions:****(5 × 7 = 35)**

11. a) Write about 'the Declaration of the Rights of Man and the Citizen'.
(OR)
b) Give an account on the 'the Storming of the Bastille'
12. a) Give an account of the Concordat.
(OR)
b) Describe the Russian campaign of Napoleon.
13. a) Give an account on Charles X of France.
(OR)
b) What was the Concert of Europe? Give reasons for its failure.
14. a) Write about the Franco-Prussian war.
(OR)
b) What were the causes and consequences of 'Kulturkampf'?
15. a) Explore the causes of Balkan wars.
(OR)
b) Write a brief note on the Triple Alliance of 1881.

SECTION – C**Answer any THREE Questions:****(3 × 10 = 30)**

16. Explain the role of political philosophers in the outbreak of French Revolution.
17. Evaluate the Domestic reforms of Napoleon.
18. Elaborate on the aims and settlements of Vienna Congress.
19. Describe the Unification of Italy by various stages.
20. Write an essay on the causes and results of Crimean War.





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B.A. History Degree (Semester) Examinations, April 2018

Part – III : Core Subject : Sixth Semester : Paper – I

HISTORY OF SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY - II

Under CBCS – Credit 4

Time: **3 Hours**

Max. Marks: **75**

SECTION – A

Answer ALL Questions:

(10 × 1 = 10)

- The French Academy of Sciences was formed during the rule of
 - Louis XV
 - Charles II
 - Louis XIV
 - Napoleon Bonaparte
- Sir James Young Simpson invented
 - Penicillin
 - Chloroform
 - Radar
 - X- ray
- Telegraphy was invented by
 - Thomas Alva Edison
 - Marconi
 - John Logie Baird
 - Samuel Morse
- The first man in Space
 - Neil Armstrong
 - Rakesh Sharma
 - Yuri Gagarin
 - Kalpana Chawla
- Vikram Sarabhai Space Centre is located at
 - Bangalore
 - Mumbai
 - Sriharikota
 - Thiruvananthapuram
- What was the invention of Thoms Newcoman?
- What is Linnaeus known for?
- What antibiotics can do to your body?
- Who won the race to moon in 1969?
- What is the name of the first test tube baby in India?

SECTION – B

Answer ALL Questions:

(5 × 7 = 35)

11. a) Mention the discoveries of Henry Cavendish and Joseph Priestly in Chemistry. **(OR)**
b) Assess the career and work of Charles Goodyear.
12. a) Write about the vaccination experiments of Edward Jenner. **(OR)**
b) Narrate the scientific inventions of Michael Faraday.
13. a) Write the uses of the LASER in our day today life. **(OR)**
b) Explain the Theory of Relativity of Albert Einstein.
14. a) Narrate the Space missions of USA and USSR. **(OR)**
b) Write about the uses of Communication Satellites.
15. a) Write about the life and works of Srinivasa Ramanujan. **(OR)**
b) Portray the life and works of Jagadish Chandra Bose.

SECTION – C

Answer any THREE Questions:

(3 × 10 = 30)

16. Estimate the career and achievements of Sir Isacc Newton.
17. Write about the life and achievements of Thomas Alva Edison.
18. Trace the various stages of computer hardware.
19. Narrate the development of Commercial aviation after the Second World War.
20. Assess the characteristics of India's Nuclear Policy.




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B.A. History Degree (Semester) Examinations, April 2018

Part – III : Core Subject : Sixth Semester : Paper – II

PRINCIPLES OF ARCHAEOLOGY

Under CBCS – Credit 4

 Time: **3 Hours**

 Max. Marks: **75**
SECTION – A
Answer ALL Questions:

(10 × 1 = 10)

1. Buried bones are dated by adopting by which of the following method?
 - a) Denrochronology
 - b) Fluorine dating method
 - c) Pottasium-Argon dating method
 - d) Carbon 14 dating
2. Roman coins were found in the excavations at
 - a) Todaiyur
 - b) Mallapadi
 - c) Alagankulam
 - d) Sendamangalam
3. Who was responsible for the passing of the Ancient Monuments Preservation Act of 1904?
 - a) Lord Rippon
 - b) Lord Dalhousie
 - c) Lord Bentinck
 - d) Lord Curzon
4. The Study of fossil remains is called as
 - a) Geology
 - b) Paleontology
 - c) Ethroanbeclogy
 - d) Anthropology
5. The Asiatic Society of Bengal was established in the year
 - a) 1784
 - b) 1884
 - c) 1860
 - d) 1878
6. What is the technical name for the modern man?
7. How many years were taken to complete the Taj Mahal?
8. Who adopted the Stratigraphy method first in Archaeology?
9. Name the metal made of the statue of dancing girl found in Mohenjo-Daro?
10. Which is the oldest museum in the world?

SECTION – B
Answer ALL Questions:

(5 × 7 = 35)

11. a) Define the term Archaeology and write its aim and scope.
(OR)
b) What is Classical Archaeology? Explain.
12. a) Explain how far Napoleon is responsible for the birth of Egyptology.
(OR)
b) Assess Botta and Layard as pioneers of Mesopotamian Archaeology.
13. a) Examine the role of Robert Bruce Foote in the Pre Historic Studies.
(OR)
b) Bring out the contribution of Colin Mackenzie in the Indology.
14. a) Write a note on the Site Survey in Archaeological research.
(OR)
b) Explain the Radio Carbon Dating method.
15. a) Write a note on the Cist Burial system
(OR)
b) What is your opinion that Archaeology is Science or Art?

SECTION – C
Answer any THREE Questions:

(3 × 10 = 30)

16. Write an essay on the different kinds of Archaeology.
17. Estimate the career and achievements of Heinrich Schliemann in the field of Archaeology.
18. Assess the services of Alexander Cunningham in Indian Archaeology.
19. Narrate the various methods of Excavation in Archaeology.
20. Write about the role of Archaeological Survey of India in the conservation of ancient monuments.





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VIVEKANANDA COLLEGE, TIRUVEDAKAM WEST

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B.A. History Degree (Semester) Examinations, April 2018

Part – III : Elective Subject : Sixth Semester : Paper – I

GEOGRAPHY OF INDIA

Under CBCS – Credit 5

Time: **3 Hours**

Max. Marks: **75**

SECTION – A

Answer ALL Questions:

(10 × 1 = 10)

- The Himalayas are known as _____
 a) Mound of Dead b) Abode of Snow
 c) Swalik d) Himadri
- The source of the river Vaigai is
 a) Agasthiyar Hills b) VarushaNaadu Hills
 c) Anaimalai d) Palani Hills
- The staple food crops are
 a) Cotton and Jute b) Fruits and Vegetables
 c) Coffee and Tea d) Rice and Wheat
- The costliest and most modern means of transport
 a) Air Transport b) Road Transport
 c) Water Transport d) Rail Transport
- Which is the highest literacy state in India as per Census of 2011?
 a) Tripura b) Tamilnadu c) Kerala d) Mizoram
- What is the name of the extreme southern most point of India?
- Which is known as “Black Gold”?
- What are the three paddy crop seasons in Cauvery River Delta region?
- What are the three types of Railway track Gauges?
- Which is the most populous state in India?

SECTION – B

Answer ALL Questions:

(5 × 7 = 35)

- a) Distinguish between Western Ghats and Eastern Ghats.
(OR)
 b) Write a note on the Eastern Coastal plains of India.
- a) Write a note on the Himalayan Rivers of India.
(OR)
 b) Explain the characteristic features of Monsoon winds of India.
- a) Explain the types of soils found in India.
(OR)
 b) Describe the need for the conservation of Forests in India.
- a) Describe the role of railways in Indian economy.
(OR)
 b) Narrate the development of Air Transport after independence.
- a) What are the factors influencing the population distribution?
(OR)
 b) Bring out the Government efforts of improving literacy rate in India

SECTION – C

Answer any THREE Questions:

(3 × 10 = 30)

- Explain the main physical divisions of India.
- Assess the nature of the peninsular rivers system.
- Discuss the current challenges in Indian agriculture.
- Examine the different types of roads in India.
- Describe the characteristic features of India’s population.





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VIVEKANANDA COLLEGE, TIRUVEDAKAM WEST

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B.A. History Degree (Semester) Examinations, April 2018

Part – III : Elective Subject : Sixth Semester : Paper – II

CONTEMPORARY WORLD (AD 1945 - 2000)

Under CBCS – Credit 5

Time: **3 Hours**

Max. Marks: **75**

SECTION – A

Answer ALL Questions:

(10 × 1 = 10)

- In which year the Truman Doctrine was announced
a) 1945 b) 1947 c) 1948 d) 1950
- The outbreak of the Korean War heed in _____.
a) 1951-53 b) 1952-54 c) 1950-53 d) 1950-52
- _____ was the first main crisis of the cold war.
a) Berlin Blockade b) Cuba missile
c) Chinese Civil war d) Korean war
- In 1993, a START II agreement between the _____.
a) Russia and Cuba b) USA and USSR
c) Eastern troupe and USA d) Vietnam and USSR
- The president of the African National Congress (AMC) party was _____.
a) Nelson Mandela b) Truman
c) Lcobacter d) Lenin
- Expand CTBT.
- What is meant by Pan-Arabism?
- What is the main aim of PLO?
- What is Hamas?
- Expand NPT.

SECTION – B

Answer ALL Questions:

(5 × 7 = 35)

- a) Highlight the cause for the outbreak of the Korean War?
(OR)
b) Bring out the effects of Vietnam war?
- a) Point out the reform introduced by Lcobacter.
(OR)
b) Write a note on disarmament under SALT.
- a) Mention the aim and objectives of NPT.
(OR)
b) What are the circumstances that led to CTBT.
- a) Bring out the importance of Belfour Declaration.
(OR)
b) Write a note on six day war.
- a) Highlight the significance of Oslo Accords.
(OR)
b) Write a note on Camp David Accords.

SECTION – C

Answer any THREE Questions:

(3 × 10 = 30)

- Elaborately discuss about Cold war.
- Discuss the role played by Martin Luther King for racial segregation and Discrimination through the ACRM.
- Assess the role of Nelson Mandela in ending Apartheid in South Africa.
- What are the circumstances that led to the formation of European Union?
- Explain the consequences of Norman's suffrage during contemporary world.



**02NE21****VIVEKANANDA COLLEGE, TIRUVEDAKAM WEST**

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B.A./B.Sc./B. Com. Degree (Semester) Examinations, April 2018

Part – IV : NME subject : Second Semester : Paper – I

CONSTITUTION OF INDIA

Under CBCS – Credit: 2

Time: **2 Hours**Max. Marks: **75****SECTION – A****Answer ALL Questions:****(10 × 1 = 10)**

- The Constituent Assembly was set up in
 - 1945
 - 1946
 - 1947
 - 1949
- Which Article of the Indian Constitution abolishes “Untouchability”?
 - Article 14
 - Article 15
 - Article 16
 - Article 17
- Who is the first citizen of India?
 - President
 - Deputy President
 - Prime Minister
 - Speaker
- The Election Commission is established under the Article
 - 355
 - 320
 - 256
 - 324
- How many languages are contained in the 7 schedule of the Indian constitution?
 - 12
 - 16
 - 18
 - 22

Give Short Answer:

- Which body framed the Constitution of Independent India?
- Which is the highest court of appeal in India?
- By Which Amendment were “Fundamental Duties” added to the constitution?
- When was our National Anthem first sung and where?
- Who is the present Chief Election Commissioner of Tamil Nadu?

SECTION – B**Answer ALL Questions:****(4 × 10 = 40)**

- Write a note on Constituent Assembly.

(OR)

- Give examples of the fundamental rights.

- Examine the executive powers of Indian President.

(OR)

- Explain the powers of the Speaker.

- What are the functions of the Rajya Sabha.

(OR)

- State the role of Governor as agent of centre.

- Define - Judicial Review.

(OR)

- Expose the powers of Election Commission.

SECTION – C**Answer any TWO Questions:****(2 × 12½ = 25)**

- Bring out the salient features of the Constitution of India.
- Analyse the establishment of Supreme Court and its powers.
- Describe the works of State Secretariat.



**02SB41****VIVEKANANDA COLLEGE, TIRUVEDAKAM WEST**

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B.A. History Degree (Semester) Examinations, April 2018

Part – IV : Skill based subject : Fourth Semester : Paper – I

ARCHIEVES KEEPING

Under CBCS – Credit: 2

Time: **2 Hours**Max. Marks: **75****SECTION – A****Answer ALL Questions:****(10 × 1 = 10)**

- The term “Archcion” belongs to
 - France
 - Greek
 - German
 - Latin
- Olainayagam was one who _____ records.
 - Prepared
 - Preserved
 - Scrutinised
 - Repaired
- The U.N.O created the International archives council in _____.
 - 1947
 - 1957
 - 1948
 - 1951
- “Diwan -i- Insha” was the in charge of _____.
 - royal correspondence
 - royal court
 - army
 - accounts department
- Papyrus plant was largely grown over
 - Nile Valley
 - Indus Valley
 - The Himalayas
 - Cauvery Delta

Give Short Answer:

- What do you mean by the term “Archives”?
- Who was “Lekhaha”?
- The book ‘Madras in Olden times’ was written by whom?
- Which is the biggest archival Institution in Asia?
- Name the Quarterly Journal published by Tamil Nadu Archives.

SECTION – B**Answer ALL Questions:****(4 × 10 = 40)**

- Point out the Nature and Types of archives.
(OR)
Write a short note on Archives Keeping in the Ancient Rome.
- Sketch the history of Archives keeping in Greece.
(OR)
Examine the history of Archives keeping in France.
- Explain briefly about “Archives keeping in Ancient India”.
(OR)
Write a note about A.F.Schotfield.
- What are called ‘Confidential Records’? Why?
(OR)
Write a short note on Tamil Nadu Archives.

SECTION – C**Answer any TWO Questions:****(2 × 12½ = 25)**

- Write an essay on “Creation of Archives”.
- Highlight the main and allied Functions of the Archives.
- Analyse the functions of the Indian historical Records Commission.



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B.A. History Degree (Semester) Examinations, April 2018

Part – IV : Skill based subject : Sixth Semester : Paper – I

EPIGRAPHY

Under CBCS – Credit: 2

Time: **2 Hours**Max. Marks: **75****SECTION – A****Answer ALL Questions:****(10 × 1 = 10)**

1. What is Epigraphy?
 - a) Study of History
 - b) Study of Inscriptions
 - c) Study of Coins
 - d) Study of Stamps
2. What is Pictograph?
 - a) Drawing – writing method
 - b) study of line drawing
 - c) study of drawing
 - d) cuneiform form of writing
3. The earliest attempt to decipher Brahmi script was made by
 - a) Fleet
 - b) Nagasamy
 - c) James Princep
 - d) None
4. Kharosti script was written from
 - a) Top to bottom
 - b) bottom to top
 - c) left to right
 - d) right to left
5. When Saka Era did begin?
 - a) 75 AD
 - b) 76 AD
 - c) 77 AD
 - d) 78 AD

Give Short Answer:

6. Which inscription describes the military achievements of Samudra Gupta?
7. Who inscribed Hathigumpha Inscription?
8. By whom the Aihole inscription was written?
9. Who issued Velvikkudi copper plates?
10. Which inscription mentions about Kudavolai system?

SECTION – B**Answer ALL Questions:****(4 × 10 = 40)**

11. a) Write a short note on Epigraphy.
(OR)
b) What are the types of Inscriptions?
12. a) Write a note on the contents of the Inscriptions.
(OR)
b) Give an account about George Bhuler.
13. a) Shortly explain the contributions of James Burgess.
(OR)
b) Give a short account on Kali Era.
14. a) Write a note on Asokan Inscriptions.
(OR)
b) Give an account about Velvikudi Copper Plates.

SECTION – C**Answer any TWO Questions:****(2 × 12½ = 25)**

15. Write an essay about the Tamil Brahmi Scripts and write its Alphabets.
16. Explain in detail about the Allahabad Pillar Inscription.
17. Discuss the features of Uttaramerur Inscriptions.





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Part – IV : Skill based subject : Sixth Semester : Paper – II

MUSEOLOGY

Under CBCS – Credit: 2

Time: **2 Hours**

Max. Marks: **75**

SECTION – A

Answer ALL Questions:

(10 × 1 = 10)

1. Which museum houses artifacts from the tomb of Tut-Ankh-Amun?
a) British Museum, London b) Egyptian Museum, Cairo
c) Hermitage Museum, Moscow d) Mummification Museum, Luxor
2. Where do you find the Rosetta Stone Inscription?
a) Hermitage Museum, Moscow b) Louvre Museum, Paris
c) Egyptian Museum, Cairo d) British Museum, London
3. Which museum owns the famous Mona Lisa painting?
a) Acropolis Museum, Athens b) Louvre Museum, Paris
c) Metropolitan Museum of Art, New York
d) British Museum, London
4. Where is the Qin-Shih-Huang's Terracotta Army Museum located?
a) Lintong, China b) Sakai, Japan
c) Noin-Ula, Mongolia d) Anak, North Korea
5. Which of the following museums in India exhibits an Egyptian Mummy?
a) National Museum, New Delhi b) Indian Museum, Kolkata
c) Government Museum, Chennai d) Nehru Science Centre, Mumbai

Give Short Answer:

6. Mention any one of the Art Galleries in India.
7. Mention any one of the Science Museums in India.
8. Mention any one of the Gandhi Memorial Museums in India.
9. Mention any one of the Railway Transport Museums in India.
10. Mention any one of the Archaeological Site Museums in India.

SECTION – B

Answer ALL Questions:

(4 × 10 = 40)

11. a) What is a Museum?

(OR)

b) Who are the Muses?

12. a) Classify Museums into various kinds.

(OR)

b) How do museums acquire their collection?

13. a) Explain Museum display.

(OR)

b) Describe the educational services of a Museum.

14. a) Describe a Mobile Museum.

(OR)

b) Describe a Natural History Museum.

SECTION – C

Answer any TWO Questions:

(2 × 12½ = 25)

15. Trace the history of Museum.

16. Write about four of the most popular museums in India.

17. Describe four of the most popular museums around the world.



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B.A. History Degree (Semester) Examinations, April 2018

Part – IV : Skill based subject : Sixth Semester : Paper – III

PHILATELY & NUMISMATICS

Under CBCS – Credit: 2

Time: **2 Hours**Max. Marks: **75****SECTION – A****Answer ALL Questions:****(10 × 1 = 10)**

- Who invented the postage stamp?
 - Henry Archer
 - Samuel Roberts
 - William Wyon
 - Sir Rowland Hill
- Who is considered as the first Stamp Collector?
 - Georges Herpin
 - Henry Archer
 - Heinrich Stephen
 - John Edward Gray
- Which among the following business firms is not associated with Philately?
 - Gibbons
 - Prince
 - Scott
 - Cook
- Who issued the world's first paper currency?
 - Chinese
 - Mongols
 - Koreans
 - Japanese
- Who issued the world's first polymer currency?
 - Austria
 - Australia
 - Andalusia
 - Azerbaijan

Give Short Answer:

- Expand UPU.
- Expand FDC.
- What do you mean by 'obverse' in numismatics?
- Which is the most expensive banknote in the world?
- Which is the most expensive postage stamp in the world?

SECTION – B**Answer ALL Questions:****(4 × 10 = 40)**

- a) Describe the anatomy of a postage stamp.

(OR)

- Describe the anatomy of a coin.

- a) Explain the various types of cancellation.

(OR)

- Explain the mint marks of Indian coin.

- a) Mention the philatelic accessories.

(OR)

- Mention the numismatic accessories.

- a) Describe the coins of the Sangam Tamil country.

(OR)

- Describe the coins of the Imperial Cholas.

SECTION – C**Answer any TWO Questions:****(2 × 12½ = 25)**

- Write an essay on the Ancient Indian Coinage.
- Explain the method of collecting Coins.
- Explain the method of collecting Stamps.

