


DEPARTMENT OF HISTORY				
	Course Code: 02AT01/02CT31	Programme:	B.A.	CIA: I Test
	Date: 28.09.2020	Course:	ECO/HIS	Semester: III
	Time: 2Hrs	Year:	II	Maximum: 50 Marks
	Course Title:	HISTORY OF INDIA (A.D. 1707 – 1858)		

SECTION –A: Answer all the Questions: Choose the correct answer: 10 X 1 = 10

- Who was the First European came to India ?
a) The French b) The English c) The Portuguese d) The Dutch
- In which year Constantinople was captured by the Turks/
(a) 1452 AD (b) 1553 AD (c) 1453 AD (d) 1353 AD
- Dyarchy was introduced in Bengal by
(a) Mir Jafar (b) Warren Hastings (c) Robert Clive (d) Wellesley
- When was the Battle of Plassey fought?
a) 1757 b) 1857 c) 1957 d) 1657
- Who was the first Governor-General of Bengal?
(a) Cornwallis (b) Warren Hastings (c) Robert Clive (d) Wellesley
- Name the real founder of Portuguese empire in India?
a) Almeida b) Albuquerque c) Vascoda Gama d) Zamorin
- Who was the Mughal Emperor at the time of the Buxar war?
a) Mir Kasim b) Shuja-ud-daulah c) Shah Alam II d) Nawab of Oudh
- Which treaty came to an end the First Carnatic war?
a) Paris b) Pandicherry c) Aix-la-Chapelle d) Madras
- When did Warren Hastings become the Governor of Bengal?
a) 1772 b) 1773 c) 1774 d) 1775
- Who introduced Subsidiary military alliance system in India?
(a) Warren Hastings (b) Cornwallis (c) Robert Clive (d) Wellesley

SECTION – B : Answer any FIVE of the following in very Short Answer 5 X 2 = 10

- How did the fall of Constantinople affect the European Traders?
- Give a short note on Bartholomeu Diaz.
- What do you know about Dupleix?
- Mention the causes for the battle of Buxar.
- Who was known as “The Hero of Arcot”?
- What do you know about the Thugs?
- Name the states that entered into subsidiary alliance.


SECTION – C Answer any THREE of the following in Short Answer 3 X 6 = 18

- What were the causes for the decline of the Portuguese power in India?
- Write an account on the Battle of Plassey.
- Give a note on the administration of Robert Clive.
- Explain Cornwallis Permanent Land Revenue Settlement.
- Critically describe the Subsidiary Alliance

SECTION – D Answer any ONE of the following in Large Answer 1 X 12 = 12

- Describe the causes for the success of the English in Carnatic wars.
- Explain the important Reforms of Warren Hastings.

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DEPARTMENT OF HISTORY				
	Course Code: 02AT31	Programme:	B.A.	CIA: I Test
	Date: 03.10.2020	Course:	HISTORY	Semester: III
	Time: 2Hrs	Year:	II	Maximum: 50 Marks
	Course Title:	MODERN GOVERNMENTS – I		

SECTION – A**Answer all the questions:****10 X 1 = 10**

- In which constitution the method of amendment is very difficult? **(CO-1)**
 - Written Constitution
 - Unwritten Constitution
 - Flexible Constitution
 - Rigid Constitution
- Which form of government has only one government? **(CO-1)**
 - Unitary
 - federal
 - presidential
 - parliamentary
- Which form of government is not suitable for big countries? **(CO-1)**
 - Parliament
 - presidential
 - federal
 - unitary
- In which form of government, the executive has no connection with the legislature? **(CO-1)**
 - Parliament
 - presidential
 - federal
 - unitary
- Which country is the best example for presidential form of government? **(CO-1)**
 - England
 - U.S.A.
 - India
 - France
- What was the charter made in 1215? **(CO-2)**
 - Magna carta
 - Queen's proclamation
 - Montage reforms
 - Mintomarly reforms
- Who is the nominal head in England? **(CO-2)**
 - Monarch
 - president
 - Prime minister
 - convention
- Who presides over the meetings of the Cabinet in England? **(CO-2)**
 - President
 - Prime Minister
 - speaker
 - opposition leader
- On whose advice the House of Commons may be dissolved by the monarch? **(CO-2)**
 - Home Minister
 - Prime Minister
 - Speaker
 - opposition leader
- Who can override the House of Lords? **(CO-2)**
 - Cabinet
 - parliament
 - House of Commons
 - legislature

SECTION – B**Answer any five of the following questions in very short form:****5 X 2 = 10**

- What is Constitution? **(CO-1)**
- What are the kinds of Governments? **(CO-1)**
- What is meant by Unitary? **(CO-1)**
- What is meant by Federation? **(CO-1)**

15. What are the Organs of a government? (CO-2)
16. What do you mean by Administrative Law? (CO-2)
17. What do you mean by Rule of Law? (CO-2)

SECTION – C

Answer any three of the following questions in a page each:

3 X 6 = 18

18. Explain the merits and demerits of Written Constitution. (CO-1)
19. Briefly explain the merits and demerits of Parliamentary form of government. (CO-1)
20. Explain the merits and demerits of Presidential form of government. (CO-1)
21. Explain how conventions constitute one of the chief characteristics of the British constitution. (CO-2)
22. Explain the statement that “the King can do no wrong” (CO-2)


SECTION – D

Answer any one of the following questions in Essay form:

1 X 12 = 12

23. Compare the concepts of Rule of Law and Administrative Law. (CO-1)
24. Describe the Salient features of the British Constitution. (CO-2)
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DEPARTMENT OF HISTORY				
	Course Code: 02CT11	Programme:	B.A.	CIA: I Test
	Date: 28.09.2020	Course:	HISTORY	Semester: I
	Time: 2Hrs	Year:	I	Maximum: 50 Marks
	Course Title:	HISTORY OF INDIA UPTO 900AD		

Section-A**10 x 1=10**

Answer the Multiple Choice Questions

- Which is the earliest literary sources to know the history of Ancient India? (CO1)
a) The Vedas b) The Gita c) Sutras d) The Epics
- The art of Agriculture and fire came in to existence during (CO1)
a) Neolithic Age b) Mesolithic Age c) Iron Age d) Paleolithic
- What is the meaning of the term "Paleolithic Age"? (CO1)
a) New Stone Age b) Old stone age c) Metal Age d) Medieval age
- The majority of Harappan inscriptions are found on _____ (CO2)
a) Stone seals b) Pottery c) Seal impression on clay d) copper tablets.
- The first excavation in the Indus Valley at Mohenjodara was carried out in _____ (CO2)
a) 1902 A.D b) 1912 AD c) 1922 AD d) 1932 AD
- Where is the great granary discovered in the excavation of the Indus Valley Sites situated? (CO2)
a) Lothal b) Kalibangan c) Harappa d) Mohanjodaro
- Rig Veda contains _____ mantras (CO2)
a) 1020 b) 1021 c) 1026 d) 1028
- The Aryans came to India as _____ (CO2)
a) Invaders b) Immigrants c) Refugees d) Merchants
- The most common crime mentioned in the Rigveda was _____ (CO2)
a) Murder b) Kidnapping c) Cattle-lifting d) Stealing gold
- Who was Gramini? (CO2)
a) Head of the Panchayat b) Head of the family c) Head of the village d) None of the three.

Section-B**5 x 2 = 10**

Answer any Five of the following in very short answer

- Write the names of Tripitaka. (CO1)
- Write the names of four Upa Vedas. (CO1)
- Name the important Indus sites located in Pakistan. (CO2)
- Mention two points of differences between the Vedic civilization and Indus valley civilization (CO2)
- What is the meaning of the term "Numismatics"? (CO1)
- List out the literary works of Kalidasa (CO1)
- In which places of India, the relics of Neolithic ages are found. (CO1)

Section-C**3 x 6 = 18**

Answer any Three of the following in Short Answer


- Explain briefly about Neolithic cultural life of pre historic india (CO1)
- Given account on Epigraphic sources for the study of ancient India (CO1)
- Write a short note on Vedic Literature (CO1)
- State the main features of city planning of Harappa (CO2)
- Describe the social conditions of the early Vedic period (CO2)

Section-D**1 x 12 = 12**

Answer any one of the following in very long answer

- Assess the importance of Literary and Archaeological sources for the reconstruction of ancient Indian history. (CO1)
- Explain the Socio Economic religious and political conditions of the early Vedic period (CO2)

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DEPARTMENT OF HISTORY				
	Course Code: 02CT12	Programme:	B.A.	CIA: I Test
	Date: 03.10.2020	Course:	HISTORY	Semester: I
	Time: 2Hrs	Year:	I	Maximum: 50 Marks
	Course Title:	HISTORY OF TAMIL NADU UP TO A.D. 1526		

SECTION – A**Answer all the questions:****10 X 1 = 10**

- Who wrote Mattavilasaprahasanam? **(CO – 1)**
 - Narasimhavarman I
 - Nandhivarman I
 - Mahendravarman I
 - Simhavishnu
- Where did the Roman pottery and gold coins unearthed? **(CO-1)**
 - Karur
 - Mangudi
 - Mangulam
 - Arikkamedu
- Which is the earliest inscription describing SangamTamilaham? **(CO-1)**
 - Hathigumpa Inscription
 - Asoka's Rock Edicts II & XIII
 - Mangulam Inscription
 - Utramerur Inscription
- Which book mentions about the existence of Three Sangams? **(CO-1)**
 - Iraiyanar'sAgapporul
 - Tolkappiyam
 - The Ramayana
 - Silappathikaram
- Where did the First Sangam held? **(CO-1)**
 - North Madurai
 - Kapadapuram
 - South Madurai
 - Kanyakumari
- Who assumed the title Kuttuvan? **(CO-2)**
 - Pandyas
 - Cholas
 - Cheras
 - Pallavas
- Who assumed the title Killi? **(CO-2)**
 - Pandyas
 - Cholas
 - Cheras
 - Pallavas
- Who constructed Kalanai across the River Kaveri? **(CO-2)**
 - ManunithiChola
 - KarikalaChola
 - Nedumkilli
 - Killivalavan
- Who donated Velvikkudi village to a Brahmin called Korkai Kilan? **(CO-2)**
 - VerriverCheliyan
 - AryappadaikadandaNedunjelliyan
 - Ugrapperuvaluthi
 - PalyagasalaiMudukudumiPeruvaluthi
- Which Pandya king ordered for the execution of Kovalan? **(CO-2)**
 - VerriverCheliyan
 - AryappadaikadandaNedunjelliyan
 - Ugrapperuvaluthi
 - PalyagasalaiMudukudumiPeruvaluthi

SECTION – B**Answer any five of the following questions in very short form:****5 X 2 = 10**

- What is Sangam? **(CO-1)**
- List out the Sangam Literature. **(CO-1)**
- What were the titles assumed by the Cheras of the Sangam Age? **(CO-1)**

14. List the Seven Minor Chieftains of the Sangam Age. (CO-1)
15. What are the literary sources available to know the history of the Kalabhras? (CO-2)
16. What are the literary sources available to know the history of the Kalabhras? (CO-2)
17. What were the copperplates issued by the rulers of the First Pandyan Empire? (CO-2)

SECTION – C

Answer any three of the following questions in a page each:

3 X 6 = 18


18. Write a short note on Three Sangams of ancient Tamil Country. (CO-1)
19. Write a note on Kadalpirakkottiya Senguttuvan. (CO-1)
20. Give an account on Adigaiman of Tagadur. (CO-1)
21. Write a short note about Arikesari Parankusa (Kunpandya). (CO-2)
22. Shortly explain about Varaguna II. (CO-2)

SECTION – D

Answer any one of the following questions in Essay form:

1 X 12 = 12

23. Discuss the Literary Sources available for the study of the History of Sangam Age. (CO-1)
24. Write an essay about the Topographical Division of the Sangam Age. (CO-2)
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DEPARTMENT OF HISTORY				
	Course Code: 02AT01/02CT31	Programme:	B.A.	CIA: I Test
	Date: 28.09.2020	Course:	ECO/HIS	Semester: III
	Time: 2Hrs	Year:	II	Maximum: 50 Marks
	Course Title:	HISTORY OF INDIA (A.D. 1707 – 1858)		

SECTION –A: Answer all the Questions: Choose the correct answer: 10 X 1 = 10

- Who was the First European came to India ?
a) The French b) The English c) The Portuguese d) The Dutch
- In which year Constantinople was captured by the Turks/
(a) 1452 AD (b) 1553 AD (c) 1453 AD (d) 1353 AD
- Dyarchy was introduced in Bengal by
(a) Mir Jafar (b) Warren Hastings (c) Robert Clive (d) Wellesley
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a) 1757 b) 1857 c) 1957 d) 1657
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a) Mir Kasim b) Shuja-ud-daulah c) Shah Alam II d) Nawab of Oudh
- Which treaty came to an end the First Carnatic war?
a) Paris b) Pandicherry c) Aix-la-Chapelle d) Madras
- When did Warren Hastings become the Governor of Bengal?
a) 1772 b) 1773 c) 1774 d) 1775
- Who introduced Subsidiary military alliance system in India?
(a) Warren Hastings (b) Cornwallis (c) Robert Clive (d) Wellesley

SECTION – B : Answer any FIVE of the following in very Short Answer 5 X 2 = 10


- How did the fall of Constantinople affect the European Traders?
- Give a short note on Bartholomeu Diaz.
- What do you know about Dupleix?
- Mention the causes for the battle of Buxar.
- Who was known as “The Hero of Arcot”?
- What do you know about the Thugs?
- Name the states that entered into subsidiary alliance.

SECTION – C Answer any THREE of the following in Short Answer 3 X 6 = 18

- What were the causes for the decline of the Portuguese power in India?
- Write an account on the Battle of Plassey.
- Give a note on the administration of Robert Clive.
- Explain Cornwallis Permanent Land Revenue Settlement.
- Critically describe the Subsidiary Alliance

SECTION – D Answer any ONE of the following in Large Answer 1 X 12 = 12

- Describe the causes for the success of the English in Carnatic wars.
- Explain the important Reforms of Warren Hastings.

DEPARTMENT OF HISTORY				
	Course Code: 02CT32	Programme:	B.A.	CIA: I Test
	Date: 01.10.2020	Course:	HISTORY	Semester: III
	Time: 2Hrs	Year:	II	Maximum: 50 Marks
	Course Title:	HISTORY OF EUROPE (A.D. 1453 – 1789)		

SECTION –A Answer all the Questions: Choose the correct answer: 10 X 1 = 10

- In which year Vasco-da-gama reached Calicut?
a) 1498 AD b) 1497 AD c) 1496 AD d) 1499 AD
- Who named Cape of Good Hope?
(a) Columbus (b) Megallen (c) Vasco-da-gama (d) Bartholomew Diaz
- Who was called as the Morning star of Reformation?
(a) Martin Luther (b) John Wycliff (c) John Calvin (d) Ignatius Loyola
- What is the meaning of “Renaissance”?
(a) Rebirth (b) Knowledge (c) Sprit (d) Discover
- The first person to circumnavigate the earth -----
a) Marco polo b) Vasco-da-gama c) Columbus d) Megallen
- In which year Constantinople was captured by the Turks?
a) 1452 A D b) 1553 AD c) 1453 AD d) 1353 AD
- Where was Reformation first started?
a) Italy b) Germany c) England d) Austria
- Who was the founder of the Sociaty of Jesus?
(a) Martin Luther (b) Charles-V (c) John Calvin (d) Ignatius Loyola
- Zwingli belonged to -----
a) Norway (b) Sweden (c) Switzerland (d) Spain
- Raphael was famous for his paintings of -----
a) Last Judgement (b) Mona Lisa (c) Last Supper (d) Madonnas

SECTION – B : Answer any FIVE of the following in very Short Answer 5 X 2 = 10

- Why did Renaissance start in Italy?
- Define – Renaissance.
- What is meant by the term Reformation?
- Write a note on Leonardo-da-vinci.
- Mention about the geographical discoveries during the Renaissance period.
- Who was the originator of Humanism?.
- Who was Christopher Columbus?


SECTION – C Answer any THREE of the following in Short Answer 3 X 6 = 18

- Give an account on Henry the Navigator
- What were the results of the Renaissance?
- Point out the Renaissance in Art and Architecture.
- Write a briefly about Martin Luther.
- Explain the works of the Society of Jesus.

SECTION – D Answer any ONE of the following in Large Answer 1 X 12 = 12

- Explain the situation which led to the birth of Renaissance in Europe?
- Examine the factors for the Geographical discoveries.

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DEPARTMENT OF HISTORY				
	Course Code: 02CT51	Programme:	B.A.	CIA: I Test
	Date: 28.09.2020	Course:	HISTORY	Semester: V
	Time: 2Hrs	Year:	III	Maximum: 50 Marks
	Course Title:	HISTORY OF INDIA [1950-2000 AD]		

Section-A**10 x 1 = 10****Choose the Correct Answer**

- When was Dadra, Nagar Haveli and Goa incorporated to Indian union? (CO1)
A] 1964 AD B] 1965 AD C] 1966 AD D] 1961 AD
- When did the Indian Independence Act was passed in the British Parliament? (CO1)
A] 18th July 1947 B] 4th July 1948 C] 4th July 1947 D] 15th august 1947
- Who is the chairman of the National Development Council? (CO2)
A] P.M B] President C] V.P D] Human Resource Minister
- Which was the first state formed on; linguistic basis in 1953? (CO1)
A] A.P B] Rajasthan C] Karnataka D] TN
- When did Sikkim become the 22nd state under the Indian union? (CO1)
a) 1975 b) 1972 c) 1973 d) 1976
- When was Goa become the 25th state of India? (CO1)
a) 30th May 1987 b) 30th May 1985 c) 15th April 1985 d) 15th April 1990
- Which of the following was first priority of the First Five year plan? (CO2)
a) Agriculture, power resources
b) Agriculture, power resources and transport
c) Industry and transport
d) Agriculture and irrigation
- Who gave content to the concept of socialist pattern of society or Mixed economy? (CO2)
a) Jawaharlal Nehru b) Mahatma Gandhi c) Mahalanobi d) Indira Gandhi
- When did Untouchability was declared illegal by an Act? (CO2)
A] 1952 AD B] 1953 AD C] 1954 AD D] 1955AD
- Which of the following Indian leaders endeavourer to establish cordial relation with China, but failed? (CO2)
A] Pt.J.Nehru B] Mrs. Indira Gandhi C] V.P. Singh D] Deva Gowda

Section-B**10 x 1 = 10****Answer any five of the following in very short answer**


- Name the leaders who become crismtural for the integration of princelt states with Indian union (CO1)
- Who was the Maharaja of Kashmir, when accession of Kashmir with Indian Union? When was formally acceded Kashmir to India? (CO1)
- Which was the first state framed on the basis of Linguish? When of was formed? (CO1)
- Who was the ex-office Chairman of the planning commission? When did the Planning Commission established? (CO2)
- Who were the members of the States Reorganisation Commission? (CO1)
- What was the important objectives of the first five year plan?
- Who laid the foundation for Indian Nuclear Energy Programme? When was Atomic Energy Act passed?

Section-C**(3 x 6 = 18)****Answer Any three of the following in Short answer**

- Write a Short Note on Accession of Travancore state with Indian Union? (CO1)
- Given on account on Accession of Kashmir with Indian Union? (CO1)
- Explain briefly about the States reorganization commission and its recommendations. (CO1)
- Assess the role of Jawaharlal Nehru for the development of Education in India ((CO2)
- Describe the objectives and Achievements of Second five year plan (CO2)

Section-D**1 x 12 = 12****Answer any one of the following in very long answer**

- Write on Essay on the Linguistic Reorganisation of Indian States and its effects (CO1)
- “Jawaharlal Nehru was the Architect of Modern India” Elucidate. (CO2)

DEPARTMENT OF HISTORY				
	Course Code: 02CT52	Programme:	B.A.	CIA: I Test
	Date: 05.10.2020	Course:	HISTORY	Semester: V
	Time: 2Hrs	Year:	III	Maximum: 50 Marks
	Course Title:	HISTORY OF MODERN EUROPE (A.D. 1914 – 1945)		

SECTION –A: Answer all the Questions: Choose the correct answer: 10 X 1 = 10

- During the First World War Who was the ruler of Germany?
a) Kaisar William II b) Bismarck c) Woodrow Wilson d) Hitler
- The treaty of Versailles was signed on
(a) 18th January 1919 (b) 28th June 1919
(c) 1st December 1919 (d) 11th November 1919
- The headquarters of the League of Nations was situated at
(a) New York (b) Versailles (c) Paris (d) Geneva
- The “Sick Man of Europe” was _____
(a) Italy (b) Germany (c) Turkey (d) Japan
- How many judges were there in the international Court of justice?
a) 10 judges b) 15 judges c) 20 judges d) 25 judges
- The countries which were on the side of Britain were called as----
a) Central powers b) Allies c) Axis powers d) Super powers
- When was the Paris Peace Conference held?
a) 1919 b) 1920 c) 1918 d) 1921
- Who pronounced the famous Fourteen Points?
a) Woodrow Wilsion b) Rooswelt c) Hitler d) William II
- The famous American merchant ship sunk by Germany-----
a) Luftwaffe b) Royal c) Lusitania d) Berlin
- In Russia the Czarist government was overthrown by
a) Lenin b) Karl Marx c) Martov d) Stalin

SECTION – B : Answer any FIVE of the following in very Short Answer 5 X 2 = 10

- Give the duration of the First World War.
- Who were called the Allies?
- What are the Organs of League of Nations?
- Mention any two terms of the Treaty of Versailles..
- What were the two opposing groups that led to the First World war?
- Who were Mensheviks?
- What was a “Duma”?


SECTION – C Answer any THREE of the following in Short Answer 3 X 6 = 18

- Paris Peace Conference
- Wilsons Fourteen Points
- Aims of the League of Nations.
- Give an account of the Boleshevik Revolution of 1917.
- Reforms of Mustafa Kamal Pasha

SECTION – D Answer any ONE of the following in Large Answer 1 X 12 = 12

- Explain the causes and results of the First World War.
- Describe the causes of the Russian Revolution of 1917

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DEPARTMENT OF HISTORY				
	Course Code: 02CT53	Programme:	B.A.	CIA: I Test
	Date: 30.09.2020	Course:	HISTORY	Semester: V
	Time: 2Hrs	Year:	III	Maximum: 50 Marks
	Course Title:	HISTORY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY-I		

SECTION – A: Multiple Choice Questions**Answer ALL questions****(10 x 1 =10)**

- Who defined man as a tool making animal? (CO1)
a) Benjamin Franklin b) Michael Faraday c) Thomas Alva Edison d) Henry Ford
- When did man start making tools? (CO1)
a) Paleolithic Age b) Mesolithic Age c) Neolithic Age d) Chalcolithic Age
- When did man discover the uses of fire? (CO1)
a) Paleolithic Age b) Neolithic Age c) Chalcolithic Age d) Iron Age
- Which of the following was hailed as Neolithic Revolution? (CO1)
a) Discovery of Fire c) Invention of Agriculture
b) Discovery of Metal d) Invention of Writing
- Which of the following provided constant food supply to humans? (CO1)
a) Hunting b) Fishing c) Cultivation d) Agriculture
- Which event transformed humans from leading a nomadic to a settled life?
a) Discovery of fire c) Invention of wheel (CO1)
b) Discovery of metal d) Invention of Agriculture
- Which of the following is referred to as the cradle of civilization? (CO1)
a) Caves b) Forests c) Riverbanks d) Sea coasts
- When did man harness animal power? (CO1)
a) Paleolithic age b) Mesolithic age c) Neolithic age d) Chalcolithic age
- When did man build sailboats? (CO1)
a) Paleolithic age b) Megalithic age c) Neolithic age d) Chalcolithic age
- What was the first metal discovered by man? (CO2)
a) Copper b) Tin c) Gold d) Iron

SECTION – B: Very Short Answer**Answer any FIVE questions****(5 x 2 =10)**

- Define the term Science. (CO1)
- Define Technology. (CO1)
- What do you mean by 'Paleolithic age'? (CO1)
- What do you mean by 'Neolithic age'? (CO1)

15. What do you mean by prehistory? (CO1)
16. Identify the Lebombo and Ishango bones. (CO1)
17. List out the major Neolithic inventions. (CO1)

SECTION - C: Short Answer

Answer any THREE questions

(3 x 6 =18)

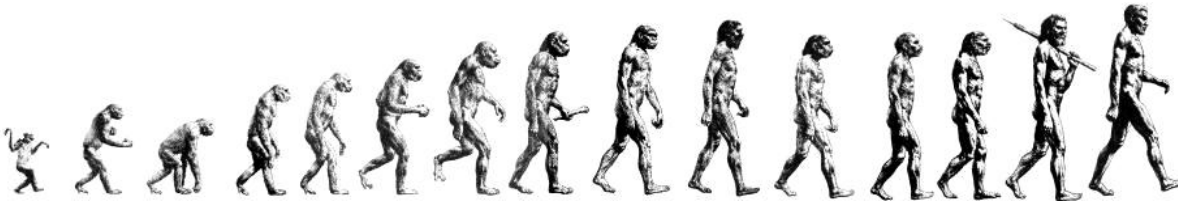
18. Trace the origin and growth of Science. (CO1)
19. Describe the condition of man before and after the discovery of fire. (CO1)
20. Give a brief account on Trepanning. (CO1)
21. How did Mathematics appear in the minds of prehistoric human minds? (CO1)
22. Write about the invention of writing. (CO2)

SECTION – D: Long Answer


Answer any ONE question

(1 x 12 =12)

23. Explain Stone Tool making and its effect on the history of mankind. (CO1)
24. Describe the impact of Agriculture on Pre-historic humans. (CO1)



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DEPARTMENT OF HISTORY				
	Course Code: 02CT54	Programme:	B.A.	CIA: I Test
	Date: 29.09.2020	Course:	HISTORY	Semester: V
	Time: 2Hrs	Year:	III	Maximum: 50 Marks
	Course Title:	PRINCIPLES OF TOURISM		

SECTION – A: Multiple Choice Questions

Answer ALL questions

(10 x 1 =10)

- Who were the first pleasure travellers of the world? (CO1)
a) Phoenicians b) Romans c) French d) Americans
- Whose travel account was titled 'A record of Buddhist kingdoms'? (CO1)
a) Fa-Hien b) It-Sing c) Hiuen Tsang d) Sung Yun
- Name the travel account of Hiuen Tsang. (CO1)
a) Si Yu Ki b) Tui Bhi Tu c) Liang Shu d) Shiji
- Name the Moroccan traveller who visited India and wrote the 'Rehla' or 'Travels'? (CO1)
a) Abdur Razzaq b) Al-Beruni c) Ibn Battuta d) Abul Fazl
- Name the Chinese Emperor whose royal court did Marco Polo visit? (CO1)
a) Genghis Khan b) Ogedei Khan c) Mongke Khan d) Kublai Khan
- Which of the following transport helped in the evolution of Mass Tourism? (CO1)
a) Automobile b) Railways c) Steam Ship d) Airplane
- In which year was the Holiday with Pay Act passed in the UK? (CO1)
a) 1858 b) 1892 c) 1900 d) 1938
- When was the Sargent Committee formed to explore the tourism potential of India? (CO1)
a) 1902 b) 1915 c) 1938 d) 1945
- Who was the first Space Tourist? (CO1)
a) Yuri Gagarin b) Alan Sheppard c) Dennis Tito d) Anousheh Ansari
- When a resident of a country travels to another country, it is called (CO1)
a) Outbound Tourism b) International Tourism c) Internal Tourism d) National Tourism

SECTION – B: Very Short Answer

Answer any FIVE questions

(5 x 2 =10)

- What is Travel? (CO1)
- What is Pilgrimage? (CO1)
- What do you mean by Inbound Tourism? (CO1)
- What do you mean by Outbound Tourism? (CO1)
- Distinguish the terms - Voyage and Cruise. (CO1)

16. What is the difference between Hiking and Trekking? (CO1)
17. Make a distinction between the words - Outing and Picnic. (CO1)

SECTION - C: Short Answer

Answer any THREE questions

(3 x 6 =18)

18. Describe the features of Tour. (CO1)
19. Give a brief account on Marco Polo. (CO1)
20. Write a short note on Ibn Battuta. (CO1)
21. Define Domestic and International Tourism. (CO1)
22. Explain Dark and Disaster Tourism. (CO1)

SECTION – D: Long Answer


Answer any ONE question

(1 x 12 =12)

23. Narrate the history of Travel and Tour through the ages. (CO1)
24. Give a detailed account on the Chinese Pilgrims who visited Ancient India. (CO1)



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DEPARTMENT OF HISTORY				
	Course Code: 02EP51	Programme:	B.A.	CIA: I Test
	Date: 01.10.2020	Course:	HISTORY	Semester: V
	Time: 2Hrs	Year:	III	Maximum: 50 Marks
	Course Title:	CULTURAL HERITAGE & ECO TOURISM		

SECTION – A: Multiple Choice Questions**Answer ALL questions****(10 x 1 =10)**

- In which year was the Incredible India Campaign started? (CO1)
a) 1996 b) 2000 c) 2002 d) 2006
- Atithi Devo Bhava is an expression taken from (CO1)
a) Mandukya Upanishad b) Taittiriya Upanishad c) Bhagavad Gita d) Hamsa Gita
- Where do you find the Shiva lingam formed of ice? (CO2)
a) Amarnath b) Kedarnath c) Somnath d) Badrinath
- Where one can see the concentration of 863 Jain temples atop a hill in India? (CO2)
a) Mt. Abu, Rajasthan c) Shravanabelagola, Karnataka
b) Kalugumalai, Tamil Nadu d) Shatrunjaya Hill, Palitana, Gujarat
- Where do you find the pipal tree under which Buddha attained enlightenment? (CO2)
a) Sanchi b) Saranath c) Bodh Gaya d) Lumbini
- Where in India is the Tower of Silence, where Parsis used to leave their dead for vultures? (CO2)
a) Kerman b) Mumbai c) Tehran d) Yazd
- Where do you find the only Jewish synagogue in India? (CO2)
a) Kannur b) Cochin c) Goa d) Mumbai
- Name the Goan church where the mortal remains of St. Francis Xavier is kept? (CO2)
a) Bom Jesus b) Se Cathedral c) Church of St. Augustine d) Church of St. Monica
- Where is the Harmandir Sahib or the Golden Temple of the Sikhs located? (CO2)
a) Amritsar b) Chandigarh c) Ludhiana d) Patiala
- Where is the Lotus Temple, a Bahai House of Worship, located in India? (CO2)
a) Bihar Sharif b) Chandigarh c) New Delhi d) Jaipur

SECTION – B: Very Short Answer**Answer any FIVE questions****(5 x 2 =10)**

- What is Cultural Tourism? (CO1)
- What is Eco Tourism? (CO1)
- What do you mean by Pilgrimage? (CO1)
- Identify the Dhams or Border shrines of Hinduism. (CO2)

15. Mention the four places where Kumba Mela is celebrated. (CO2)
16. Name the rivers that meet at the confluence of Triveni Sangam in Allahabad. (CO2)
17. What makes the Hazratbal mosque the holiest shrine for Muslims in India? (CO2)

SECTION - C: Short Answer

Answer any THREE questions

(3 x 6 =18)

18. Give a brief account on the Incredible India Campaign. (CO1)
19. Write a short note on the Athiti Devo Bhava Campaign. (CO1)
20. List out the Tourism festivals staged to attract foreign tourists to India. (CO2)
21. Mention the Jyotirlinga Shrines located in various states of India. (CO2)
22. Give an account of the Buddhist Pilgrim centres located in India. (CO2)

SECTION – D: Long Answer

Answer any ONE question


(1 x 12 =12)

23. 'India is a land for all seasons and all reasons' - Explain. (CO1)
24. Describe the most popular among the Hindu festivals celebrated in India. (CO2)



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	DEPARTMENT OF HISTORY			
	Course Code: 02SB31	Programme:	B.A.	CIA: I Test
	Date: 07.10.2020	Course:	HISTORY	Semester: III
	Time: 2Hrs	Year:	II	Maximum: 50 Marks
	Course Title:	Temple Architecture in Tamil Nadu		

SECTION –“ A” 10x1=10Answer all the questionsChoose the correct answer

- During the Sangam period, the temples are called as ____
(a) Kottam (b) Chaityas (c) Viharas (d) Pallipadai (CO1)
- In 2005, a brick temple dating to the late Sangam period was discovered near ____
(a) Saluvan Kuppam (b) Kalugumalai (c) Arittapatty (d) Mangulam (CO1)
- The “Kadampa” tree is said to be the abode of
(a) Murugan (b) Shiva (c) Vishnu (d) Ganapathy (CO1)
- Which is the earliest Rock cut cave temple built by first Pandiyas?
(a) Pillaiyar Patti cave temple (b) Tirukolakkudi Cave temple
(c) Malaiyadikurichi cave temple (d) Tirupparan Kundram Cave Temple (CO2)
- Who built Anaimalai Narasimha Cave Temple?
(a) Maran Kari and Maran Eginan (b) Sattan Ganapathy and his wife Nakkan Kori
(c) Srimaran Srivallabha (d) Mahendra Varman I (CO2)

SECTION ‘B’**(2 X 2 = 4 marks)**Answer any two of the following in very short answers


- Mention any two text (Manai nool) which describe the temple Architecture and its Technique. (CO1)
- Where the Megalithic monuments were are located in Tamil Nadu. (CO2)
- Mention any two characteristic elements of Panidya cave temples. (CO2)
- Name any four cave Temples built by Mahendravarman I. (CO2)

SECTION ‘C’Answer any one of the following in short form:**(1 X 6 = 6 marks)**

- Explain briefly about the salient features of Tirupparankundram Cave Temple.(CO2)
- Write a short note on “Hero Stone”(CO1)

SECTION ‘D’**(1 X 10 = 10 marks)**Answer any one of the following in very long answer:

- Assess the contribution of first Pandiyas to the development of cave temples in “Tamil Nadu.(CO2)
- Estimate the role of Mahendravarman I to the development of Temple Architecture in Tamil Nadu.(CO2)

	Course Code: 02SB51	Programme:	B.A.	CIA: I Test
	Date: 06.10.2020	Course:	HISTORY	Semester: V
	Time: 2Hrs	Year:	III	Maximum: 25 Marks
	Course Title:	FUNDAMENTALS OF COMPUTER		

SECTION – A**Answer all the Questions:****5 X 1 = 5****Choose the correct answer:**

- The word Computer is derived from (CO-1)
a) Latin b) German c) French d) Arabic
- Who is the Father of Computer? (CO-1)
a) Allen Turing b) Charles Babbage c) Simur Cray d) Augusta Adaming
- Who is the Father of Personal Computer (PC)? (CO-1)
a) Edward Robert b) Allen Turing c) Charles Babbage d) Simur Cray
- CAD stands for (CO-1)
a) Computer Aided Design b) Computer Algorithm for Design
c) Computer Application in Design d) Computer Analogue Design
- You organize files by shorting them in (CO-1)
a) Archives b) Folder c) Indexes d) List

SECTION – B**Answer any two of the following questions in very short form:****2 X 2 = 4**

- What is Computer? (CO-1)
- List the input devices of a Computer. (CO-1)
- Name the output devices of a Computer. (CO-1)
- List any four Operating System (OS). (CO-1)

SECTION – C**Answer any one of the following questions in a page:****1 X 6 = 6**

- What are the Features of Computer? (CO-1)
- Write a short note on the Storage Devices? (CO-1)

SECTION – D**Answer any one of the following questions in Essay form:****1 X 10 = 10**

- Write an essay about the uses of Computer. (CO-1)
- Discuss various types of Computer. (CO-1)
